

编译原理课程设计 实验报告

指导教师: 张鹏

年 级: 2019级

班 级: 23 班

小组编号: 5

组长学号姓名: 21191511 张轶博

组员学号姓名: 09190717 邓秋怡

组员学号姓名: 21191129 李林峰

2022年 4月 27日

计算机科学与技术学院

完成实验内容

小组实现了词法分析模块、递归下降语法分析模块、LL1 语法分析模块、语义分析模块四个核心模块,使用 pyecharts 对程序产物语法树进行了良好的可视化。

进一步,我们使用pyqt5设计、完成了SNL语言分析程序的交互界面,集成了程序输入、控制台信息和所有程 序产物,提升了使用体验。

小组成员任务完成情况

姓名	具体完成任务	工作量百分比
张轶博	完成词法分析、语义分析、SNL 可视化界面、部分语法树可视化代码;整合各个子模块为完整系统	35%
邓秋怡	完成 PREDICT 集的生成,递归下降语法分析、语法错误检查。	30%
李林峰	完成 LL1 语法分析、语法错误检查和部分语法树可视化代码	35%

小组成员协作情况

使用 github 实现代码同步,在实验进行中多次开会讨论实验细节,小组成员互帮互助,共同攻克遇到的难题。

实验平台与编程语言

词法分析、PREDICT 集的生成、LL1 语法分析、语义分析、可视化采用 Python 完成,递归下降语法分析采用 C++ 完成。相关库版本如下:

pyqt

5.9.2

pyecharts 1.9.1

实验方案设计

PREDICT 集产生:

根据文法的文法规则,按顺序生成了 first 集、follow 集、predict 集,对教材上的 predict 集进行了验证和一定的修改,同时产生 predict 集的程序可以使得我们的语法分析部分程序更加灵活。当对文法规则进行修改或者增加删除时,只需要对文法规则的文本进行增删改 就能做到动态生成 predict 集,不必修改语法分析部分的程序。

注 1: 因为发现在原文法规则下,对于字符来说没有相应的指代符,即非终极符 Exp 无法推出 CHARC,所以我们对

文法加了一条 Factor::=CHARC 的文法。

Factor ::= CHARC

注 2: 产生后对书上的 predict 集的校验结果如下:

①第 48 条文法规则: ParamMore ::= NULL 的 predict 集应该改为{')'}

46 {'RECORD', 'INTEGER', 'CHAR', 'ID', 'VAR', 'ARRAY'}	46	{ INTEGER, CHAR, ARRAY, RECORD, ID, VAR }
47 {'RECORD', 'INTEGER', 'CHAR', 'ID', 'VAR', 'ARRAY'}	47	{ INTEGER, CHAR, ARRAY, RECORD, ID, VAR }
48 {')'}	48	{(}
47 (17)	49	{;}
50 {'RECORD', 'INTEGER', 'CHAR', 'ID', 'ARRAY'}	50	{ INTEGER,CHAR,ARRAY, RECORD,ID }

②第 67 条文法规则: AssCall ::= AssignmentRest 的 predict 集应该改为{':=', '.', '['}

65 {'RETURN'}	65	{ RETURN }
66 {'ID'}	66	{ ID }
67 {':=', '.', '['}	67	{ := }
68 {'('}	68	{(}

③第 94 条文法规则: VariMore ::= NULL 的 predict 集应该改为{'THEN', ')', '-', 'FI', ';', '<', '=', 'DO', ']', '*', ',', 'ELSE', ':=', '/', '+', 'ENDWH', 'END'}

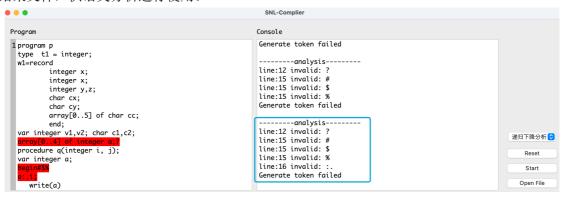
```
93 {'THEN', ')', '-', 'FI', ';', '<', '=', 'DO', ']', '*', ',', 'ELSE', ':=', '/', '+', 'ENDWH', 'END'}

93 { :=, * , / , + , - , <, =,THEN, ELSE, FI, DO, ENDWH, ),END, ; ,COMMA }
```

(4)增加 Factor::=CHARC 的文法后,文法规则 78,86,83,81 的 predict 都会比书上多一个 CHARC。

词法分析:

预先生成保留字,运算符以及限界符,以教材上的状态 DFA 作为参考,每次读入一个 token,并根据状态 DFA 进行非法判断及状态转移。当出现异常字符,或非法状态时,程序会抛出错误详细信息。若词法分析顺利完成,会生成 token 序列结果文件,供语义分析进行使用。



LL1 语法分析:

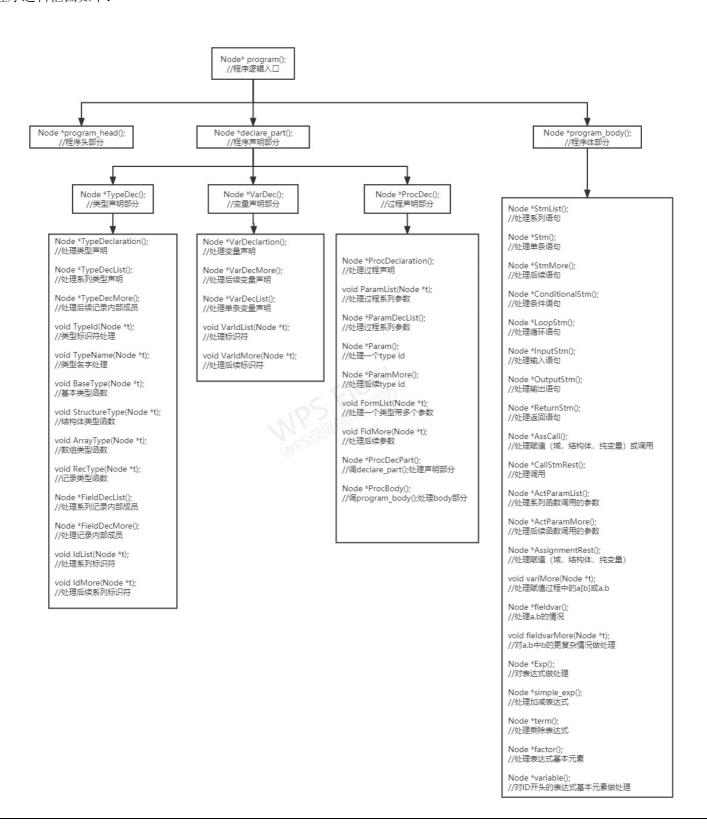
由 LL1 驱动程序、语法树搭建、语法错误检测三部分组成,用户输入词法分析程序产生的 token 序列结果文件,经过 LL1 分析后输出语法树文件和语法报错信息。

