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NLP FINAL REVIEW DOCUMENT

PROJECT TITLE TEXT SUMMARIZATION USING TEXT RANKING

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ABSTRACT

Text Summarization is one of those operations of Natural Language Processing (NLP) which is bound to have a huge impact on our lives. The demand for automatic textbook summarization systems is spiking these days thanks to the vacuity of large quantities of textual data. In this design we take a dataset with the interview papers of sportspersons and epitomize the big papers into small paragraphs.

The algorithm we use is Text Ranking. We use Extractive Summarization, this relies on rooting several corridor, similar as expressions and rulings, from a piece of textbook and mound them together to produce a summary. Thus, relating the right sentence for summarization is of utmost significance in an extractive system

LITERATURE SURVEY

TECHNIQUES USED FOR TEXT SUMMARIZATION

Text summarization is generally divided into abstractive and extractive. The short description about each approach is discuss in following section:

Abstractive Summarization Approach

Summarizations by abstractive technique are commonly classify into two categories: Structured based approach and Semantic based approach

Structured Based Approach:

Structured based approach encodes mainly main information from the text through cognitive schemes such as templates, extraction rules and other structure such as tree, ontology, lead and body phrase arrangement

ABSTARCTIVE TEXT SUMMARIZATIONMETHODS: USING STRUCTURED BASED APPROACHS

Methods	Description	Advantages	Limitation	Author & Year
Tree Based	-It use a	- It walks on	- It lack a	Barzilay and
Method(T	dependency	units of the	complete	McKeown (1999,
BM)	tree to	given	model which	2005) et al.
	represent the	document read	would include	
	text of a	and easy to	an abstract	
	document.	summary.	demonstration	
	-It uses either		for content	
	a language		selection.	
	generator or an			
	algorithm for			
	generation of			
	summary.			
Template	-It uses a	-It generates	Requires	Harabagiu and
Based	template to	summary is	designing of	Lacatusu (2002)
Method	represent a	highly coherent	templates and	
	whole	because it	generalization	
	document.	relies on	of template is	
	Linguistic	relevant	to difficult	
	pattern or	information		
	extraction	identified by		
	rules are	IE system		
	matched to			
	classify text			
	snippets that			
	will be			
	mapped into			
0:4-1	template slots	-14-1-	T1.:	I 1 I' (2005)
Ontology Based	-Use ontology	-sketch relation or	-This approach is limited to	Lee and Jian (2005),
Method	(knowledge base) to		Chinese news	Meghana
Method	improve the	context is easy due to		viswanath(2006), et al.
	process of	ontology -	only Creating Rule	ai.
	summarization.	Handles	based method	
	-It exploit	uncertainty at	for handling	
	-		_	
			_	
		amount	difficult task.	
	-			
	0.			
Lead and		-It is good for	-Parsing errors	Tanaka and
		_	_	
Method		_	sentential	
	phrases	revisions for	completeness	
Lead and Body Phrase Method	fuzzy ontology to handle uncertain statistics that simple domain ontology cannot - This method is based on the operations of	realistic amount -It is good for semantically appropriate	uncertainty is a difficult task. -Parsing errors degrade sentential	Tanaka and Kinoshita (2009) .

	(insertion and	revising a lead	such as	
	substitution)	sentence.	grammaticality	
	that have same		and repetition.	
	syntactic head		-It focuses on	
	chunk in the		rewriting	
	lead and body		techniques, and	
	sentences in		lacks a	
	order to rewrite		complete	
	the lead		model which	
	sentence.		would include	
			an abstract	
			representation	
			for content	
			selection	
Rule Based	-Documents to	-It has a	-The drawback	Genest and Lapalme
Method	be summarized	potential for	of this	(2012)[2]
	are represented	Creating	methodology is	
	in terms of	Summaries	that all the	
	categories and	with greater	rules and	
	a list of	information	pattern are	
	aspects.	density than	manually	
		current state of	written, which	
		art.	is tedious &	
			Time	
			consuming.	

Semantic Based Approach

In Semantic based approach, semantic illustration of file is used to feed into natural language generation (NLG) system. This technique focus on identify noun phrase and verb phrase by processing linguistic data.

EXTRACTIVE TEXT SUMMARIZATION TECHNIQUES USING SEMANTIC BASED APPROACH

Methods	Description	Advantages	Limitation	Author & Year
Multimodal	A semantic	-An important	- The limitation	Greenbacker
semantic model	model, which	advantage of	of this structure	(2011)
	captures	this structure is	is that it is	
	concepts and	that it produces	automatically	
	relationship	abstract	evaluated by	
	among	summary,	humans.	
	concepts, is			

	built to represent the contents of multimodal documents	whose coverage is excellent because it includes salient textual and graphical content from the entire document		
Information Item Based Method	-The contents of summary are generated from Abstract representation of source documents, rather than from sentences of Source documents The abstract Representation is Information Item, which is the smallest element of Coherent information in a Text	-The major strength of this approach is that it produces short, coherent, information rich and less redundant summary	-It rejected due to the difficulty of creating meaningful and grammatical sentences from them Linguistic quality of summaries is very low due to incorrect parses	Genest and Lapalme (2011)
Semantic Graph Based Method	-This method is used to summarize a document by creating a semantic graph called Rich Semantic Graph (RSG) for the Original document, reducing the Generated semantic graph.	- It produces concise, coherent and less redundant And grammatically Correct sentences	This method is limited to single Document abstractive summarization	Moawad & Aref (2012) et al.

