

## Question 1

a)

To determine if

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} ne^{-n^2}$$

converges, I will use the integral test.

That is, I will find

$$\int_0^{\infty} ne^{-n^2} dn$$

and if this converges/diverges, then the sum converges/diverges respectively.

Let  $u = n^2$ , therefore  $du = 2n \, dn$ , therefore  $\frac{1}{2}du = n \, dn$

Therefore when  $n = 0$ ,  $u = 0^2 = 0$ , and when  $n = \infty$ ,  $u = n^2 = \infty$

Therefore

$$\begin{aligned} & \int_0^{\infty} ne^{-n^2} dn \\ &= \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^t \frac{1}{2} e^{-u} du \\ &= \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \left. \frac{-e^{-u}}{2} \right|_0^t \\ &= \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-e^{-t}}{2} - \frac{-e^{-0}}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$= \frac{0}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$ , therefore since the integral converges and since all the terms are positive, the sum converges absolutely.