

Faculty of Computers and Al Cairo University



Programming-1

Second Semester

Assignment 3

Submitted by:

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Submitted to:

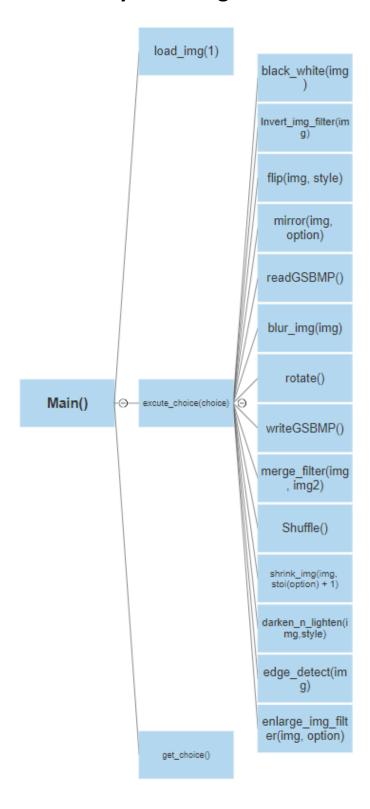
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System Diagram



Filter 1 Algorithm: Black and White Filter

Input image[SIZE][SIZE]

For pixel in image:

If image[i][j] >= 128:

Image[i][j] = 255

Else:

Image[i][j] = 0

Filter 2 Algorithm: Invert Filter

Input image[256][256]

For pixel in image:

Image [i] [j] = 255 - image [i] [j]

Filter 3 Algorithm: Merge Filter

takes two images as input (by referece)

every pixel in the new image must be the average of the corresponding pixel values of both of the two pictures

(its like making both of them 50% opacity)

Filter 4 Algorithm: Invert Filter

Input image[SIZE][SIZE]

Input style

```
If style == "horizontal":
    For row/2 in image:
        For column in image:
        temp = image[i][j]
        image[i][j] = image[255-i][j]
        image[255-i][j] = temp

else If style == "vertical":
    For row in image:
        temp = image[i][j]
        image[i][j] = image[i][j]
        image[i][j] = image[i][ 255-j]
        image[i][ 255-j] = temp
```

Filter 6 Algorithm: Darken_n_lighten Filter

takes a bool to determine darken or lighten as well as an image 2d array by reference

the ratio of value edit is 1.5 if the mode is lighten else ratio = 0.5

for every pixel in the image:

multiply the pixel value by the ratio and save it in new_value integer

if the new_value is larger than 255 (out of range) then make it equal to 255

(note: new_value will never be less than zero anyway)

pixel in image = new_value

```
Filter 7 Algorithm: Edge Detect Filter
```

Input image[SIZE][SIZE]

char new image[SIZE][SIZE]

int average = 0

For i < 256:

For j < 256:

new_image[i][j] = 255 //filling new image with white

average += imge[i][j]

average = average/(256*256) //calculating the average color

int value = average/4

For i < 255:

For j < 255:

If pixels around – image[i][j] > value

 $new_image[i][j] = 0$

For i < 256:

For j < 256:

Imge[i][j] = new_image[i][j] //coping into the original image

Filter 8 Algorithm: Enlarge Filter

Input image[256][256]

Input "the quarter the user want to Enlarge"

For pixel in image:

image [i] [j] = Image [(i/2)+ Num 1] [(j/2) + Num 2]

//value of Num1 and Num2 change according to the chosen quarter.

Filter 9 Algorithm: Shrink image Filter

take an integer deno to determine the shirnk coefficient deneumerator and a 2d array representation of the img (by reference)

create a new imge by the same size

for every pixel in the original image:

copy pixel to the new photo with a proper index

skip pixels by a factor of deno

(that is because the shrinked img will have some of the pixels in the original img but will also skip some pixels to be able to reduce resolution)

copy every pixel in the small image to the corresponding pixel in the original image

if the pixel is out of reach in the small image then make the corresponding pixel in the original image white.

```
Filter a Algorithm: Mirror Filter
Input image[SIZE][SIZE]
Input style
If style == "lower":
     For row/2 in image:
           For column in image:
              image[i][j] = image[255-i][j]
else If style == "upper":
     For row/2 in image:
           For column in image:
              image[255-i][j] = image[i][j]
else If style == "right":
     For row in image:
           For column/2 in image:
              image[i][j] = image[i][255-j]
```

else If style == "left":

For row in image:

For column/2 in image:

image[i][255-j] = image[i][j]

Filter c Algorithm: Blur Filter

based on the guassian blur method

make a copy of the image

loop over every pixel in the original photo:

add the value of the pixel itself as well as all surrounding 8 pixels in all directions (if possible) to the sum

the pixel value in the new image is equal to the sum divided by the number of pixels you have added to the sum (average of the 3*3 pixel grid with a center equal to the pixel in the original picture)

copy the new image to the old image to print it in the main menu (since we are working with arrays by reference)

Main Algorithm

while(choice of user doesn't equal 0):

ask user for input

validate user input

excute user choice

print a success message

find function:

takes a vector of strings and search about a target (Linear search since data is not sorted)

returns the index if the target was found

else: returns -1

getchoice function:

takes a vector of allowed strings (inputs) and keep asking user to enter a valid input from them

excute choice function:

according to the user choice, it excutes the filter wanted as well as sub-menus for the filters

load img function:

asks the user for a valid picture to load with defensive programming included

print a message to thank the user

exit program

GitHub commits

