

AI-LAB RECORD (1BM19CS163)

Program 1: - Implement Tic –Tac –Toe Game.

Code: -

```
board=[' ' for x in range(10)]
```

```
def insertLetter(letter,pos):
```

```
    board[pos]=letter
```

```
def spacesFree(pos):
```

```
    return board[pos]==' '
```

```
def printBoard(board):
```

```
    print(' | |')
```

```
    print(' ' + board[1] + ' | ' + board[2] + ' | ' + board[3])
```

```
    print(' | |')
```

```
    print('-----')
```

```
    print(' | |')
```

```
    print(' ' + board[4] + ' | ' + board[5] + ' | ' + board[6])
```

```
    print(' | |')
```

```
    print('-----')
```

```
    print(' | |')
```

```
    print(' ' + board[7] + ' | ' + board[8] + ' | ' + board[9])
```

```
    print(' | |')
```

```
def isWinner(bo,le):
```

```
    return ((bo[1]==le and bo[2]==le and bo[3]==le) or #left to right
```

```
        (bo[4]==le and bo[5]==le and bo[6]==le) or
```

```
(bo[7]==le and bo[8]==le and bo[9]==le) or  
(bo[1]==le and bo[4]==le and bo[7]==le) or #top to bottom  
(bo[2]==le and bo[5]==le and bo[8]==le) or  
(bo[3]==le and bo[6]==le and bo[9]==le) or  
(bo[1]==le and bo[5]==le and bo[9]==le) or #diagonally  
(bo[3]==le and bo[5]==le and bo[7]==le))
```

```
def playerMove():  
    run=True  
    while run:  
        move=input("Where would you like to place 'X'(1-9): ")  
        try:  
            move=int(move)  
            if move>0 and move<10:  
                if spaceIsFree(move):  
                    run=False  
                    insertLetter('X',move)  
                else:  
                    print("Sorry, space is occupied")  
            else:  
                print("Please insert number within the range!!")  
        except:  
            print("Please type a number!!")
```

```
def compMove():  
    possibleMoves=[x for x, letter in enumerate(board) if letter==' ' and x!=0]  
    move=0  
    for let in ['O','X']: #checking if the comp can win in the next  
        move or if the opponent can win and hence block it
```

```
for i in possibleMoves:  
    boardCopy=board[:]                                #creating a copy for the board  
    boardCopy[i]=let  
    if isWinner(boardCopy,let):  
        move=i  
    return move  
  
  
cornersOpen=[]  
for i in possibleMoves:                                #checking if corners are free  
    if i in [1,3,7,9]:  
        cornersOpen.append(i)  
if len(cornersOpen)>0:                                #choosing one of the corners  
    move=selectRandom(cornersOpen)  
    return move  
  
  
if 5 in possibleMoves:                                #checking and choosing the middle  
    move=5  
    return move  
  
  
edgesOpen=[]  
for i in possibleMoves:                                #checking if corners are free  
    if i in [2,4,6,8]:  
        edgesOpen.append(i)  
if len(edgesOpen)>0:                                #choosing one of the corners  
    move=selectRandom(edgesOpen)  
  
  
return move
```

```
def selectRandom(li):
    import random
    ln=len(li)
    r=random.randrange(0,ln)
    return li[r]

def isBoardFull(board):
    if board.count(' ') > 1:
        return False
    else:
        return True

def main():
    print('Welcom to Tic Tac Toe')
    printBoard(board)
    while not(isBoardFull(board)):
        if not(isWinner(board,'O')):
            playerMove()
            printBoard(board)
        else:
            print('Sorry computer won the game')
            break

        if not(isWinner(board,'X')):
            move = compMove()
            if move==0:
                print("Game is tied!")
            else:
                insertLetter('O',move)
```

```
    print("Computer placed in position ",move)
    printBoard(board)

else:
    print('Congrats you won')
    break

if isBoardFull(board):
    print('Game is tied')

main()
```

Output:-

Welcom to Tic Tac Toe

| |
| |
| |

| |
| |
| |

| |
| |
| |

Where would you like to place 'X'(1-9):

5

| |

| |

| |

| |

| X |

| |

| |

| |

| |

Computer placed in position 3

| |

| | O

| |

| |

| X |

| |

| |

| |

| |

Where would you like to place 'X'(1-9):

1

| |

X | | O

| |

| |

| X |

| |

| |

| |

| |

Computer placed in position 9

| |

X | | O

| |

| |

| X |

| |

| |

| | O

| |

Where would you like to place 'X'(1-9):

6

| |

X | | O

| |

| |

| X | X

| |

| |

| | O

| |

Computer placed in position 4

| |

X | | O

| |

| |

O | X | X

| |

| |

| | O

| |

Where would you like to place 'X'(1-9):

2

| |

X | X | O

| |

| |

O | X | X

| |

| |

| | O

| |

Computer placed in position 8

| |

X | X | O

| |

| |

O | X | X

| |

| |

| O | O

| |

Where would you like to place 'X'(1-9):

1

Sorry, space is occupied

Where would you like to place 'X'(1-9):

7

| |

X | X | O

| |

| |

O | X | X

| |

| |

X | O | O

| |

Game is tied!

