

Course Code : CSE 404

Course Title : Software Engineering and ISD Laboratory

Project name: Bus ticket booking management system

Experiment no: 09

Experiment name: Applying Coding Standard principles to the Java/C# Code

Generated from UML Class Diagram

# **Submitted To**

## Dr. Mohammad Zahidur Rahman

**Professor** 

## Dr. Md. Humayun Kabir

Professor

Department of Computer Science & Engineering Jahangirnagar University, Savar.

Group No : 02

Group members :

Sl	Class Roll	Name
01	342	Tama Shil
02	370	Prokash Maitra
03	374	Mubasher adnan jihad
04	375	Pritam Saha

#### **Pritam Saha**

#### ID:375

Applying coding standards to Java or C# code generated from a UML class diagram for a bus ticket management system is crucial for ensuring code consistency, readability, maintainability, and collaboration among developers.

Let's provide more detailed guidelines for applying coding standard principles to the Java and C# code generated from a UML class diagram for a bus ticket management system:

Naming Conventions:

- 1. Classes:
  - Use clear, descriptive names for classes, reflecting their purpose.
  - Follow Pascal Case for class names.

```
Example (Java):
class BusTicketManager {
   // ...
}
```

- 2. Variables and Fields:
  - -Use meaningful, camelCase names for variables and fields.
  - -Prefix member variables with "this" (Java) for distinguishing them from local variables.

Example (Java):

private String passengerName;

- 3. \*\*Methods\*\*:
  - Use descriptive names for methods that reflect their actions.
  - Follow camelCase for method names.

```
Example (Java):

public void bookTicket(String passengerName) {// ... }
```

# Mubasher Adnan Jihad

#### **Roll:374**

- 4. \*\*Constants\*\*:
  - Use uppercase letters for constants.
  - Separate words with underscores (Java) or use PascalCase (C#) for constant names.

```
Example (Java):

public static final int MAX_TICKETS = 10;
```

# **### Code Formatting and Style:**

- 5. Indentation and Bracing:
  - Use consistent indentation (typically 4 spaces or a tab).
  - -Place opening braces on the same line (Java) or a new line (C#).
  - Maintain consistent brace style throughout the codebase.

```
Example (Java):
if (condition) {
    // Code block
} else {
    // Code block
}
```

- 6. \*\*Comments and Documentation\*\*:
  - Add comments to clarify complex logic, especially if it's not immediately obvious.
  - Use JavaDoc (Java) or XML comments (C#) to document methods and classes for auto-generating documentation.

```
Example (Java):

/**

* This method books a ticket for the given passenger.
```

```
* @ passengerName The name of the passenger.
*/
public void bookTicket(String passengerName) {
  // ...
}
```

#### **Prokash Maitra**

#### **Roll:370**

## ### Code Structure and Organization:

- 7. \*\*Modularity and Single Responsibility\*\*:
  - Follow the Single Responsibility Principle (SRP). Keep classes focused on one task.
  - Organize code into logical packages or namespaces.
  - Use appropriate access modifiers (public, private, etc.) to control visibility and enforce encapsulation.
- 8. \*\*Code Reusability\*\*:
  - Encapsulate reusable code into functions, methods, or libraries to promote code reuse and maintainability.
  - Avoid duplicating code.

## ### Error Handling and Exception Handling:

- 9. \*\*Error Handling\*\*:
  - Implement proper error handling using try-catch blocks.
  - Provide meaningful error messages or log exceptions for debugging.

```
Example (Java):
try {
    // Code that may throw an exception
} catch (SomeException e) {
    // Handle the exception or log it
}
```

#### Tama Shil

#### ID:342

- 10.\*\*Version Control and Collaboration\*\*:
  - Use a version control system (e.g., Git) for code management.
  - Collaborate with team members through version control repositories.
  - Follow branching and merging strategies as needed.

# ### Code Analysis and Reviews:

- 11.\*\*Static Code Analysis\*\*:
  - Utilize static code analysis tools (e.g., Checkstyle for Java, StyleCop for C#) to enforce coding standards automatically.
- 12.\*\*Code Reviews\*\*:
  - Conduct code reviews with team members to ensure adherence to coding standards and identify potential improvements.

By adhering to these coding standard principles and guidelines, you can produce well-structured, readable, and maintainable code for your bus ticket management system, regardless of whether it's generated from a UML class diagram or written manually. Consistency in coding standards helps improve collaboration among developers and reduces the chances of introducing bugs and defects.



Course Code : CSE 404

Course Title : Software Engineering and ISD Laboratory

Project name: Bus ticket booking management system

Experiment no: 09

Experiment name: Applying Coding Standard principles to the Java/C# Code

Generated from UML Class Diagram

## **Submitted To**

## Dr. Mohammad Zahidur Rahman

**Professor** 

## Dr. Md. Humayun Kabir

Professor

Department of Computer Science & Engineering Jahangirnagar University, Savar.

Group No : 02

Group members :

Sl	Class Roll	Name
01	342	Tama Shil
02	370	Prokash Maitra
03	374	Mubasher adnan jihad
04	375	Pritam Saha