



Course Code : CSE 404

Course Title : Software Engineering and ISD Laboratory

Project name : Bus ticket booking management system

Experiment no: 09

Experiment name: Applying Coding Standard principles to the Java/C# Code

Generated from UML Class Diagram

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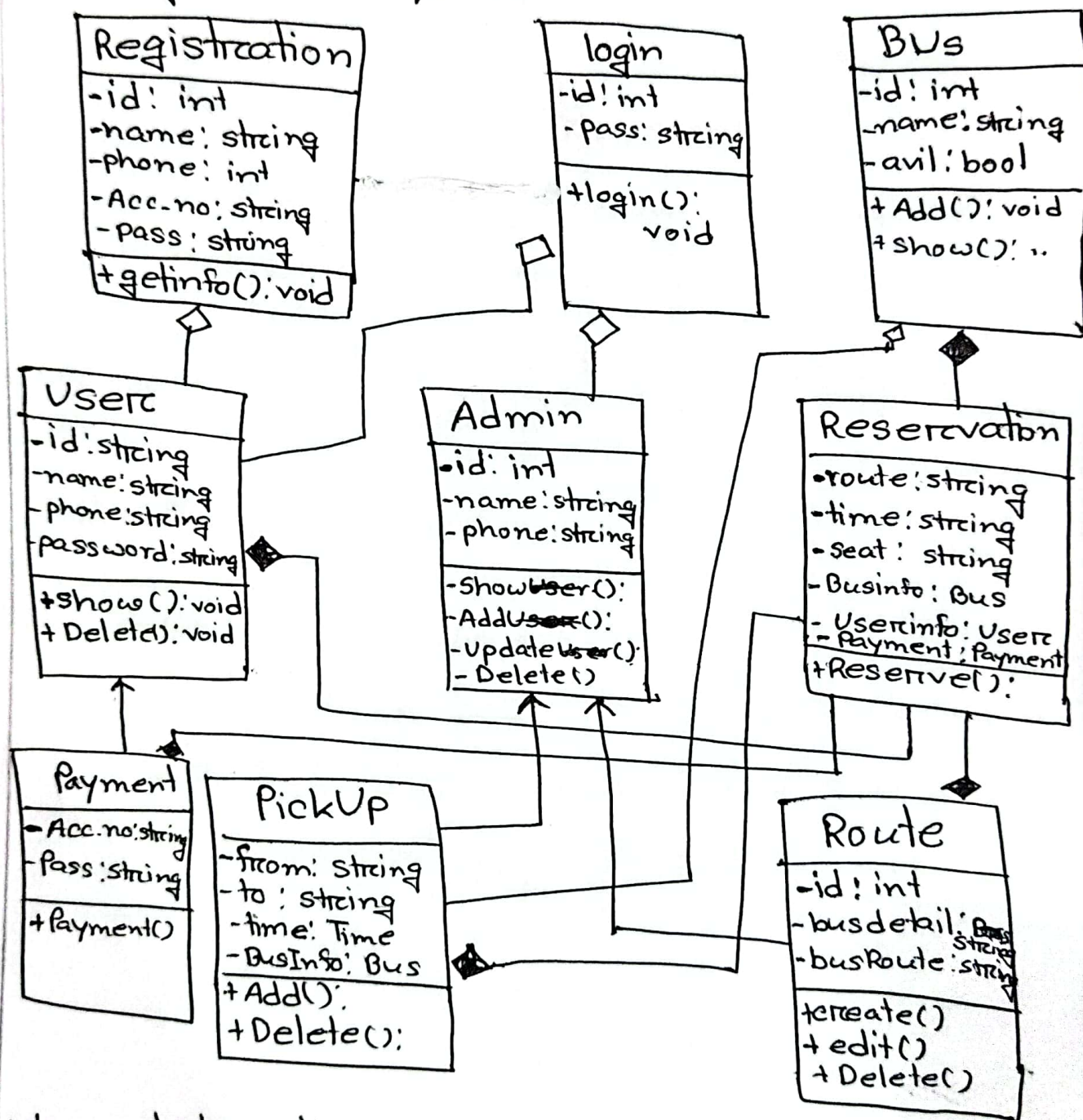
Group No : 02

Group members :

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The UML class diagram of bus ticket management system-



Now lets discuss the coding standard for bus ticket management system.