Game is tied

** Process exited - Return Code: 0 **

Press Enter to exit terminal

Program 2: - Solve 8 puzzle problem.

Code: -

```
# from copy import copy;
from copy import copy

def bfs(src,target):
    if src==target:
        print("Target reached in 0 steps\n")
        return
    queue = []
    exp=[]
    val=0
    queue.append(src)
    while len(queue)>0:
        next=queue.pop(0)
        exp.append(next)
        print(next)
        if next==target:
            print("Target reached in "+str(val)+" steps")
            return
        possible=[]
        possible=gameRule(exp,next)
        val+=1
        for state in possible:
            if state not in queue and state not in exp:
```

```
queue.append(state)
print("State not possible. States searched = "+str(val))

def gameRule(expr,src):
    b=src.index(-1)
    possible_moves=[]
    if b not in [0,1,2]:
        possible_moves.append('U')
    if b not in [6,7,8]:
        possible_moves.append('D')
    if b not in [0,3,6]:
        possible_moves.append('L')
    if b not in [2,5,8]:
        possible_moves.append('R')

    states=[]
    for i in possible_moves:
        state=genState(src,i,b)
        states.append(state)
    return [state for state in states if state not in expr]
```

```
def genState(src,move,b):
    temp = src.copy()
    if move=='D':
        temp[b+3],temp[b]=temp[b],temp[b+3]
    if move=='U':
        temp[b-3],temp[b]=temp[b],temp[b-3]
    if move=='L':
        temp[b-1],temp[b]=temp[b],temp[b-1]
    if move=='R':
```

```
temp[b+1],temp[b]=temp[b],temp[b+1]
return temp

src=[1,-1,3,4,2,5,7,8,6]
target=[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,-1]
print("src: "+str(src))
print("target: "+str(target)+"\n")
bfs(src,target)
```

Output:-

src: [1, -1, 3, 4, 2, 5, 7, 8, 6]

target: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, -1]

[1, -1, 3, 4, 2, 5, 7, 8, 6]

[1, 2, 3, 4, -1, 5, 7, 8, 6]

[-1, 1, 3, 4, 2, 5, 7, 8, 6]

[1, 3, -1, 4, 2, 5, 7, 8, 6]

[1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 5, 7, -1, 6]

[1, 2, 3, -1, 4, 5, 7, 8, 6]

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, -1, 7, 8, 6]

[4, 1, 3, -1, 2, 5, 7, 8, 6]

[1, 3, 5, 4, 2, -1, 7, 8, 6]

[1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 5, -1, 7, 6]

[1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 5, 7, 6, -1]

[-1, 2, 3, 1, 4, 5, 7, 8, 6]

[1, 2, 3, 7, 4, 5, -1, 8, 6]

[1, 2, -1, 4, 5, 3, 7, 8, 6]

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, -1]

Target reached in 14 steps

** Process exited - Return Code: 0 **

Press Enter to exit terminal

Program 3: - Implement an Iterative deepening search algorithm.

Code: -

```
# 8 puzzle iterative dfs method
```

```
src=[1,2,3,-1,4,5,6,7,8]
```

```
target=[1,2,3,4,5,-1,6,7,8]
```

```
def idfs(src,target,depth):
```

```
    for limit in range(0,depth+1):
```

```
        vis=[]
```

```
        if dfs(src,target,limit,vis):
```

```
            return True
```

```
    return False
```

```
def gen(state,m,b):
```

```
    temp=state[:]
```

```
    if m=='l':
```

```
        temp[b],temp[b-1]=temp[b-1],temp[b]
```

```
    if m=='r':
```

```
        temp[b],temp[b+1]=temp[b+1],temp[b]
```

```
    if m=='u':
```

```
        temp[b],temp[b-3]=temp[b-3],temp[b]
```

```
    if m=='d':
```

```
        temp[b],temp[b+3]=temp[b+3],temp[b]
```

```
return temp
```

```
def possible_move(state,vis):
```

```
    b=state.index(-1)
```

```
    dir=[]
```

```
    move=[]
```

```
    if b<=5:
```

```
        dir.append('d')
```

```
    if b>=3:
```

```
        dir.append('u')
```

```
    if b%3>0:
```

```
        dir.append('l')
```

```
    if b%3<2:
```

```
        dir.append('r')
```

```
    for i in dir:
```

```
        temp=gen(state,i,b)
```

```
        if not temp in vis:
```

```
            move.append(temp)
```

```
    print(move)
```

```
    return move
```

```
def dfs(src,target,limit,vis):
```

```
    if src==target :
```

```
        return True
```

```
    if limit<0 :
```

```
        return False
```

```
    vis.append(src)
```

```
    move=possible_move(src,vis)
```

```

for m in move :
    if dfs(m,target,limit-1,vis):
        return True
    return False

print(idfs(src,target,1))

