NAME

Parsers::SimpleCalcParser

SYNOPSIS

```
use Parsers::SimpleCalcParser;
use Parsers::SimpleCalcParser qw(:all);
```

DESCRIPTION

Parsers::SimpleCalcParser class provides the following methods:

```
new, yyclearin, yyerrok, yyerror, yyparse
```

Parsers::SimpleCalcParse.yy parser grammer definition file implements a simple calculator and is provided to highlight usage of lexer capability available through Parsers::SimpleCalcYYLexer, which in turn uses Parsers::YYLexer and Parsers::Lexer classes to procide underlying lexer functionality.

The parser package and token table files, Parsers::SimpleCalcParser.pm and SimpleCalcParser.tab.ph, are automatically generated from parser grammar definition file, Parsers::SimpleCalcParser.yy, using byacc available through perl-byacc1.8 modified with perl5-byacc-patches-0.5 for generation of object oriented parser:

```
byacc -l -P -d -b SimpleCalcParser SimpleCalcParser.yy
mv SimpleCalcParser.tab.pl SimpleCalcParser.pm
```

METHODS

new

Using specified YYLex YYError functions, new method generates a new SimpleCalcParser and returns a reference to newly created SimpleCalcYYParser object.

Examples:

```
# Input string...
\displaystyle \text{$InputText} = \text{"3} + 4 + 6 \times 3 \times y = 5 \times y \times z \times r";}
$YYLexer = new Parsers::SimpleCalcYYLexer($InputText);
$YYLex = $YYLexer->GetYYLex();
Debug = 0;
$SimpleCalcParser = new Parsers::SimpleCalcParser($YYLex,
                             \&Parsers::SimpleCalcParser::yyerror, $Debug);
$Value = $SimpleCalcParser->yyparse();
print "Value = " . (defined($Value) ? "$Value" : "Undefined") . "\n";
# Input file...
$InputFile = "TestSimpleCalcParser.txt";
open INPUTFILE, "$InputFile" or die "Couldn't open $InputFile: $!\n";
$YYLexer = new Parsers::SimpleCalcYYLexer(\*INPUTFILE);
$YYLex = $YYLexer->GetYYLex();
Debug = 0;
$SimpleCalcParser = new Parsers::SimpleCalcParser($YYLex,
                             \&Parsers::SimpleCalcParser::yyerror, $Debug);
$Value = $SimpleCalcParser->yyparse();
print "Value = " . (defined($Value) ? "$Value" : "Undefined") . "\n";
close INPUTFILE;
# Input iterator...
```

yyclearin method clears any previous look-ahead token after encountering a syntax error during parsing. It can be used after yyerrok in a grammer rule with the reserved word error.

yyerrok

yyclearin

```
$SimpleCalcParser->yyerrok();
```

\$SimpleCalcParser->yyclearin();

yyerrok method is used with the reserved word error in grammer rule to indcate error recovery is complete after encountering a syntax error during parsing.

yyerror

```
$SimpleCalcParser->yyerror();
```

yyerror function is provided for the caller to use during initialization of a parser. It is used by yyparse to print any error messages encountered during parsing of the input.

yyparse

```
$Value = $SimpleCalcParser->yyparse();
```

Returns Value after parsing all the input from a input stream using specified grammer rules.

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SEE ALSO

Lexer.pm, YYLexer.pm, SimpleCalcYYLexer.pm

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