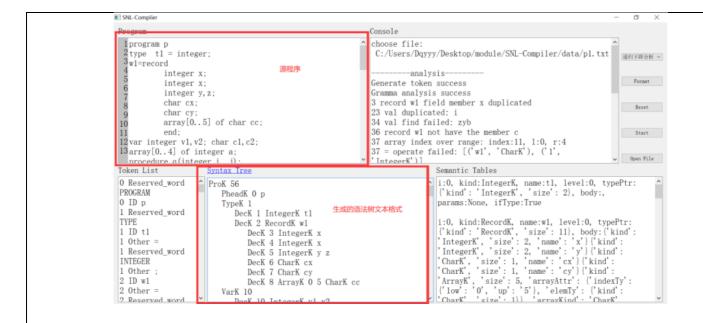
- ① LL1 驱动程序由 token 序列和符号栈依据 LL1 分析表进行替换、匹配、接受、报错等步骤。其中替换、匹配、接受三步需运行语法树搭建,报错则需运行语法错误检测。
- ② 由于语法树搭建部分操作复杂,我们对每一条文法分别编写执行函数,当 LL1 驱动程序判断执行的具体文法之后,调用该条文法相应的语法树搭建函数。此过程中共用到三个数据栈:语法树栈、操作符栈、操作数栈。
- ③ 语法错误检测部分会在 LL1 驱动程序执行报错步骤后运行,对该语法错误种类进行识别,并在识别成功之后尝试对符号栈和 token 序列进行修复。若能成功修复则 LL1 驱动程序可继续运行检测有无其他语法错误。



递归下降语法分析:

整体思想是每个非终极符和函数——对应,根据文法和当前输入符号,利用 predict 集确定一条文法,然后调用新的非终极符对应的函数继续往下递归。用户输入词法分析程序产生的 token 序列结果文件,经过递归下降分析后输出语法树文件和语法报错信息,如果遇到错误会跳过然后继续分析后面的 token,直到分析到文件尾。程序逻辑框图如下:



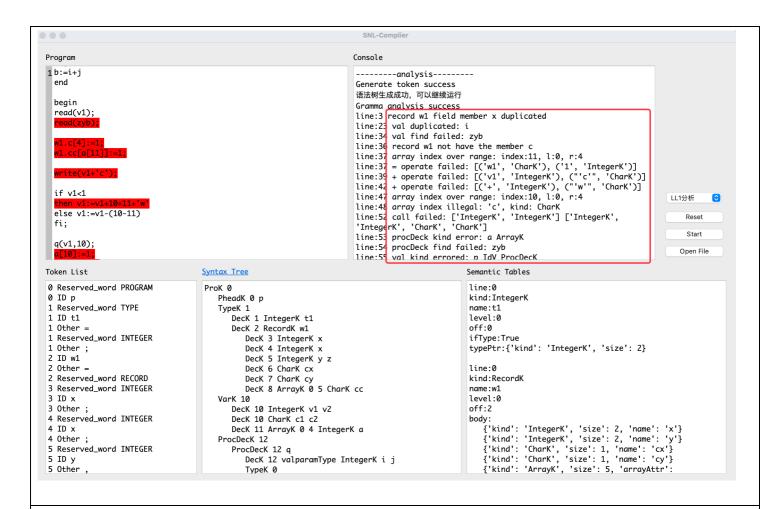


语义分析:

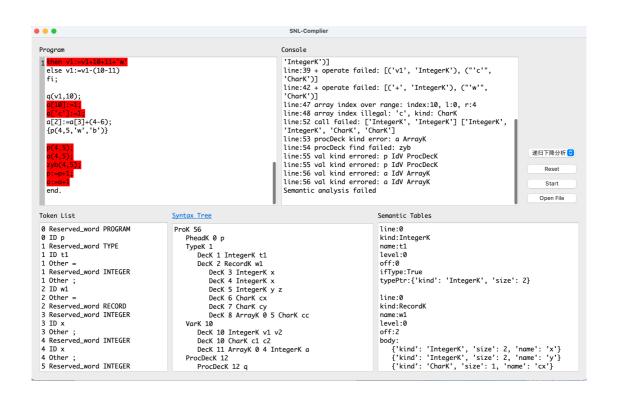
从语法分析部分得到运行产物语法树文件。通过分析语法树文件,在内存中建立包含所需信息的语法树,再通过 dfs 该语法树,在判断语义错误的同时生成符号表。过程中发现语义错误,则抛出错误详细信息。程序输出符号表文件。

