## STC Project Proposal

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Oct. 27, 2016

## 1 Introduction

Adiabatic slower is a facility that consist of hundreds of overlapping Anti-Helmholtz coils, which is used to slow atoms from  $\sim 500m/s$  down to  $\sim 0m/s$  to create ultra bright cold atom source in atomic physics. It is realized by activiting apatially overlapped magnetic traps with a overlapping time sequence, thus create an effective comoving trap to slow down atoms. While its performance has been highly evaluated in the experiment<sup>1</sup>, the optimization hasn't been well discussed in any published articles. One of the key feature is the magnetic field oscillation during the trasition of traps, which is related to the lose rate, temperature, density of atoms being slowd. Here we propose a simulation approach to this problem, we will discuss the oscillation of magnetic field in adiabatic slower under different conditions, and try to find the optimized operating parameters for a given adiabatic slower setup.

## 2 Description

Anti-Helmholtz coil is a pair of coils with current propagating at opposite direction. Some atoms at special quantum states tend to stay at the magnetic field minimum to lower their energy, as shown in 1.

The trap basically provide a confinement of

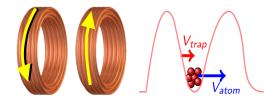


Figure 1: (A) Anti-Helmholtz coil. (B) Atoms in the magnetic trap

atoms, and can be treated as a 'carrier'. If we can control the moving speed of this 'carrier', then we can control the atoms confined by it. To realize this, a series of this kind of traps are activated in an overlapping sequence, both in real space and in time space, thus an effective moving trap can be created, as shown in 2. Usually these trap are switched on and off with hundreds of microseconds.

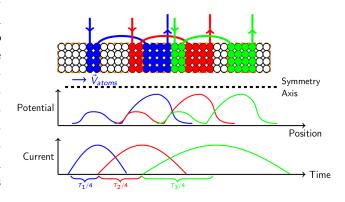


Figure 2: Schematic for generating co-moving magnetic trap

## 3 Plan

Publised article has shown that the total magnetic field minimum is oscillating during the trasition from one anti-helmholtz coils to the next ones, but detailed study hasn't been done. The transition oscillation is depend on:

- Overlapping of traps in space.
- Overlapping of current sequence in time.
- Current pulse shape (sin, triangle, etc.).
- Anti-Helmholtz coil geometry.

We will use C++ to simulate the transition of magnetic trap, cover the discussion of influence of one or few factors listed above. By programming, we will give a set of optimized operating parameters to minimize the oscillation of magnetic field during the trasition, provide a guidline to the experiment in cold atom physics.

 $<sup>^{1}\</sup>mathrm{E.}$  Narevicious, et. al., New Journal of Physics 13 (2011)