1

JEE MAIN

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1. Multiple Choice Questions

- 1) Let f(x) be a polynomial function of second degree. If f(1)=f(-1) and a,b,c are in A.P., then f'(a), f'(b), f'(c) are in [2003]
 - a) Arthmetic-Geometric Progression
 - b) A.P
 - c) G.P
 - d) H.P
- 2) If $x=e^{y+e^{y+e^{y+--\infty}}}$, x > 0, then $\frac{dy}{dx}$ is [2004]
- a) $\frac{1+x}{x}$ b) $\frac{1}{x}$ c) $\frac{1-x}{x}$ d) $\frac{x}{1+x}$
- 3) The value of a for which the sum of the squares of the roots of the equation $x^2 - (a-2)x - a -$ 1 = 0 assume the least value is [2005]
 - a) 1
- b) 0
- c) 3
- d) 2
- 4) If the roots of the equation $x^2 bx + c = 0$ be two consecutive integers, then $b^2 - 4c$ equals to [2005]
 - a) -2
- b) 3
- c) 2
- d) 1
- 5) Let $f: R \rightarrow R$ be a differentiable function having $f(2) = 6, f'(2) = (\frac{1}{48})$. Then $\lim_{x\to 2} \int_{6}^{f(x)} \frac{4t^3}{x-2} dt$ equals to [2005]
 - a) 24
- b) 36
- c) 12
- d) 18
- 6) The set of points where $f(x) = \frac{x}{1+|x|}$ is differentiable is [2006]
 - a) $(-\infty,0) \cup (0,\infty)$
- c) $(-\infty, \infty)$
- b) $(-\infty, -1) | | | (-1, \infty) | d | (0, \infty)$
- 7) If $x^m \cdot y^n = x + y^{m+n}$, then $\frac{dy}{dx}$ is [2006]

 - a) $\frac{y}{x}$ b) $\frac{x+y}{xy}$ c) xy d) $\frac{x}{y}$
- 8) Let y be an implicit function of x defined by $x^{2x} - 2x^x \cot y - 1 = 0$. Then y'(1) equals [2009]

- a) 1
- b) $\log 2$ c) $-\log 2$
- d) -1
- 9) Let $f:(-1,1) \to R$ be a differentiable function with f(0) = -1 and f'(0) = 1.Let g(x) = $(f(2f(x) + 2))^2$. Then g'(0) =
 - a) -4 b) 0 c) -2

- d) 4

[JEE M 2013]

- 10) $\frac{d^2x}{dy^2}$ equals:
- a) $-\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)^{-1} \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^{-3}$ c) $-\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right) \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^{-3}$ b) $\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right) \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^{-2}$ d) $\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)^{-1}$

 - 11) If $y = \sec(\tan^{-1} x)$, then $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at x=1 is equal to: [JEE M 2013]

- d) $\sqrt{2}$
- 12) If g is the inverse of a function f and $f'(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^5}$, then g'(x) is equal to: [JEE M 2014]
 - a) $\frac{1}{1+(g(x))^5}$ c) $1+x^5$ b) 1+(g(x)) d) $5x^4$
- 13) If x=-1 and x=2 are extreme points of f(x)= $\alpha \log |x| + \beta x^2 + x$ then
 - a) $\alpha = 2, \beta = -\frac{1}{2}$ b) $\alpha = 2, \beta = \frac{1}{2}$ c) $\alpha = -6, \beta = \frac{1}{2}$ d) $\alpha = -6, \beta = -\frac{1}{2}$
- 14) If for $x \in \left(0, \frac{1}{4}\right)$, the derivative of $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6x\sqrt{2}}{1-9x^3}\right)$ is $\sqrt{x} \cdot g(x)$, then g(x) equals: [JEE M 2017]
 - a) $\frac{3}{1+9x^3}$ c) $\frac{3x\sqrt{x}}{1-9x^3}$ b) $\frac{9}{1+9x^3}$ d) $\frac{3x}{1-9x^3}$