B. Extractive Summarization Techniques

An extractive summarization technique consists of selecting main sentences, paragraphs etc. from the original file and concatenating them into shorter form. The importance of sentence is determined based on statistical and linguistic features of sentences

Methods	Description	Author & Year
Term Frequency Inverse	-Sentence frequency is	M.Fachrurrozi, Novi
Document Frequency	defined as the number of	Yusliani, and Rizky Utami
Method	sentences in the document	Yoanita, (2013) et al.
	that contain that termThen	, , ,
	this sentence vectors are	
	scored by similarity to the	
	query and the highest	
	scoring sentences are picked	
	to be part of the summary	
Graph Theoretic Approach	-Graph theoretic	Rada Mihalcea, Niraj Kumar
	representation of passages	et al.
	provides a method of	
	identification of themes	
	After the general pre-	
	processing steps,	
	specifically, stemming	
	and stop word removal;	
	sentences in the	
	documents are represent	
	as nodes in an undirected	
	Graph	
Text summarization With	This technique involves	Khosrow Kaikhan(2004),
the Neural Networks	training the neural networks	Sarda A.T. and Kulkarni
	to learn the types of	A.R.(2015).
	sentences that must be	
	integrated in the summary	
	It uses 3- layered Feed	
	Forward neural network	
Automatic TS based on	-This method considers each	Ladda Suanmali, Naomie
fuzzy logic	characteristic of a text such	Salim, and Mohammed
	as similarity to title,	Salem Binwahlan (2009) et
	sentence length and	al.
	similarity to key word etc. as	
	the input of the fuzzy	
	system.	
Query Based Extractive	In query based text	Ibrahim Imam, Nihal
Text Summarization	summarization system, the	Nounou, Alaa Hamouda et
	sentences in a given	al.
	document are scored based	
	on the frequency counts of	
	termsIt uses Vector Space	
	Model	

The existed works on this topic and how they solved:

For text summarization they used many methods like tree, template, ontology, lead and body phrase, and rule based methods in structured based approach but they lacks in different ways like lack in model for content selection, designing and generalization of template is difficult and some are time consuming etc same for semantic based approach. In extractive summarization technique they solved by using methods like graph theoretic approach, with neural networks, term-frequency inverse document method, automatic TS based on fuzzy logic, query based here also they lack like in TF-IDF which may be slow for large vocabularies., measures are fundamentally limited in GTA, for NN in text summarization requires a lot of computational power, and some doesn't have the correct sense to summarize so these are all the methods used and solved.

The proposed method to solve the problem:

We use text ranking algorithm for text extraction, in this number of common words measure the sentences similarity, it gives the most informative document or summary also used in order to find the most relevant sentences in text and also to find most relevant keywords

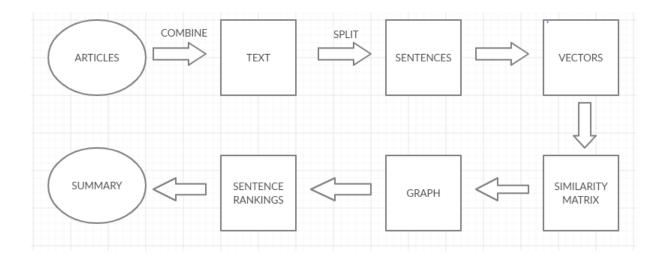
ALGORITHM

Text Rank Algorithm

Let's understand the Text Rank algorithm, now that we have a grasp on PageRank. we have listed the similarity between these 2 algorithms below:

- In place of web pages, we make use of sentences
- Similarity among any 2 sentences are used as an equal to the web page transition probability
- The similarity scores are store up in a square matrix, similar to the matrix M use for PageRank algorithm

Text Rank is an extractive and unsupervised text summarization method. Let's come across at the flow of the Text Rank algorithm that we will be following:



- The initial step would be to concatenate all the content contained in the articles
- Then split the text into the individual sentences in second step
- After that step, we will find vector representation (word embeddings) for every sentence
- Similarities between sentence vectors are then calculate and those are stored in a matrix
- The similarity matrix is converted into a graph, with sentences as vertices and similarity scores as edges, for sentence rank calculation
- Finally, definite number of top-ranked sentences form the final summary

CONCLUSION

Automatic Text Summarization is a hot topic in research .Text Summarization is one of those application of NLP which is having clear to have a vast impact on our lives. With rising digital media and ever growing publishing — who has the point to go through entire articles / documents / books to choose whether they are useful or not.so here we are using text ranking algorithm which give the finest summarization and also gives us proficient prediction.

RESULT

The text summarization of the article was done efficiently by the text ranking algorithm. This algorithm finds plays an important role in summarization and is used in various application. And as well as the LSTM model also able to perform and evaluate efficiently.

FUTURE WORK

Coming to future work, we will explore the abstractive text summarization technique. In addition, we also look into the following summarization tasks: Problem specific-Multiple domain text summarization, Single-document summarization. Algorithm-specific: Text summarization using Reinforcement Learning.

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[5]Blog Vidhya Analytics https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/blog/2018/11/introduct ion-text-summarization-textrank-python/	