

## GlusterFS Practical

Node 1 - 1GB Ram, 20 GB + 20 GB, NAT  
Node 2 - 1GB Ram, 20 GB + 20 GB, NAT  
Node 3 - 1GB Ram, 20 GB + 20 GB, NAT  
Node 4 - 1GB Ram, 20 GB, — NAT — client

} Storage

### On node 1

# vi /etc/hosts

↳ 192.168.44.132 node1.hpcsa.in  
192.168.44.133 node2.hpcsa.in  
192.168.44.134 node3.hpcsa.in  
192.168.44.135 not client.hpcsa.in

# rsync /etc/hosts root@192.168.44.133:/etc/hosts

# rsync /etc/hosts root@192.168.44.134:/etc/hosts

# rsync /etc/hosts root@192.168.44.135:/etc/hosts.

Turn off firewall of all machines

# systemctl stop firewalld.service

# systemctl disable firewalld.service.

### On Node 1, 2, 3

# fdisk /dev/sdb

# mkfs.ext4 /dev/sdb1

# mkdir /mnt/disk1

# mount /dev/sdb1 /mnt/disk1

# lsblk → check disk1 is mounted on sdb1

# yum install wget centos-release-gluster epel-release  
glusterfs-server

# systemctl start glusterd

# systemctl enable glusterd

# systemctl status glusterd

on node 1

# gluster peer probe node2.hpcsa.in

# gluster peer probe node3.hpcsa.in

# gluster pool list

# gluster peer status

# mkdir /mnt/disk1/diskvol → Run this on all node

# gluster volume create gdisk1 replica 3 node1.hpcsa.in :/mnt/disk1/diskvol/gdisk1 node2.hpcsa.in :/mnt/disk1/diskvol/gdisk1 node3.hpcsa.in :/mnt/disk1/diskvol/gdisk1

# gluster volume start gdisk1

# gluster volume info gdisk1

↳ type is replication

on client

```
# yum install glusterfs fuse
```

```
# mkdir /mnt/gdrive
```

```
# mount -t glusterfs node1.hpcsa.in: /gdisk1 /mnt/gdrive
```

```
# df -h
```

```
# lsblk
```

```
# cd /mnt/gdrive/
```

```
# dd if=/dev/zero of=file.txt bs=1024 count=  
520040 1236778675
```

file.txt File is created with size 8 GB, Now  
you can see same file.txt in all 3 nodes in path

/mnt/disk1/diskvol/gdisk1/

Distributed

On Node 1

```
# gluster volume create gdisk2 node1.hpcsa.in:  
:/mnt/disk1/diskvol/gdisk2 node2.hpcsa.in:  
/mnt/disk1/diskvol/gdisk2 node3.hpcsa.in:  
/mnt/disk1/diskvol/gdisk2
```

```
# gluster volume start gdisk2
```

```
# gluster volume info gdisk2
```

↳ Type is Distributed

## On client

```
# mkdir /mnt/gdrive2
```

```
# mount -t glusterfs node1.hpcsa.in :/disk2  
<space> /mnt/gdrive2
```

```
# dd if=/dev/zero of=file1.txt bs=1024 count=1024
```

```
# cd /mnt/gdrive2
```

```
# dd if=/dev/zero of=file1.txt bs=1024 count=1024
```

Make more 4 files using same command

```
# ls
```

Hence you have 5 Files, Now all your 5 files are distributed in all 3 nodes randomly, you can check it in node's machine path

" /mnt/disk1/diskvol/gdisk2/ "

## Disperse

### On node 1

```
# gluster volume create gdisk3 disperse 3  
redundancy 1 node1.hpcsa.in :/mnt/disk1/diskvol/  
gdisk3 node2.hpcsa.in :/mnt/disk1/diskvol/  
gdisk3 node3.hpcsa.in :/mnt/disk1/diskvol/  
gdisk3
```



# gluster volume start gdisk3

# gluster volume into gdisk3

↳ Type is Disperse

on client

# mkdir /mnt/gdrive3

# mount -t glusterfs node1.hpcsa.in : /gdisk3

<space> /mnt/gdrive3

# df -h

# cd /mnt/gdrive3

# dd if=/dev/zero of=file.txt bs=1024 count=~~1024~~  
2000000

↳ 2 GB File.txt is created

In 2 Nodes file it will be stored in disperse mode & in remaining node parity of file will be store.