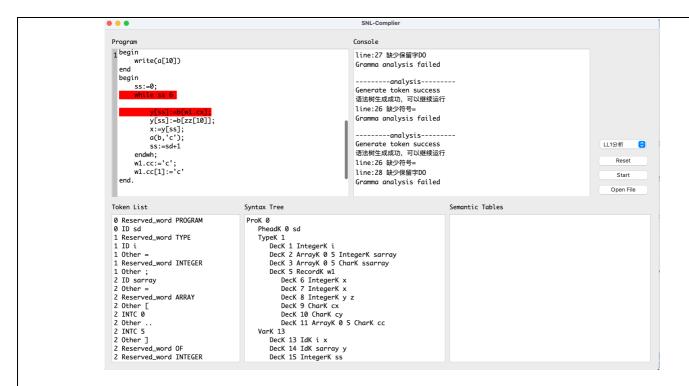
支持的语义错误如下:

- (1) 标识符的重复定义;
- (2) 无声明的标识符;
- (3) 标识符为非期望的标识符类别(类型标识符,变量标识符,过程名标识符);
- (4) 数组类型下标越界错误;
- (5) 数组成员变量和域变量的引用不合法;
- (6) 赋值语句的左右两边类型不相容;
- (7) 赋值语句左端不是变量标识符;
- (8) 过程调用中,形实参类型不匹配;
- (9) 过程调用中, 形实参个数不相同;
- (10) 过程调用语句中,标识符不是过程标识符;
- (11) if 和 while 语句的条件部分不是 bool 类型;
- (12) 表达式中运算符的分量的类型不相容

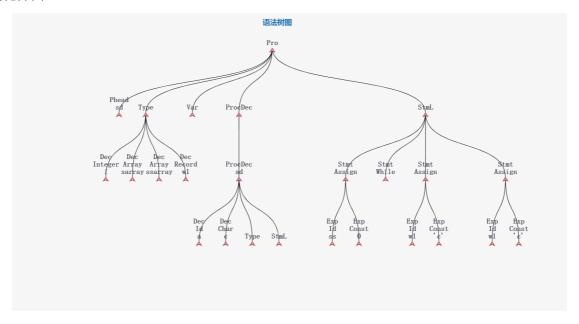


程序界面及运行截图





语法树可视化界面:



