# Database project part 3 E-commerce database

Name: Supreeth Mudduchetty Email - <a href="mailto:smuddu2@pdx.edu">smuddu2@pdx.edu</a>

# New questions designed

- 1. Which order has the most no of items? Return the order\_id and the customer who made it too.
- 2. Which all orders would not get affected due to the availability of one of the products in the order

### Code

#### Code to connect to Postgres

```
import psycopg2
import pandas as pd

def initialize():
    connection = psycopg2.connect(
        user = "supreeth_mudduchetty", #username that you use
        password = "postgres", #password that you use, you don't need to include your password when submiting your code
        host = "localhost",
        port = "5432",
        database = "supreeth_mudduchetty"
    )
    connection.autocommit = True
    return connection
```

#### Function that runs my query first query

```
def runQuery_1(conn):
   select_Query = """select * from (
   select od.order_id , c.cust_id,sum(od.quantity) No_of_Items
   from order_details od join orders o
   on o.order_id = od.order_id
   join customers c on
   c.cust_id=o.cust_id
   group by od.order_id,c.cust_id
) as tempTbl
where tempTbl.No_of_Items = (
   select max(temp2.No_of_Items) from (
       select sum(od.quantity) as No_of_Items,od.order_id
   from order_details od join orders o
   on o.order_id = od.order_id
   group by od.order_id
    ) as temp2
    Query_df = pd.DataFrame(columns = ['Order ID', 'Customer_ID', 'Order_item_count'])
   with conn.cursor() as cursor:
            cursor.execute(select_Query)
            records = cursor.fetchall()
            for row in records:
                output_df ={'Order ID': row[0], 'Customer_ID': row[1], 'Order_item_count': row[2]}
                Query_df = Query_df.append(output_df, ignore_index=True)
            print(Query_df)
```

#### Result of the above query

```
Last login: Thu Nov 17 11:35:42 on ttys000
[supreeth_mudduchetty@supreeths-MacBook-Air Python_files % python3 db_connect.py
//users/supreeth_mudduchetty@supreeths-MacBook-Air Python_files % python3 db_connect.py
//users/supreeth_mudduchetty/Desktop/PSU/Fall_Courses/Into_to_DB/Project files/Python_files/db_connect.py:106: FutureWarning: The frame.append method is deprecated and will be re
version. Use pandas.concat instead.
Query_df = Query_df.append(output_df, ignore_index=True)
Order ID Customer_ID Order_item_count
0 B-25701 CA99 26
```

#### Function that runs my query first query

```
def runQuery_2(conn):
   select_Query = """select distinct od.order_id
   from order_details od
   where od.order_id not in (
   select distinct od.order_id
   from order_details od join products p
   on od.prod_id=p.prod_id
   where p.availability = 'NO'
   Query_df = pd.DataFrame(columns = ['Order ID'])
   with conn.cursor() as cursor:
            cursor.execute(select_Query)
            records = cursor.fetchall()
            for row in records:
                output_df ={'Order ID': row[0]}
                Query_df = Query_df.append(output_df, ignore_index=True)
            print(Query df)
```

#### Result of the above query

```
Order ID
     B-25732
0
     B-25741
1
2
     B-25647
3
     B-25727
     B-25707
4
108 B-25694
109 B-25642
110 B-25632
111 B-25650
112
    B-25649
[113 rows x 1 columns]
```

Screenshot of main function that calls my establish connection function and my execute query functions.

```
def main():
    conn = initialize()
    # createTable(conn)
    # insertTable(conn)
    # runQuery_test(conn)
    runQuery_1(conn)
    runQuery_2(conn)
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

## Screenshot of libraries imported

#### **Pandas**

```
supreeth_mudduchetty@supreeths-MacBook-Air ~ % pip3 install pandas
Collecting pandas
  Downloading pandas-1.5.1-cp310-cp310-macosx_11_0_arm64.whl (10.8 MB)
                                              - 10.8/10.8 MB 27.1 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting python-dateutil>=2.8.1
 Downloading python_dateutil-2.8.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (247 kB)
                                            - 247.7/247.7 kB 17.6 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting numpy>=1.21.0
  Downloading numpy-1.23.4-cp310-cp310-macosx_11_0_arm64.whl (13.3 MB)
                                              - 13.3/13.3 MB 26.4 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting pytz>=2020.1
  Downloading pytz-2022.6-py2.py3-none-any.whl (498 kB)
                                             498.1/498.1 kB 22.1 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting six >= 1.5
 Downloading six-1.16.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (11 kB)
Installing collected packages: pytz, six, numpy, python-dateutil, pandas
Successfully installed numpy-1.23.4 pandas-1.5.1 python-dateutil-2.8.2 pytz-2022.6 six-1.16.0
[notice] A new release of pip available: 22.2.2 -> 22.3.1
[notice] To update, run: pip3 install --upgrade pip
[supreeth_mudduchetty@supreeths-MacBook-Air Desktop % pip3 show pandas
Name: pandas
Version: 1.5.1
Summary: Powerful data structures for data analysis, time series, and statistics
Home-page: https://pandas.pydata.org
Author: The Pandas Development Team
Author-email: pandas-dev@python.org
License: BSD-3-Clause
Location: /Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.10/lib/python3.10/site-packages
Requires: numpy, python-dateutil, pytz
Required-by:
```

#### psycopg2-binary