Probability and Statistics, Spring 2018

Homework 5

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5.1.3

$$\begin{split} P[x_1 \leq X < x_2 \cup y_1 \leq Y < y_2] &= [F_X(x_2) - F_X(x_1)] + [F_Y(y_2) - F_Y(y_1)] \\ &- [F_{X,Y}(x_2, y_2) - F_{X,Y}(x_1, y_2) - (F_{X,Y}(x_2, y_1) - F_{X,Y}(x_1, y_1))] \\ &= F_X(x_2) - F_X(x_1) + F_Y(y_2) - F_Y(y_1) \\ &- F_{X,Y}(x_2, y_2) + F_{X,Y}(x_1, y_2) + F_{X,Y}(x_2, y_1) - F_{X,Y}(x_1, y_1). \end{split}$$

5.2.1 (a)
$$\sum_{x=1,2,4;y=1,3} cxy = 1 \rightarrow 28c = 1, c = 1/28.$$

(b)
$$P[Y < X] = \frac{1}{28}(2 \cdot 1 + 4 \cdot 1 + 4 \cdot 3) = \frac{18}{28} = \frac{9}{14}$$
.

(c)
$$P[Y > X] = \frac{1}{28}(1 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 3) = \frac{9}{28}$$
.

(d)
$$P[Y = X] = \frac{1}{28}(1 \cdot 1) = \frac{1}{28}$$
.

(e)
$$P[Y=3] = \frac{1}{28}(1+2+4) \cdot 3 = \frac{21}{28} = \frac{3}{4}$$
.

$$5.3.4 \ P_X(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{21} & x = 0\\ \frac{2}{21} & x = 1\\ \frac{3}{21} & x = 2\\ \frac{4}{21} & x = 3\\ \frac{5}{21} & x = 4\\ \frac{6}{21} & x = 5. \end{cases}$$

$$P_Y(y) = \begin{cases} \frac{6}{21} & y = 0\\ \frac{5}{21} & y = 1\\ \frac{4}{21} & y = 2\\ \frac{3}{21} & y = 3\\ \frac{2}{21} & y = 4\\ \frac{1}{21} & y = 5. \end{cases}$$

$$P_Y(y) = \begin{cases} \frac{6}{21} & y = 0\\ \frac{5}{21} & y = 1\\ \frac{4}{21} & y = 2\\ \frac{3}{21} & y = 3\\ \frac{2}{21} & y = 4\\ \frac{1}{21} & y = 5. \end{cases}$$

$$E[X] = 0 + \frac{2}{21} + \frac{6}{21} + \frac{12}{21} + \frac{20}{21} + \frac{30}{21} = \frac{70}{21} = \frac{10}{3}.$$

$$E[Y] = 0 + \frac{5}{21} + \frac{8}{21} + \frac{9}{21} + \frac{8}{21} + \frac{5}{21} = \frac{35}{21} = \frac{3}{3}.$$

(b)
$$E[D] = (0.2 + 0.1) \cdot 20 + (0.2 + 0.2) \cdot 100 + (0.2 + 0.1) \cdot 300 = 136$$
 (miles).

(c)
$$P_{W,D}(1,20) = 0.2 \neq P_W(1) \cdot P_D(2) = 0.6 \cdot 0.3 = 0.18$$
. Thus W and D are not independent.

5.8.2 (a)
$$E[W] = E[Y/X] = \frac{1}{28} \cdot \frac{1}{1} + \frac{2}{28} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{4}{28} \cdot \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{28} \cdot \frac{3}{1} + \frac{6}{28} \cdot \frac{3}{2} + \frac{12}{28} \cdot \frac{3}{4} = \frac{30}{28} = \frac{15}{14}$$
.

(b)
$$r_{X,Y} = E[XY] = \frac{1}{28} \cdot 1 \cdot 1 + \frac{2}{28} \cdot 2 \cdot 1 + \frac{4}{28} \cdot 4 \cdot 1 + \frac{3}{28} \cdot 1 \cdot 3 + \frac{6}{28} \cdot 2 \cdot 3 + \frac{12}{28} \cdot 4 \cdot 3 = \frac{210}{28} = \frac{15}{2}$$

(c)
$$Cov[X, Y] = E[(X - \mu_X)(Y - \mu_Y)] = E[(X - 3)(Y - \frac{5}{2})] = 0.$$

(d)
$$\rho_{X,Y} = \frac{\text{Cov}[X,Y]}{\sigma_X \sigma_Y} = 0$$

(e)
$$Var[X+Y] = E[(X+Y)^2] - (E[X+Y])^2 = \frac{227}{7} - \frac{121}{4} = \frac{61}{28}$$
.

5.9.7 (a)

$$\begin{split} P[I] &= P[W > 10, T > 38] \\ &= P[W > 10] \cdot P[T > 38] \\ &= (1 - \Phi(\frac{10 - 7}{2})) \cdot (1 - \Phi(\frac{38 - 37}{1})) \\ &= 0.0668 \cdot 0.1587 = 0.0106. \end{split}$$

(b)

$$\begin{split} P[I \mid T = t] &= P[W > 10 \mid T = t] \\ &= 1 - \Phi(\frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}) \\ &= 1 - \Phi(\frac{10 - 7 - \sqrt{2}(t - 37)}{\sqrt{2}}) \\ &= Q(\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2} - t + 37). \end{split}$$

5.10.8 (a)

$$(1 - \Phi(\frac{t - E(T)}{\sigma_T}))^{10} = (1 - \Phi(\frac{25 - 35}{5}))^{10}$$
$$= (1 - \Phi(-2))^{10}$$
$$= \Phi(2)^{10} = 0.9725^{10} = 0.7944.$$

- (b) $1 \Phi(\frac{50 35}{5})^{10} = 1 \Phi(3)^{10} = 0.0134.$
- (c) $1 (1 \Phi(\frac{0-35}{5})^{10}) = 1 \Phi(7)^{10}$.