源程序核心代码

产生 PREDICT 集的核心代码:

```
import copy

arr = []
left = set()
right = set()
first = {"": set()}
follow = {"": set()}
predict = {0: set()}

def f(x, only_right):
    i = 0
```

```
flag = 0
   for i in range(2, len(x)): # 遍历右边的串
      if x[i] in only right: # 遇到终极符了
         first[x[0]].add(x[i])
         flag = 1
         break
      elif "NULL" not in first[x[i]]: # 都非空了
         first[x[0]] = first[x[0]].union(first[x[i]])
         flag = 1
         break
      else: # 还没到终极符并且有非空
         first[x[0]] = first[x[0]].union(first[x[i]]) - {"NULL"}
   if flag == 0 and ("NULL" in first[x[len(x) - 1]]):
      first[x[0]].add("NULL")
def h(x, i, only right):
   j = i + 1
   while j < len(x) and (x[j]) not in only_right) and ("NULL" in first[x[j]]):
      # 退出: j超了,是终极符,非终但是没有 null
      follow[x[i]] = follow[x[i]].union(first[x[j]]) - {"NULL"}
      j = j + 1
   if (j == len(x)):
      follow[x[i]] = follow[x[i]].union(follow[x[0]])
   elif (x[j] in only right):
      follow[x[i]].add(x[j])
   else:
      follow[x[i]] = follow[x[i]].union(first[x[i]])
def p(x, i, only right): # i是行号, x是行
   j = 2
   while j < len(x) and (x[j]) not in only right) and ("NULL" in first[x[j]]):
      # 退出: j超了,是终极符,非终但是没有 null
      predict[i] = predict[i].union(first[x[j]]) - {"NULL"}
      j = j + 1
   if j == len(x): # 超过了
      predict[i] = predict[i].union(follow[x[0]])
   elif x[j] in only right and x[j] != "NULL": # 非空外的终极符
      predict[i].add(x[j])
   elif x[j] in only right and x[j] == "NULL": # 是空的终极符
      predict[i] = predict[i].union(follow[x[0]])
   else: # 全部没有 Null
      predict[i] = predict[i].union(first[x[j]])
def getPredict():
   with open("../data/grammar.txt") as file:
      lines = file.readlines()
      for line in lines: # 得到 left 和 right
         line = str(line).replace("\n", "")
```

```
pos = line.split(" ", 20)
         arr.append(pos)
         left.add(pos[0]) # left
         for x in pos[2:]: # right
             right.add(x)
      only right = right - left # 只出现的右边的终极符
      for x in arr: # 把一眼得到的 first 加进去
         if x[0] not in first.keys(): # 过了以后就都有关键字了
             first.update({x[0]: set()})
             follow.update(\{x[0]: set()\})
         if x[2] in only right: # 右边第一个是终极符
             first[x[0]].add(x[2])
      t = copy.copy(first)
      while True:
         for y in arr:
             if y[2] not in only right:
                f(y, only_right)
         if t == first:
            break
         t = copy.copy(first)
      follow.update({arr[0][0]: {"#"}})
      t = copy.copy(follow)
      while True:
         for x in arr:
             for i in range (2, len(x)):
                if x[i] not in follow.keys() and x[i] not in only right: # 还没有关键词并
且需要创建关键词
                   follow.update({x[i]: set()})
                if x[i] not in only right: # 只对非终极符进行函数调用
                   h(x, i, only_right)
         if t == follow:
            break
         t = copy.copy(follow)
      k = 1
      t = copy.copy(predict)
      while True:
         for x in arr:
             if k not in follow.keys():
                predict.update({k: set()})
             p(x, k, only right)
             k = k + 1
         if t == predict:
            break
         t = copy.copy(predict)
         k = 1
      print(first)
      print(follow)
```

```
for key in predict:
         print(key, predict[key])
      # return predict, left, only right
if name == ' main ':
   getPredict();
词法分析核心代码:
import os
from config.config import delimiters, reservedWords
class Token:
   def init (self, line, lex, sem):
      self.line = line
      self.lex = lex
      self.sem = sem
tokenList = []
flag = 0
def init():
   global tokenList, flag
   tokenList = []
   flag = 0
def add(word, num, err=False):
   global flag
   if err:
      flag = -1
      tokenList.append(Token(num, "ERROR", word))
      print(f"line:{num + 1} invalid: {word}")
   elif str.isdigit(word):
      tokenList.append(Token(num, "INTC", int(word, 10)))
   elif word in delimiters:
      tokenList.append((Token(num, delimiters[word], word)))
   elif word in reservedWords:
      tokenList.append((Token(num, reservedWords[word], word)))
   elif word[0] == '\'' and word[-1] == '\'':
      tokenList.append((Token(num, "CHARC", word)))
      tokenList.append((Token(num, "ID", word)))
def work(lines):
   commentflag = False
   for num in range(0, len(lines)):
      line = lines[num].replace("\n", "", -1) + " "
      i = 0
      while i < len(line):
```

```
c = line[i]
if commentflag:
   if c == '}':
       commentflag = False
elif str.isdigit(c):
   word = c
   while str.isdigit(line[i + 1]):
       word = word + line[i + 1]
       i = i + 1
   add(word, num)
elif str.isalpha(c):
   word = c
   while str.isdigit(line[i + 1]) or str.isalpha(line[i + 1]):
       word = word + line[i + 1]
       i = i + 1
   add (word, num)
elif c == '.':
   if line[i + 1] == ".":
      i = i + 1
      add("..", num)
   else:
       add(".", num)
elif c == '\'':
   word = c
   i = i + 1
   while i < len(line):</pre>
      word = word + line[i]
       if line[i] == '\'':
          add(word, num)
          break
       elif (str.isdigit(line[i]) or str.isalpha(line[i])) == False:
          add(word, num, True)
          break
       i = i + 1
elif c == '{':
   commentflag = True
elif c == ':':
   if line[i + 1] == "=":
      add(":=", num)
   else:
       add(line[i] + line[i + 1], num, True)
   i = i + 1
elif c in delimiters:
   add(c, num)
elif c == " " or c == "":
   _ = c
else:
   add(line[i], num, True)
i = i + 1
```

```
tokenList.append(Token(len(lines), "EOF", "EOF"))
   return tokenList
def lex(pro path, token path):
   init()
   if not os.path.exists(pro path):
      print(f"Open pro path:{pro path} failed")
      return -1
   with open(pro path) as file:
      lines = file.readlines()
      work(lines)
      # print(f"line: {x.line}, lex: {x.lex}, sem: {x.sem}")
   with open(token path, "w") as file:
      for x in tokenList:
          if x.sem in delimiters:
             file.write(f"{x.line} Other {x.sem}\n")
          elif x.sem in reservedWords:
             file.write(f"{x.line} Reserved word {x.lex}\n")
          else:
             file.write(f"{x.line} {x.lex} {x.sem}\n")
   if flag == 0:
      print("Generate token success")
   else.
      print("Generate token failed")
   return flag
