

# Blink LED through AVR-Assembly



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Abstract—This manual shows how to use the Atmega328p timer to blink the builtin led with a delay.

# 1 Components

Component	Value	Quantity
Arduino	UNO	1

### 2 Blink

1) Connect the Arduino to the computer and execute the following code

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ gadepall/arduino/master/assembly/timer/ codes/timer.asm

2) Explain the following instruction

sbi DDRB, 5

3) What do the following instructions do?

ldi r16, 0b00000101 out TCCR0B, r16

**Solution:** The system clock (SYSCLK) frequency of the Atmega328p is 16 MHz.

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TCCR0B is the Timer Counter Control Register. When

$$TCCR0B = 0b101 \tag{2.1}$$

$$\implies CLK = \frac{SYSCLK}{1024} \tag{2.2}$$

$$= \frac{16M}{1K} = 16kHz. \tag{2.3}$$

4) Explain the PAUSE routine.

1 di r19, 0 b 01000000 ; times to run the loop =64 for 1 second delay PAUSE: ;this is delay (function) lp2: ;loop runs 64 times IN r16, TIFR0 ;tifr is timer interupt flag (8 bit timer runs 256 times) ldi r17, 0b00000010 AND r16, r17; need second bit **BREQ PAUSE** OUT TIFR0, r17; set tifr flag high dec r19 brne lp2 ret

**Solution:** TIFR0 is the timer interrupt flag and TIFR0=0bxxxxxx10 after every 256 cycles. PAUSE routine waits till TIFR0=0bxxxxxx10, this checking is done by the AND and BREQ instructions above.

5) Explain the lp2 routine.

**Solution:** R19 = 64 and is used as a count for lp2. The lp2 routine returns after 64 PAUSE rutines.

6) What is the blinking delay?

Solution: The blinking delay is given by

$$delay = \frac{CLK}{lp2 \times PAUSE} seconds \qquad (2.4)$$
$$= \frac{16 \times 1024}{64 \times 256} seconds = 1 second \quad (2.5)$$