

**2016/1/7 Thursday** 

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### 1. LITERATURE REVIEW

Critical Incident Analysis

• Users' experience based their own words(Flanagan, 1954).

**Text Mining** 

• Find implicit information from large dataset.

Clustering

 Grouping the related or similar data into sets.

## 2. METHODOLOGY

#### **Critical Incident Analysis**

- Collect users' comments from recipe website, BBC Good Food (using their ranking to distinguish positive and negative attitudes)
- Find keywords based on (NTF- IDF)

#### **Text Mining**

Clustering based on K- means algorithm

### Build Recipe Positive/ Negative Experience Ontology

• Using clusters helps create ontology

## 2. METHODOLOGY



### **♦** Dataset

- 1. Source: Recipe website, BBC Good Food
- Collect 8,331 European Recipes
   (use random sample size= 200 recipes)
- 3. Two Partition: Dish & Others(Soup& Salad &Dessert)



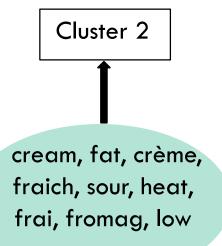
	Dish	Others
# of Recipes (Sample size)	108	92
# of Positive Dialogue	410	391
# of Negative Dialogue	49	32

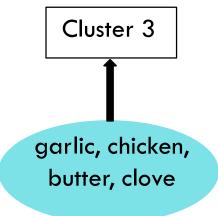


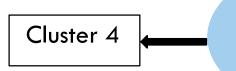
# 3. RESULTS (POSITIVE EXPERIENCE)



mushroom, easi, time,
delici, tasti, sauc, quick,
next, potato, beef,
flavor, rice, slice,
pepper, regular, mix,
pasta, chop, onion



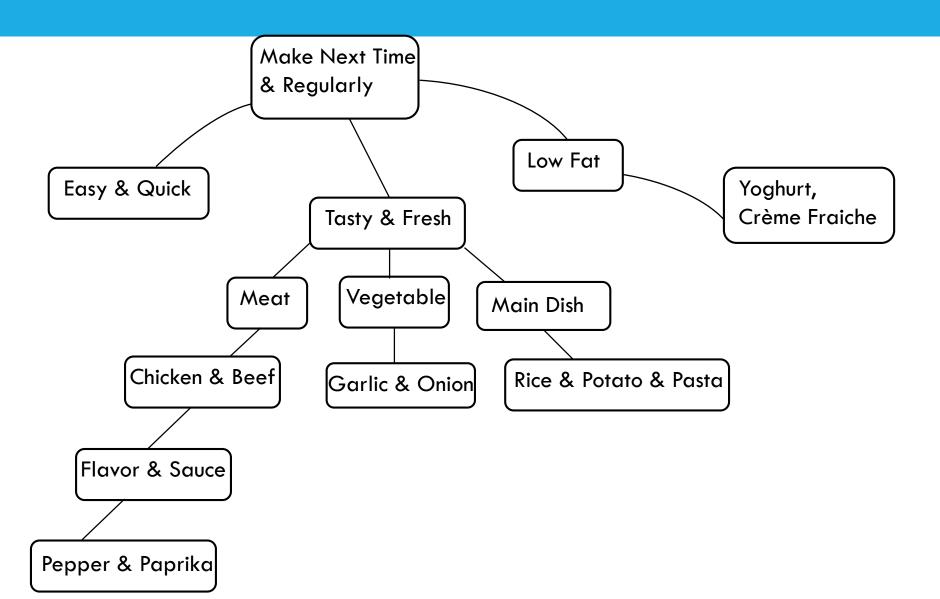




paprika, simpl, meat, extra, smoke, famili, steak, yummi, sausag, fresh, green, yoghurt, week, liquid, stroganoff, kid, dinner, tonight

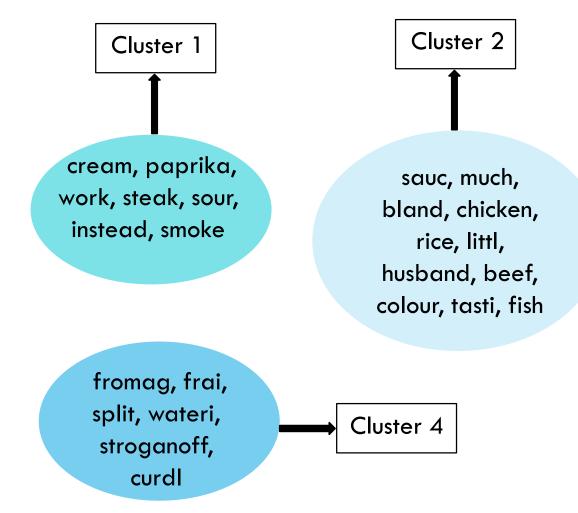
# 3. RESULTS (POSITIVE EXPERIENCE)

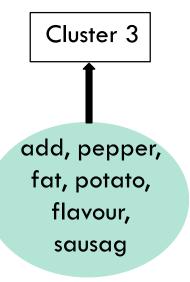




## 3. RESULTS (NEGATIVE EXPERIENCE)







# 3. RESULTS (NEGATIVE EXPERIENCE)