LL1 语法分析核心代码:
# LL1 驱动程序
def run(self):
   syntax tree = Tree()
   PreNode = syntax tree.root
   while not self.SignStack.isEmpty() and self.TokenStack.peek()[2] != 'EOF':
      sign = self.SignStack.peek()
      toke = self.TokenStack.peek()
      if toke[1] == 'ID':
         token = 'ID'
      elif toke[1] == 'INTC':
         token = 'INTC'
      elif toke[1] == 'CHARC':
         token = 'CHARC'
      else:
         token = toke[2]
      if sign in self.left: # 如果是非终极符,则用语法进行替换
         row = self.table row[sign]
         judge = self.table col[row][token]
         if judge != -1: # 分析表匹配成功
             self.signRpush.push(self.SignStack.pop())
             self.tokenRpush.push(['','back',''])
```

```
rig = self.grammar[judge]['right']
             length = len(rig)
             self.signRpop.push(length)
             for i in range(length):
                if rig[length - 1 - i] != 'NULL':
                   self.SignStack.push(rig[length - 1 - i])
             # 调用语法树搭建程序
             PreNode = predict1(judge + 1, syntax tree, toke, PreNode)
         else:
             # 分析表匹配失败,调用处理语法错误检测程序
             errJudge, ErrImag = self.dealError.run(self.SignStack, self.TokenStack,
self.signRpush, self.signRpop, self.tokenRpush)
             Err = {'line': 0, 'message': ' '}
             Err['line'] = int(toke[0])
             Err['message'] = ErrImag
             self.errImag.append(Err)
             if not errJudge:
                break
      else:
         if sign == token: # 相等则进行匹配
             self.signRpush.push(self.SignStack.pop())
             self.signRpop.push(0)
             self.tokenRpush.push(self.TokenStack.pop())
         else: # 不相等出错,调用处理语法错误检测程序
             errJudge, ErrImag = self.dealError.run(self.SignStack, self.TokenStack,
self.signRpush, self.signRpop, self.tokenRpush)
             Err = {'line': 0, 'message': ' '}
             Err['line'] = int(toke[0])
             Err['message'] = ErrImag
             self.errImag.append(Err)
             if not errJudge:
                break
   if self.TokenStack.peek()[2] != 'EOF':
      if len(self.errImag) == 0:
         Err = {'line': 0, 'message': ' '}
         Err['line'] = int(self.TokenStack.peek()[0])
         Err['message'] = '符号栈仍有残余'
         self.errImag.append(Err)
   else:
      self.runJudge = True
   syntax tree.getInfNode(self.TreePath)
   self.syntax tree = syntax tree
递归下降核心代码:
int main(){
   input.open("../data/token.txt");
   if(!input) {
      cout<<"Error:cannot find or open the specified file!";</pre>
      return -1;
```

```
output.open("../data/syntax_tree.txt");
   if(!output) {
       cout<<"Error:cannot find or open the specified file!";</pre>
       return -1;
   }
   Node *head=parse();
   print_tree(head,0);
   if(flag) return -1;
   return 0;
}
Node* parse() {
   read token();
   Node *t=program();
   if(token!="EOF")
       error(line, "bad end");
   return t;
}
Node* program() {
   Node *t=program_head();
   Node *q=declare part();
   Node *s=program body();
   Node *root=init node();
   root->nodekind=ProK;
   root->child[0]=t;
   root->child[1]=q;
   root->child[2]=s;
   if(token!=".")
       error(line, "there id no . in the end");
   read token();
   return root;
Node *program_head() {
   Node *t=init node();
   t->nodekind=PheadK;
   if(token!="PROGRAM")
       error(line, "no correct program_head");
   read token();
   if(type=="ID")
       t->name[0]=token;
   else
```

```
error(line, "no correct program head");
   read_token();
   return t;
Node *declare part() {
   Node *type t=init node();
   type t->nodekind=TypeK;
   type_t->child[0]=TypeDec();
   Node *var t=init node();
   var t->nodekind=VarK;
   var_t->child[0]=VarDec();
   Node *proc deck t=init node();
   proc deck t->nodekind=ProcDecK;
   proc deck t->child[0]=ProcDec();
   type_t->sibling=var_t;
   var t->sibling=proc deck t;
   return type t;
}
Node *program body(){
   Node *t=init node();
   t->nodekind=StmLK;
   if(token=="BEGIN") {
      read token();
      t->child[0]=StmList();
   else error(line, "there is no BEGIN to match");
   if(token!="END")
      error(line,"there is no END to match");
   read_token();
   return t;
语义分析:
class Node:
   def init (self, line, val, deep):
      self.child = []
      self.val = val
      self.deep = deep
      self.line = str(line + 1)
      self.converse(val)
   def str (self):
      return str(self.__dict__)
```

```
def print(self):
   print(str(json.dumps(self.__dict__)))
def converse(self, val):
   vals = val.split(" ")
   self.nodeKind = vals[0]
   self.rawline = str(int(vals[1]) + 1)
   vals = vals[2:]
   self.kind = ""
   self.idnum = 0 # 一个节点中的标识符的个数
   self.name = []
   self.attr = {}
   # ProK, PheadK, TypeK, VarK, ProDecK, StmLK, DecK, Stmtk, ExpK
   if self.nodeKind == 'DecK':
      if vals[0] == 'valparamType' or vals[0] == "varparamType":
          self.attr['paramt'] = vals[0]
          vals = vals[1:]
      self.kind = vals[0]
      vals = vals[1:]
      if self.kind == "IdK":
          self.realKind = vals[0]
          vals = vals[1:]
      # ArrayK, CharK, IntegerK, RecordK, IdK
      if self.kind == 'ArrayK':
          self.attr['low'] = vals[0]
          self.attr['up'] = vals[1]
          self.attr['childType'] = vals[2]
          vals = vals[3:]
   elif self.nodeKind == 'StmtK':
      # IfK WhileK AssignK ReadK WriteK CallK ReturnK
      if vals[0] != "" or vals[0] != " ":
          self.kind = vals[0]
      vals = vals[1:]
   elif self.nodeKind == 'ExpK':
      # OpK ConstK IdK
      self.kind = vals[0]
      vals = vals[1:]
      if vals[0] in ("IdV", "ArrayMembV", "FieldMembV"):
          self.attr['varkind'] = vals[0]
          vals = vals[1:]
      if self.kind == 'OpK':
          self.attr['op'] = vals[0]
      if self.kind == 'ConstK':
          self.attr['val'] = vals[0]
   for x in vals:
      if x != "":
          self.idnum += 1
```

```
self.name.append(x)
      # self.type_name = type_name
def generate node (tree path):
   level list = {}
   with open(tree path) as f:
      lines = f.readlines()
      for i in range(len(lines)):
          line = lines[i].replace("\n", "")
         bn = 0
          j = 0
          for j in range(len(line)):
             if line[j] != " ":
                break
             else:
                bn += 1
         line = line[j:]
          level = int(bn / 3)
