High-Level Design Document

Project Title: Book Recommendation System Using K-Means Clustering

1. Overview

The Book Recommendation System aims to suggest books to users based on similarity in genres, authors, and publishers. The core of the system leverages **K-Means Clustering** to group books into clusters of similar characteristics. Users can input a book title and receive recommendations of other books within the same cluster.

The system is deployed as a web application, accessible via a front-end interface, and backed by a machine learning model (K-Means) for clustering and recommendation logic.

2. Objectives

 Primary Goal: Provide book recommendations based on the clustering of similar book attributes.

Secondary Goals:

- Use machine learning (K-Means) to identify clusters of books with similar attributes.
- Deploy the application using Azure Web App for accessibility.
- o Implement continuous integration and deployment (CI/CD) using **GitHub Actions**.

3. System Architecture

3.1 Logical Architecture

The system consists of the following primary components:

1. User Interface (Front-End):

- A simple HTML/CSS/JavaScript front-end allowing users to input a book title and retrieve recommendations.
- Users interact with the system via a browser.

2. Web Server (Back-End):

- o A Flask web server that processes user requests and returns recommendations.
- The back-end also handles routes for:
 - Retrieving book recommendations (/recommend).
 - Fetching all book titles for the autocomplete feature (/get_book_titles).

3. Machine Learning Model:

 K-Means Clustering model to classify books based on attributes (Title, Author, Publisher, Genre, Subgenre). TF-IDF (Term Frequency-Inverse Document Frequency) vectorization used to convert text data into numerical format for clustering.

4. Database (Data Storage):

 A CSV file (or database) containing book metadata such as Title, Author, Publisher, Genre, SubGenre.

5. **Deployment**:

- Application hosted on Azure Web App.
- o Integration with **GitHub** for source control and deployment pipeline.

3.2 Technical Architecture

Technology Stack:

- Front-End: HTML, CSS, JavaScript, Jinja2 (templating with Flask).
- Back-End: Python (Flask), Pandas, Scikit-learn, TF-IDF for feature extraction, K-Means for clustering.
- Database: CSV file for book metadata.
- **Deployment**: Azure Web App, GitHub Actions for CI/CD.
- ML Model Management: MLflow for model logging and versioning.

4. Detailed Design

4.1 Data Flow

- 1. **User Input**: The user enters a book title into the front-end form.
- 2. **API Request**: The form submission triggers an API request to the Flask back-end with the input book title.

3. Recommendation Logic:

- o The back-end uses the K-Means model to determine the cluster for the input book.
- Books from the same cluster are identified and returned as recommendations.
- 4. **API Response**: The recommended book titles are returned as a JSON response.
- 5. Display Results: The front-end displays the list of recommended books to the user.

4.2 Back-End Design

Routes:

- GET /: Loads the homepage where the user can input a book title.
- GET /recommend: Accepts a book title as input, retrieves similar books from the same cluster, and returns the recommendations in JSON format.
- GET /get_book_titles: Provides a list of book titles for the autocomplete feature.

Functions:

- **get_all_book_titles()**: Retrieves all book titles from the dataset for the autocomplete feature.
- **get_recommendations(title)**: Takes a book title as input, determines its cluster, and returns books from the same cluster as recommendations.

5. Deployment Workflow

The deployment process is automated using GitHub Actions and Azure Web App.

1. **Code Push**: Developers push code to the GitHub repository.

2. CI/CD Pipeline:

- o GitHub Actions detects the push event and triggers the CI pipeline.
- The code is built, and tests are run.
- The pipeline deploys the latest version of the web application to Azure Web App using the stored publish profile.

5.1 Deployment Steps:

- Configure the **Azure Web App** in the Azure Portal.
- Connect the GitHub repository to Azure via the Deployment Center in the Azure Web App.
- Add the Azure Web App publish profile as a secret in the GitHub repository.
- Set up the CI/CD pipeline using GitHub Actions.
- Deploy the Flask application, including the K-Means model, to the Azure Web App.

6. System Components

6.1 Key Components:

- ML Model: K-Means model to cluster books based on their metadata.
- **Web App**: Flask-based application to serve the recommendation system.
- Database: A CSV file containing book metadata such as Title, Author, Publisher, Genre, Subgenre.
- **GitHub Actions**: For CI/CD automation and deployment to Azure.
- **Azure Web App**: Hosting platform for the web application.

7. Security Considerations

• **Environment Variables**: Sensitive information such as the Azure publish profile is stored in GitHub secrets.

• **Input Validation**: Ensure that user inputs are sanitized to avoid potential security risks like injection attacks.

8. Testing and Validation

- Unit tests are implemented for core functions such as get_recommendations() and get_all_book_titles().
- Test the web application by simulating user interactions to ensure the correct functionality of recommendation and autocomplete features.
- The deployment pipeline will automatically run tests during the CI/CD process.

9. Future Enhancements

- **Model Improvement**: Improve the clustering algorithm to account for additional features such as user ratings or reviews.
- User Profiles: Implement personalized recommendations by integrating user profiles.
- **Database**: Migrate from CSV to a more scalable database (e.g., Azure SQL, MongoDB).
- UI/UX: Improve the user interface for a more interactive and modern experience.

10. Conclusion

This document outlines the high-level design of the Book Recommendation System. The system uses K-Means clustering to suggest books based on similar attributes and is deployed on Azure Web App using CI/CD through GitHub Actions. Further enhancements can include model improvements, user personalization, and database scalability.

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