

function_ref

(a non-owning reference to a **Callable**)

Bloomberg

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ACCU 2018

April 2018

C++ is getting *more functional*

- C++11 → *lambda expressions* and `std::function`
- C++14 → *generic lambdas*
- C++17 → `constexpr` *lambdas*

Lambda expressions are syntactic sugar for the definition of *anonymous closure types*

```
auto l = []{ std::cout << "hi!\n"; };
```



```
struct  
{  
    auto operator()() const  
    {  
        std::cout << "hi!\n";  
    }  
} l;
```

Even though they're just *syntactic sugar*, lambdas **changed the way we think about code**

```
const auto benchmark = [](auto f)
{
    const auto time = clock::now();
    f();
    return clock::now() - time;
};
```

```
const auto t = benchmark([
{
    some_algorithm(/* ... */);
}]);
```

```
synchronized<widget> sw;  
sw.access([](widget& w)  
{  
    w.foo();  
    w.bar();  
}));
```


- *Lambda expressions* make *higher-order functions* **viable** in C++
 - *E.g.* accepting a function as a parameter
 - *E.g.* returning a function from a function

What options do we have to implement *higher-order functions*?

Pointers to functions

```
int operation(int(*f)(int, int))  
{  
    return f(1, 2);  
}
```

- Works with *non-member functions* and *stateless closures*
- Doesn't work with *stateful* `Callable` objects
- Small run-time overhead (easily inlined in the same TU)
- Constrained, with obvious signature

Template parameters

```
template <typename T>
auto operation(F&& f) → decltype(std::forward<F>(f)(1, 2))
{
    return std::forward<F>(f)(1, 2);
}
```

- Works with *any* `FunctionObject` or `Callable` with `std::invoke`
- Zero-cost abstraction
- Hard to constrain
- Might degrade compilation time

std::function

```
int operation(const std::function<int(int, int)>& f)
{
    return f(1, 2);
}
```

- Works with *any* `FunctionObject` or `Callable`
- Significant run-time overhead (hard to inline/optimize)
- Constrained, with obvious signature
- Unclear semantics: can be both *owning* or *non-owning*

function_ref

```
int operation(function_ref<int(int, int)> f)
{
    return f(1, 2);
}
```

- Works with *any* `FunctionObject` or `Callable`
- Small run-time overhead (easily inlined in the same TU)
- Constrained, with obvious signature
- Clear *non-owning* semantics
- Lightweight - think of "`string_view` for `Callable` objects"

I proposed **function_ref** to LEWG (**P0792**)

- <https://wg21.link/p0792>

It was sent to LWG without opposition in Jacksonville

- Yay



How does it work?

"Match" a signature through template specialization:

```
template <typename Signature>
class function_ref;

template <typename Return, typename ... Args>
class function_ref<Return(Args ... )>
{
    // ...
}
```

Store *pointer to* `Callable` object and *pointer to erased function*:

```
template <typename Return, typename ... Args>
class function_ref<Return(Args ... )>
{
private:
    void* _ptr;
    Return (*_erased_fn)(void*, Args ... );

public:
    // ...
};
```

On construction, set the pointers:

```
template <typename F>
function_ref(F&& f) noexcept : _ptr{&f}
{
    _erased_fn = [](void* ptr, Args ... xs) → Return
    {
        return (*reinterpret_cast<F*>(ptr))(
            std::forward<Args>(xs) ... );
    };
}
```

On invocation, go through `_erased_fn` :

```
Return operator()(Args ... xs) const
{
    return _erased_fn(_ptr, std::forward<Args>(xs) ... );
}
```

```

template <typename Return, typename ... Args>
class function_ref<Return(Args ... )>
{
    void* _ptr;
    Return (*_erased_fn)(void*, Args ... );

public:
    template <typename F, /* ... some constraints ... */>
    function_ref(F&& x) noexcept : _ptr{&f}
    {
        _erased_fn = [](void* ptr, Args ... xs) → Return {
            return (*reinterpret_cast<F*>(ptr))(
                std::forward<Args>(xs) ... );
        };
    }

    Return operator()(Args ... xs) const noexcept(/* ... */)
    {
        return _erased_fn(_ptr, std::forward<Args>(xs) ... );
    }
};

```

In the proposal (<https://wg21.link/p0792>):

- In-depth analysis of the covered techniques' pros/cons
- Synopsis and specification of `function_ref`
- Existing practice (*e.g. LLVM, Folly, gdb , ...*)
- Possible issues and open questions

Article on my blog (<https://vittorioromeo.info>):

- *"Passing functions to functions"*

Thanks!

<https://wg21.link/p0792>

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<https://github.com/SuperV1234/accu2018>