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# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
list comprehension
Summary By: Varpe K. M.
Reference: https://www.pythonforbeginners.com/basics/list-comprehensions-in-python
The list comprehension starts with a '[' and ']', to help you remember that the
result is going to be a lis
....
new_list = [expression(i) for i in old_list if filter(i)]
new list
The new list (result).
expression(i)
Expression is based on the variable used for each element in the old list.
for i in old list
The word for followed by the variable name to use, followed by the word in the
old list.
if filter(i)
Apply a filter with an If-statement.
new_range = [i * i for i in range(5)
                                         if i % 2 == 0]
print(new_range)
###############
x = [i for i in range(10)]
print(x)
###########
squares = []
for x in range(10):
    squares.append(x**2)
print(squares)
# Or you can use list comprehensions to get the same result:
squares = [x**2 \text{ for } x \text{ in range}(10)]
print(squares)
#############
list1 = [3,4,5]
multiplied = [item*3 for item in list1]
print(multiplied)
################
We will take the first letter of each word and make a list out of it.
listOfWords = ["this","is","a","list","of","words"]
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items = [ word[0] for word in listOfWords ]

print(items)

################

"""

Let's show how easy you can convert lower case / upper case letters.

print([x.lower() for x in ["A","B","C"]])

print([x.upper() for x in ["a","b","c"]])

###############

string = "Hello 12345 World"

numbers = [x for x in string if x.isdigit()]

print(numbers)
```