Neural Networks & Deep Learning ICP-1

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GitHub: https://github.com/SurajGamini18/Neural-Networks-Deep-Learning-Assignments

Question-1a

```
[2] # Take input from the console
  input_string = input("Enter a string: ")

# Check if the input string has at least 2 characters
  if len(input_string) < 2:
      print("Input string must have at least 2 characters.")

else:
    # Delete at least 2 characters
    deleted_string = input_string[2:]

# Reverse the resultant string
    reversed_string = deleted_string[::-1]

# Print the reversed string
    print(reversed_string)</pre>
```

Explanation:

- 1. It takes user input as a string and stores it in the variable `input_string`.
- 2. It checks if 'input_string' has at least 2 characters, displaying an error message if not.
- 3. If the input is valid, it removes at least 2 characters from the beginning of the string.
- 4. It then reverses the remaining characters.
- 5. Finally, it prints the reversed string.

Output:

Enter a string: Python

Question-1b:

```
# Take two numbers from the user
num1 = float(input("Enter the first number: "))
num2 = float(input("Enter the second number: "))

# Perform arithmetic operations
addition_result = num1 + num2
subtraction_result = num1 - num2
multiplication_result = num1 * num2

# Check if the second number is not zero to avoid division by zero error
if num2 != 0:|
    division_result = num1 / num2
else:
    division_result = "Division by zero is not allowed."

# Print the results
print(f"Addition: {num1} + {num2} = {addition_result}")
print(f"Subtraction: {num1} * {num2} = {subtraction_result}")
print(f"Multiplication: {num1} * {num2} = {division_result}")
print(f"Division: {num1} / {num2} = {division_result}")
```

Explanation:

- 1. It takes two numbers as input from the user.
- 2. It performs addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division operations on these numbers.
- 3. It checks for division by zero and provides a message if the second number is zero.
- 4. It prints the results along with the corresponding mathematical expressions.

Output:

```
Enter the first number: 5
Enter the second number: 10
Addition: 5.0 + 10.0 = 15.0
Subtraction: 5.0 - 10.0 = -5.0
Multiplication: 5.0 * 10.0 = 50.0
Division: 5.0 / 10.0 = 0.5
```

Question -2:

```
# Take input sentence from the user
input_sentence = input("Enter a sentence: ")

# Replace 'python' with 'pythons' in the sentence
output_sentence = input_sentence.replace('python', 'pythons')

# Print the modified sentence
print("Modified sentence:")
print(output_sentence)
```

Explanation:

- 1. It starts by taking a sentence as input from the user.
- 2. It searches the input sentence for the word 'python' and, whenever it finds 'python', it replaces it with 'pythons'.
- 3. After replacing all occurrences of 'python' in the sentence, it stores the modified sentence in the `output sentence` variable.
- 4. Finally, it prints the modified sentence, effectively showing the original sentence with 'python' replaced by 'pythons'.

Output:

```
Enter a sentence: I love playing with python
Modified sentence:
I love playing with pythons
```

Question-3:

```
[5] # Get the class score from the user
    class_score = float(input("Enter the class score: "))

# Determine the letter grade based on the grading scheme
if class_score >= 90:
        grade = "A"
elif class_score >= 80:
        grade = "B"
elif class_score >= 70:
        grade = "C"
elif class_score >= 60:
        grade = "D"
else:
        grade = "F"

# Print the letter grade
print(f"Your letter grade for the class score {class_score} is: {grade}")
```

Explanation:

- 1. User Input:
- The code begins by prompting the user to input their class score as a floating-point number (e.g., 92.5). This score is stored in the `class_score` variable.
- 2. Determine Letter Grade:
- The code uses a series of conditional statements ('if', 'else') to determine the letter grade based on the class score.
- 3. Print the Result: Finally, the code prints a message that includes both the original class score provided by the user and the determined letter grade. The message format is: "Your letter grade for the class score [class_score] is: [grade]."

Output:

Enter the class score: 69 Your letter grade for the class score 69.0 is: D