         node = Node(i, line, level)
          if level not in level list:
             level list[str(level)] = [node]
             if level > 0:
                list = level_list[str(level - 1)]
                list[len(list) - 1].child.append(node)
   return level list.get("0")[0]
class Kind:
   def init (self, node, body=None):
      self.kind = node.kind
      self.size = 0
      if node.kind == 'ArrayK':
          indexTy = {"low": node.attr["low"], "up": node.attr["up"]}
          elemTy = Kind(DefaultKind(node.attr["childType"])). dict
          self.arrayAttr = {"indexTy": indexTy, "elemTy": elemTy}
          self.size = elemTy["size"] * (int(node.attr["up"]) - int(node.attr["low"]))
          self.arrayKind = elemTy["kind"]
      if node.kind == 'RecordK':
          for x in body:
             self.size += x.size
      if node.kind == 'IntegerK':
          self.size = 2
      if node.kind == 'CharK':
          self.size = 1
   def str (self):
      return str(self. dict )
class SymbolTable:
         init (self, node, name, level, off, body=None, params=None, ifType=False):
   def
```

```
self.kind = node.kind
      self.name = name
      self.level = level
      self.off = off
      self.body = None
      self.params = None
      self.ifType = ifType
      if params is not None:
          self.params = params
      if body is not None:
         tmp = []
          for x in body:
             flag = False
             for i in tmp:
                if x.name[0] == i.name:
                   flag = True
             if flag:
                error(node.rawline, f"record {name} field member {x.name[0]}
duplicated")
                continue
             y = Kind(x)
             y.name = x.name[0]
             tmp.append(y)
         self.body = tmp
      self.typePtr = Kind(node, self.body)
   def __str__(self):
      s = ""
      if self.body is not None:
         for x in self.body:
             s += str(x. dict)
                 f"kind:{self.kind},
                                         name:{self.name},
                                                                 level:{self.level},
      return
typePtr:{self.typePtr. dict },
                                                               params:{self.params},
                                          body:{s},
ifType:{self.ifType}"
def getKind(node):
   if node.kind == "ConstK":
      if str.isdigit(node.name[0]):
          return "IntegerK"
      if re.match(r"\'[a-zA-Z]\'", node.name[0]):
          return "CharK"
   if node.kind == "IdK":
      kind = node.attr["varkind"]
      v = find(node.name[0])
      if v is None:
         error(node.rawline, "val find failed:", node.name[0])
```

```
return None
      if ck(kind, v.kind) is False:
          error (node.rawline, "val kind errored:", node.name[0], kind, v.kind)
         return None
      if kind == "IdV":
         return v.kind
      if kind == "ArrayMembV":
          if len(node.child) == 1:
             x = node.child[0]
             id = x.name[0]
             l = int(v.typePtr.arrayAttr["indexTy"]["low"])
             r = int(v.typePtr.arrayAttr["indexTy"]["up"])
             if str.isdigit(id) is False:
                if getKind(x) != "IntegerK":
                    error(node.rawline, f"array index illegal: {createName(x)}, kind:
{getKind(x)}")
             elif int(id) < l or int(id) >= r:
                error(node.rawline, "array index over range:", f"index:{id}, 1:{1},
r:{r}")
         else:
             error(node.rawline, "array cant operate directed:", node.name[0])
          return v.typePtr.arrayKind
      if kind == "FieldMembV":
         nd = None
          for x in v.body:
             if x.name == node.child[0].name[0]:
                nd = x
          if nd is None:
             error(node.rawline, f"record {node.name[0]} not have the
                                                                               member
{node.child[0].name[0]}")
             return None
          if ck(node.child[0].attr["varkind"], nd.kind) is False:
             error (node.rawline,
                                        f"record {node.name[0]}
                                                                               member
{node.child[0].name[0]} kind err: {nd.kind}, ",
                  node.child[0].attr["varkind"])
             return None
          for x in node.child:
             for y in x.child:
                generate_table(y)
         return getFieldKind(nd)
   if node.kind == 'OpK':
      return operator(node, node.name[0])
def operator(node, op):
   kindList = []
   for x in node.child:
      kindList.append(generate table(x))
   if len(kindList) == 0:
      error(node.rawline, "operate not have child")
```

```
return None
   for i in range(len(kindList)):
      if kindList[i] is None:
          return None
      elif kindList[i] not in ("IntegerK", "CharK"):
          error(node.rawline, op, "illegal operate kind:", kindList[i])
      elif kindList[i] != kindList[0]:
          error (node.rawline, op, "operate failed:",
               [(node.child[x].name[0], kindList[x]) for x in range(len(kindList))])
          return None
      elif op in ("+", "-", "*", "/") and kindList[i] == "CharK":
          error (node.rawline, op, "can't sub char",
               [(node.child[x].name[0], kindList[x]) for x in range(len(kindList))])
          return None
   return kindList[0]
def generate_table(node):
   global sl, scope, off
   # ProK, PheadK, TypeK, VarK, ProDecK, StmLK, DecK, Stmtk, ExpK
   if node.nodeKind == "DecK":
      for x in node.name:
          if find(x, exist=True) is not None:
             error(node.rawline, "val duplicated:", x)
             continue
          body = None
          if node.kind == "RecordK":
             body = []
             for y in node.child:
                body.append(y)
          tab = CallSymbolTable(node, x, level=sl, off=off, body=body)
          if tab is None:
             continue
          if len(scope[sl]) == 0:
             tab.off = 0
          else:
             tmp = scope[sl][-1]
             tab.off = tmp.typePtr.size + tmp.off
          scope[sl].append(tab)
          all scope[sl].append(tab)
          if node.kind == "RecordK":
             return
          for x in node.child:
             generate table(x)
```

```
