


# Interactive quiz for Week 1

## Quick-fire true or false around the class.

- ✓ 1. In symmetric-key crypto, the decryption key is the same as the encryption key.
- ✗ 2. In public-key crypto, the decryption key and the encryption key are completely different and independent of each other.
- ✗ 3. In a one-time pad, the length of the key must be at least half the length of the message.
- ✗ 4. The one-time pad is vulnerable to frequency analysis (e.g., exploiting the fact that E is the most common letter in English).
- ✓ 5. DES has 16 rounds.
- ✓ 6. If you made a version of DES with only 10 rounds, it would be faster.
- ✓ 7. But it would be less secure.
- ✓ 8. If you made a version of DES with 20 rounds, it would be slower.
- ✓ 9. But it would be more secure.
- ✓ 10. Encryption with DES involves computing the DES Feistel function in each round.
- ✗ 11. Decryption with DES involves computing the inverse of the DES Feistel function in each round. 
- ✓ 12. The 16 subkeys  $K_1$  to  $K_{16}$  of DES are each of length 48.

- ~~X~~ 13. The 16 subkeys  $K_1$  to  $K_{16}$  of DES are mathematically independent of each other.
- ~~✓~~ 14. You could decrypt a DES ciphertext by trying each of the  $2^{56} \approx 10^{17}$  keys in turn.
- ~~✓~~ 15. But this would take longer than the lifetime of the universe on any computer known to humankind.
- ~~X~~ 16. The S-boxes in DES are not needed. You could create a version of DES without the S-boxes and it would be just as secure.
- ~~X~~ 17. If the key is 000...0 (i.e., all zeros) then DES encryption does nothing. In other words,  $\text{Enc}_{000\dots 0}(m) = m$  for all messages  $m$ .
- ~~✓~~ 18.  $\text{Dec}_k(\text{Enc}_k(m)) = m$  for all keys  $k$  and messages  $m$ .
- ~~✓~~ 19.  $\text{Enc}_k(\text{Dec}_k(m)) = m$  for all keys  $k$  and messages  $m$ .
- ~~X~~ 20.  $\text{Enc3DES}_{k_1, k_2, k_3}(m) = \text{Enc}_{k_1}(\text{Enc}_{k_2}(\text{Enc}_{k_3}(m)))$ .
- ~~✓~~ 21.  $\text{Enc3DES}_{k_1, k_2, k_3}(m) = \text{Enc}_{k_1}(\text{Dec}_{k_2}(\text{Enc}_{k_3}(m)))$ .
- ~~X~~ 22. DES is more secure than 3DES.
- ~~✓~~ 23. AES is more secure than DES.
- ~~✓~~ 24. AES is more secure than 3DES.
- ~~✓~~ 25. AES is faster than 3DES.
- ~~✓~~ 26. No-one uses DES anymore.
- ~~X~~ 27. No-one uses AES anymore.