## Linear Equations in Two Variables

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## $10^{th}$ Maths - Chapter 3

This is Problem-(1)ii from Exercise 3.3

1. On comparing the ratios  $\frac{a_1}{a_2}$ ,  $\frac{b_1}{b_2}$ ,  $\frac{c_1}{c_2}$ , find out whether the lines representing the following pairs of linear equations intersect at a point, are parallel or coincident:

$$x-y=3$$
  
 $2x-3y = 36$ 

## **Solution:**

Matrix form of the equations:  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 \\ 2 & -3 & 36 \end{pmatrix}$   $R_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}, R_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 36 \end{pmatrix}$   $R_2 \to R_2 - 2R_1$ , we get:

$$R_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}, R_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 36 \end{pmatrix}$$
  
 $R_2 \to R_2 - 2R_1$ , we get:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & -1 & 3 \\
0 & -1 & 30
\end{pmatrix}$$
(1)

 $R_2 \to \frac{R_2}{-1}$  ,we get:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & -1 & 3 \\
0 & 1 & -30
\end{pmatrix}$$
(2)

 $R_1 \rightarrow R_1 + R_2$ 

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -27 \\ 0 & 1 & -30 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3}$$

Therefore, x = -27 , y = -30