elif node.nodeKind == "ProcDecK" and node.idnum > 0:
   if find(node.name[0], exist=True) is not None:
      error(node.rawline, "val duplicated:", node.name[0])
      return
   params = []
   for x in node.child:
      if x.nodeKind == "DecK":
          for y in x.name:
             if y != " " and y != "":
                 params.append({"kind": x.kind, "name": y})
   node.kind = "ProcDecK"
   tab = CallSymbolTable(node, node.name[0], level=sl, off=off, params=params)
   if tab is None:
      return
   if len(scope[sl]) == 0:
      tab.off = 0
   else:
      tmp = scope[sl][-1]
      tab.off = tmp.typePtr.size + tmp.off
   scope[sl].append(tab)
   all scope[sl].append(tab)
   sl += 1
   scope.append([])
   all_scope.append([])
   for x in node.child:
      generate table(x)
   sl = 1
   scope = scope[:-1]
elif node.nodeKind == "StmtK":
   # IfK WhileK AssignK ReadK WriteK CallK ReturnK
   # print("kind:", node.kind)
   if node.kind == "CallK":
      pro = find(node.name[0])
      if pro is None:
          error(node.rawline, "procDeck find failed:", node.name[0])
      elif pro.kind != "ProcDecK":
          error(node.rawline, "procDeck kind error:", node.name[0], pro.kind)
          return
      params = []
      for x in node.child:
          if x.kind == "OpK":
             kind = operator(x, x.name[0])
             if kind is None:
                 return
          else:
```

```
kind = getKind(x)
             if kind is None:
                 error(x.rawline, "val find failed:", x.name[0])
                 return
          params.append(kind)
      proParams = [x["kind"] for x in pro.params]
      # print(params, pro.params)
      if len(params) != len(proParams):
          error(node.rawline, "call failed:", params, proParams)
          return
      for i in range(len(params)):
          if params[i] != proParams[i]:
             error(node.rawline, "call failed:", params, proParams)
             return
      return
   if node.kind == "IfK":
       for x in node.child:
          generate_table(x)
   if node.kind == "AssignK":
      if node.child[0].kind != "IdK":
          error(node.rawline, "AssignK left kind illegal", node.name[0])
      return operator(node, "=")
   if node.kind == "ReadK":
      if find(node.name[0]) is None:
          error(node.rawline, "val find failed:", node.name[0])
      return
   if node.kind == "WriteK":
      return operator(node, "write")
   if node.kind == "ReturnK":
      return
   if node.kind == "WhileK":
      for x in node.child:
          generate table(x)
      return
elif node.nodeKind == "ExpK":
   # OpK ConstK IdK
   if node.kind == "OpK":
      return operator(node, node.name[0])
   if node.kind in ("IdK", "ConstK"):
      return getKind(node)
elif node.nodeKind == "TypeK":
   for x in node.child:
      if x.kind == "RecordK":
          generate table(x)
          continue
      if find(x.name[0], exist=True) is not None:
          error(node.rawline, "type duplicated:", x.name[0])
          continue
```

```
tab = CallSymbolTable(x, x.name[0], level=sl, off=off, ifType=True)
          if tab is None:
             continue
          if len(scope[sl]) == 0:
             tab.off = 0
          else:
             tmp = scope[sl][-1]
             tab.off = tmp.typePtr.size + tmp.off
         scope[sl].append(tab)
         all scope[sl].append(tab)
   else:
      for x in node.child:
         generate table(x)
   return
语法树可视化代码:
def PreOrder(node):
   if node == None:
      return None
   data = {"name": node.nodeKind[:-1], "children": []}
   if node.kind != "":
      data["name"] += "\n" + node.kind[:-1]
   if len(node.name) > 0:
      data["name"] += "\n" + node.name[0]
   for i in range(len(node.child)):
      x = PreOrder(node.child[i])
      data["children"].append(x)
   return data
def visTree(root):
   data = PreOrder(root)
   bg color = "#F6F6F6"
   label color = "#393D49"
   c = (
      Tree(init opts=opts.InitOpts(
         width="1650px",
         height="900px",
         theme=ThemeType.LIGHT,
         bg color=bg color,
         page_title="Syntax Tree"
      ))
          .add(
          "",
          [data],
          collapse interval=2, # 折叠枝点
            orient="BT", # 自下向上树图
```

```
orient="RL", # 自右向左树图
         orient="TB", # 自上向下树图
          # layout="radial", # 发散树图
         pos left='0%',
         pos right='0%',
         symbol='arrow',
         symbol size=[10, 10],
         label opts=opts.LabelOpts(color=label color,
                                                                       font size=18,
font weight='bold', font family='monospace'),
         leaves label opts=opts.LabelOpts(color=label color,
                                                                       font size=18,
font weight='bold',
                                     font family='monospace'),
         is roam=True, # 是否开启交互
          .set series opts(linestyle opts=opts.LineStyleOpts(color="black",
curve=0.6))
          .set global opts(title opts=opts.TitleOpts(title=" 语 法 树
                                                                             冬
pos_top='10pxs', pos_left='center',
title textstyle opts=opts.TextStyleOpts(color='#2874B2')))
         .render("../data/语法树可视化图.html")
   )
SNL 语言交互界面代码:
class Window(QWidget):
   def __init__(self):
      super(Window, self). init ()
      sys.stdout = Stream(newText=self.console)
      self.setGeometry(200, 200, 1300, 800)
      self.setWindowTitle("SNL-Complier")
      font = QtGui.QFont("Monaco", 15)
      label font = QtGui.QFont("Monaco", 14)
      self.Program = QCodeEditor(self)
      self.Program.setAcceptRichText(False)
      self.Program.setFont(font)
      self.TokenList = QTextBrowser(self)
      self.TokenList.setFont(font)
      self.TokenList.setMaximumSize(300, 100000)
      self.SyntaxTree = QTextBrowser(self)
      self.SyntaxTree.setFont(font)
      self.SemanticTables = QTextBrowser(self)
      self.SemanticTables.setFont(font)
```

```
self.Console = QTextBrowser(self)
   self.Console.setFont(font)
   self.ConsoleLabel = QLabel('Console', self)
   self.ProgramLabel = QLabel('Program', self)
   self.TokenListLabel = QLabel('Token List', self)
   self.SyntaxTreeLabel = QLabel("Syntax Tree", self)
   self.SemanticTablesLabel = QLabel("Semantic Tables", self)
   self.ConsoleLabel.setFont(label font)
