



# Nmap Network Scan Report



Date: June 23, 2025



Time: 16:58 (GMT +5:30)



Tool Used: Zenmap (Nmap 7.97 GUI)



Scan Type: TCP SYN Scan (-sS)



Target Subnet: 192.168.206.0/24



Total Hosts Scanned: 256



Live Hosts Detected: 2

---

## Live Hosts & Open Ports

### 1. Host: 192.168.206.1

- MAC Address: Not shown
- Latency: 0.000041s
- Open TCP Ports:

Port	State	Service
------	-------	---------

80	Open	HTTP
----	------	------

## Port State Service

135 Open MSRPC  
139 Open NetBIOS-SSN  
445 Open Microsoft-DS  
903 Open ISS Console Manager  
5357 Open WSDAPI  
8090 Open OpsMessaging

---

## 2. Host: 192.168.206.254

- **MAC Address:** 00:50:56:E5:80:BB (VMware)
  - **Open TCP Ports:** None reported
  - **All 1000 scanned ports:** Filtered (no response)
- 



## Security Observations

- **Ports 135, 139, 445:** Typically related to Windows file sharing and RPC. These may expose vulnerabilities (e.g., EternalBlue) if not properly secured.
  - **Port 80:** Indicates a web server – check for outdated software or admin panels.
  - **Port 903:** Related to VMware or ISS – potentially admin services.
  - **Port 8090:** Often used for web management interfaces or custom apps.
  - **Port 5357:** WSDAPI – Windows service for device discovery over the network.
- 



## Recommendations

1. **Close Unused Ports:** Disable services that are not needed.
2. **Patch Systems:** Ensure all services are updated to the latest version.
3. **Firewall Rules:** Implement strict rules to restrict access to ports like 139, 445, and 135.

4. **Monitor Traffic:** Use Wireshark or similar tools to detect anomalies or unauthorized access.
  5. **Run Version Scan:** Use nmap -sV 192.168.206.1 to determine service versions.
- 

## Saving Report

You can export this scan from Zenmap using:

- **Text Format:** File → Save Scan → .txt
- **XML/HTML:** Use -oX or -oA in command line or Zenmap profile