Title: Applying coding standards to Java principles to the Java/C# code Generated from UML Class Diagram.

Applying coding standards to Java or C# code generated from a UML class diagram for a bus ticket management system is crucial for ensuring code consistency, readability, maintainability and collaboration among developers.

Lets provide more detailed guidelines for applying coding standard principles to the Java and C# code generated from a UML class diagram for a bus ticket management system.

Naming Conventions:

1. classes:

- Use clear, descriptive names for classes, reflecting their purpose
- Follow Pascal case for class names.

Example (Java):

```
class BusTicketManager {
```

```
// ...
```

```
}
```

2 Variables and Fields

- Use meaningful, camelcase names for variables and fields.
- Prefix member variables with 'this' (Java) for distinguishing them from local variables.

Example (Java) :

```
private String passengerName;
```

3. ** Methods ** :

- Use descriptive names for methods that reflect their actions.
- Follow camelcase for method names.

Example (Java) :

```
public void bookTicket (String passengerName)
```

```
// ...
```

```
}
```


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4. **** Constants ****

- Use uppercase letters for constants.
- Separate words with underscores (Java) or use Pascal case (C#) for constant names.

Example (Java):

```
public static int MAX-TICKETS = 10;
```

Code formatting and style

5. Indentation and Bracing

- Use consistent indentation (typically 4 spaces)
- Place opening braces on the same line (Java) or a new line (C#)
- Maintain consistent brace style throughout the codebase.

Example (Java):

```
if (condition) {  
    // code block  
} else {  
    // code block  
}
```

6. ** Comments and documentation **

- Add comments to clarify complex logic, especially if it's not immediately obvious.
- Use Javadoc(Java) or XML comments(C++) to document methods and classes for auto generating documentation.

Example (Java):

```
/*  
 * This method books a ticket for the given  
 * passenger.  
 * @ passengerName The name of the passenger.  
 */  
public void bookTicket (String passengerName)  
{  
    // ...  
}
```

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Experiment: Applying Code standard principles to the
Java/C# code generated from UML
Class diagram of Bus Ticket Management
System

Code structure and organization:

7. **Modularity and Single Responsibility**:

- Follow the single Responsibility Principle (SRP).

Keep classes focused on one task.

- Organize code into logical packages or namespace.

- Use appropriate access modifiers (public, private) to control visibility and enforce encapsulation.

8. **Code Reusability**

- Encapsulate reusable code into functions, methods, or libraries to promote code reuse and maintainability.

- Avoid duplicating code.

Error Handling and Exception Handling:

9. ** Error Handling ** :

- Implement proper error handling using try-catch blocks.
- Provide meaningful error messages or log exceptions for debugging.

Example (Java) :

```
try {
```

```
// Code that may throw an exception
```

```
} {
```

```
catch (SomeException e) {
```

```
// Handle the exception or log it
```

```
}
```


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10. Version Control and Collaboration;

- Use a version control system (Git) for code management
- Collaborate with team members through version control repositories.
- Follow branching and merging strategies as needed.

Code Analysis Reviews:

11. Static Code Analysis -

- Utilize static code analysis tools (checkstyle for Java, StyleCop for C#) to enforce coding standards automatically.

12. Code Reviews

- Conduct code reviews with team members to ensure adherence to coding standards and identify potential improvements.

By adhering to these coding standard principles and guidelines, you can produce well-structured, readable and maintainable code for bus ticket management system, regardless of whether it is generated from a UML class diagram or written manually. Consistency in coding standards helps improving collaboration among developers and reduces the chances of introducing bugs and reports.

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