   self.ProgramLabel.setFont(label font)
   self.TokenListLabel.setFont(label font)
   self.SyntaxTreeLabel.setFont(label font)
   self.SemanticTablesLabel.setFont(label font)
   self.SyntaxTreeLabel.setOpenExternalLinks(True)
   self.ChooseButton = QComboBox()
   self.ChooseButton.addItem('递归下降分析')
   self.ChooseButton.addItem('LL1分析')
   self.FormatButton = QPushButton("Format")
   self.ResetButton = QPushButton("Reset")
   self.StartButton = QPushButton("Start")
   self.OpenButton = QPushButton("Open File")
   self.FormatButton.clicked.connect(self.format)
   self.ResetButton.clicked.connect(self.reset)
   self.StartButton.clicked.connect(self.start)
   self.OpenButton.clicked.connect(self.open)
   self.ProgramLayout = QVBoxLayout()
   self.TokenListLayout = QVBoxLayout()
   self.SyntaxTreeLayout = QVBoxLayout()
   self.SemanticTablesLayout = QVBoxLayout()
   self.OptionLayout = QVBoxLayout()
   self.ConsoleLayout = QVBoxLayout()
   self.first layout = QHBoxLayout()
   self.all h layout = QHBoxLayout()
   self.all v layout = QVBoxLayout()
   self.layout init()
   self.errLine = []
   # self.currentLineNumber = None
   # self.highligtCurrentLine()
   # self.Program.cursorPositionChanged.connect(self.highligtCurrentLine)
def open(self):
   filename = QFileDialog.getOpenFileName(self, '选择文件')
   print("choose file: \n", filename[0])
   if os.path.exists(filename[0]) is False:
```

```
return
   self.Program.setText("")
   with open(filename[0], "r") as f:
      txt = f.read()
      self.Program.setText(txt)
def format(self):
   self.Program.setText("")
def reset(self):
   self.Program.setText("")
   self.Console.setText("")
   self.SemanticTables.setText("")
   self.TokenList.setText("")
   self.SyntaxTree.setText("")
   self.errLine = []
def start(self):
   print("\n----")
   self.errLine = []
   self.SemanticTables.setText("")
   self.TokenList.setText("")
   self.SyntaxTree.setText("")
   self.SyntaxTreeLabel.setText('Syntax Tree')
   text = self.Program.toPlainText()
   with open('../data/program.txt', 'w') as f:
      f.write(text)
   f.close()
   with open('../data/token.txt', 'w') as f:
      f.write("")
   f.close()
   with open('../data/syntax tree.txt', 'w') as f:
      f.write("")
   f.close()
   with open('../data/semanticTables.txt', 'w') as f:
      f.write("")
   f.close()
   result = work(self.ChooseButton.currentIndex())
   if result:
      url = os.getcwd()
      url = url.replace('\\', '/')
      url = url.split('/')[:-1]
      url = "file://" + '/'.join(url) + '/data/语法树可视化图.html'
      url = f'<a href="{url}">Syntax Tree'
```

```
self.SyntaxTreeLabel.setText(url)
      with open('../data/token.txt', 'r') as f:
          tokenList = f.read()
      f.close()
      self.TokenList.setText(tokenList)
      with open('../data/syntax tree.txt', 'r') as f:
          tree = f.read()
      f.close()
      self.SyntaxTree.setText(tree)
      with open('.../data/semanticTables.txt', 'r') as f:
          semanticTables = f.read()
      f.close()
      self.SemanticTables.setText(semanticTables)
      self.mark()
   def mark(self):
      t = self.Program.toPlainText()
      tt = t.split('\n')
      self.Program.setText("")
      for i in range(len(tt)):
          # tt[i] = tt[i].replace(" ", " &nbsp ", -1)
          tt[i] = tt[i].replace(" ", " ", -1)
          tt[i] = tt[i].replace("<", "&lt;", -1)</pre>
          red = "<font style=\"background-color: #FF0000\">" + tt[i] + "</font>" +
"<br>"
          black = "<font>" + tt[i] + "</font>" + "<br>"
          flag = False
          for x in self.errLine:
             if i + 1 == x:
                flag = True
          if flag:
             self.Program.insertHtml(red)
          else:
             self.Program.insertHtml(black)
   def console(self, text):
      # text = "<font color=\"#FF0000\">" + text + "</font>"
      t = self.Console.toPlainText()
      self.Console.setText(t + text)
      if text.find("line") != -1:
          11 = text.split(" ")[0]
          num = ll.split(":")[-1]
          self.errLine.append(int(num))
```

```
# self.Console.moveCursor(QTextCursor.End)
      # self.Console.append(text)
self.Console.verticalScrollBar().setValue(self.Console.verticalScrollBar().maximum())
   def highligtCurrentLine(self):
      newCurrentLineNumber = self.Program.textCursor().blockNumber()
      if newCurrentLineNumber != self.currentLineNumber:
          lineColor = QColor(Qt.yellow).lighter(160)
          self.currentLineNumber = newCurrentLineNumber
          hi selection = QTextEdit.ExtraSelection()
          hi selection.format.setBackground(lineColor)
         hi selection.format.setProperty(QTextFormat.FullWidthSelection, True)
          hi selection.cursor = self.Program.textCursor()
         hi selection.cursor.clearSelection()
          self.Program.setExtraSelections([hi selection])
   def layout init(self):
      self.ConsoleLayout.addWidget(self.ConsoleLabel)
      self.ConsoleLayout.addWidget(self.Console)
      self.ProgramLayout.addWidget(self.ProgramLabel)
      self.ProgramLayout.addWidget(self.Program)
      self.TokenListLayout.addWidget(self.TokenListLabel)
      self.TokenListLayout.addWidget(self.TokenList)
      self.SyntaxTreeLayout.addWidget(self.SyntaxTreeLabel)
      self.SyntaxTreeLayout.addWidget(self.SyntaxTree)
      self.SemanticTablesLayout.addWidget(self.SemanticTablesLabel)
      self.SemanticTablesLayout.addWidget(self.SemanticTables)
      self.OptionLayout.addStretch(1)
      self.OptionLayout.addWidget(self.ChooseButton)
      # self.OptionLayout.addStretch(0.5)
      # self.OptionLayout.addWidget(self.FormatButton)
      self.OptionLayout.addStretch(0.5)
      self.OptionLayout.addWidget(self.ResetButton)
      self.OptionLayout.addStretch(0.5)
      self.OptionLayout.addWidget(self.StartButton)
      self.OptionLayout.addStretch(0.5)
      self.OptionLayout.addWidget(self.OpenButton)
      self.all h layout.addLayout(self.TokenListLayout)
      self.all h layout.addLayout(self.SyntaxTreeLayout)
      self.all h layout.addLayout(self.SemanticTablesLayout)
      self.first layout.addLayout(self.ProgramLayout)
```

```
self.first_layout.addLayout(self.ConsoleLayout)
self.first_layout.addLayout(self.OptionLayout)
self.all_v_layout.addLayout(self.first_layout)
self.all_v_layout.addLayout(self.all_h_layout)
self.setLayout(self.all_v_layout)
```