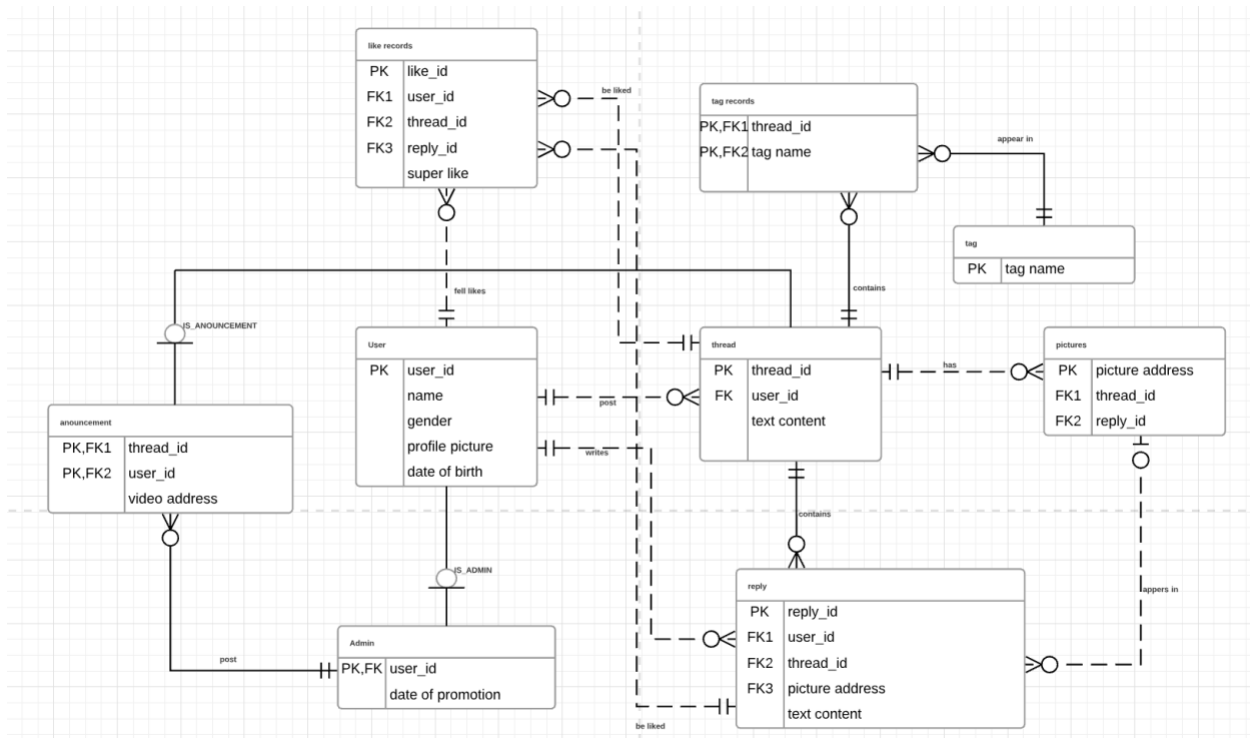


## Homework 1

## Forum

You Wu 9304858998



The user entity has one primary key as user\_id, and several prime attributes like name, gender, profile picture and date of birth.

The administrator entity is partial inherited from the normal user entity which has the user\_id as both the primary key and the foreign key.

Because most of the data of the profile data will be inherited from the user entity, so the only prime attribute left in the Admin entity is the date of promotion.

For the user entity, it can create threads. The user entity and thread entity have a 1:M relationship, where each user can create multiple threads but each tuple in thread entity can only be related to one user entity. The thread entity has thread\_id as their primary key, and has user\_id as foreign key and text content as prime key.

Thread entity also has a 1:M relationship with pictures. Each thread can be related to multiple or zero pictures in picture entity. The picture entity has picture address as primary key and use thread\_id as the foreign key in this relationship.

Because thread could contain several or zero tags. I use a tag set entity to connect tag entity and thread entity. Each tuple in tag set entity is a record for thread thread\_id to have tag tag\_name.

The reply entity is written by the user entity, so it has a 1:M relationship with the user entity. The thread entity also contains reply entity. Each user can have several replies under different thread and each thread can have multiple replies related to it. The reply entity has reply\_id as primary key and has user\_id, thread\_id and picture address as their foreign key. Because at most 1 picture could be included in one reply, so the picture address attribute could be null or related to pictures.

All the like mechanism are implemented by the like\_records entity. Users can like either thread or reply. And each time they press like, there will generate a record in the like\_record entity. If user liked a thread, the thread\_id will be recorded and reply\_id will set null. Otherwise a user liked a reply, the reply\_id will be recorded. If a user feels superlike, the private attribute superlike will be set to 1 (default by 0). The primary key of the like\_records entity is like\_id. It has relationship with user entity, reply entity and thread entity.

The announcement entity is inherited from thread. The only difference is that it may contains a video address indicates that it contains a video with the announcement. The announcement should be posted by admin so it has a foreign key as user\_id to indicate which administrator posted the announcement.