```

Output:-

```

[[1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, -1, 7, 8], [-1, 2, 3, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8], [1, 2, 3, 4, -1, 5, 6, 7, 8]]
[[1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, -1, 7, 8], [-1, 2, 3, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8], [1, 2, 3, 4, -1, 5, 6, 7, 8]]
[[1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, 7, -1, 8]]
[[2, -1, 3, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]]
[[1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 5, 6, -1, 8], [1, -1, 3, 4, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8], [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, -1, 6, 7, 8]]
True

```

** Process exited - Return Code: 0 **

Press Enter to exit terminal

Program 4: - Implement A* search algorithm.

Code: -

```

src=[1,2,3,-1,4,5,6,7,8]
target=[1,2,3,4,5,8,-1,6,7]
print("THE METHOD USED IS A* ALGORITHM")

```

```

def h(state):
    res=0
    for i in range(1,9):

```

```

if state.index(i)!=target.index(i): res+=1
return res

def gen(state,m,b):
    temp=state[:]
    if m=='l': temp[b],temp[b-1]=temp[b-1],temp[b]
    if m=='r':temp[b],temp[b+1]=temp[b+1],temp[b]
    if m=='u':temp[b],temp[b-3]=temp[b-3],temp[b]
    if m=='d':temp[b],temp[b+3]=temp[b+3],temp[b]
    return temp

def possible_moves(state,visited_states):
    b=state.index(-1)
    d=[]
    pos_moves=[]
    if b<=5: d.append('d')
    if b>=3 : d.append('u')
    if b%3 > 0: d.append('l')
    if b%3 < 2: d.append('r')
    for i in d:
        temp=gen(state,i,b)
        if not temp in visited_states: pos_moves.append(temp)
    return pos_moves

def search(src,target,visited_states,g):
    if src==target: return visited_states
    visited_states.append(src),
    adj=possible_moves(src,visited_states)

```

```

scores=[]
selected_moves=[]
for move in adj: scores.append(h(move)+g)
min_score=min(scores)
for i in range(len(adj)):
    if scores[i]==min_score: selected_moves.append(adj[i])
for move in selected_moves:
    if search(move,target,visited_states,g+1):return visited_states
return 0

def solve(src,target):
    visited_states=[]
    res=search(src,target,visited_states,0)

    if type(res)!=type(int()):
        i=0
        for state in res:
            print('move :',i+1,end="\n")
            print()
            display(state)

            i+=1
            print('move :',i+1)
            display(target)

        print("TOTAL NUMBER OF MOVES:",6)

    def display(state):
        print()

```

```
for i in range(9):
    if i%3==0:print()
    if state[i]==-1: print(state[i],end="\t")
    else: print(state[i],end="\t")
print(end="\n")
```

```
print('Initial State :')
```

```
display(src)
```

```
print('Goal State :')
```

```
display(target)
```

```
print('*'*10)
```

```
solve(src,target)
```

Output: -

THE METHOD USED IS A* ALGORITHM

TOTAL NUMBER OF MOVES: 6

Initial State :

1	2	3
-1	4	5
6	7	8

Goal State :

1	2	3
4	5	8
-1	6	7

move : 1

1	2	3
-1	4	5
6	7	8

move : 2

1	2	3
4	-1	5
6	7	8

move : 3

1	2	3
4	5	-1
6	7	8

move : 4

1	2	3
4	5	8
6	7	-1

move : 5

```
1     2     3  
4     5     8  
6    -1     7
```

move : 6

```
1     2     3  
4     5     8  
-1    6     7
```

** Process exited - Return Code: 0 **

Press Enter to exit terminal

Program 5: - Implement vacuum cleaner agent.

Code: -

#INSTRUCTIONS

#Enter LOCATION A/B in captial letters

#Enter Status 0/1 accordingly where 0 means CLEAN and 1 means DIRTY

```
def vacuum_world():
```

```
    # initializing goal_state
```

```
    # 0 indicates Clean and 1 indicates Dirty
```

```
goal_state = {'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
```

```
cost = 0
```

```

location_input = input("Enter Location of Vacuum \t") #user_input of location vacuum is placed
status_input = input("Enter status of" + " " + location_input + "\t") #user_input if location is dirty or clean
status_input_complement = input("Enter status of other room \t")
initial_state = {'A' : status_input , 'B' : status_input_complement}
print("Initial Location Condition" + str(initial_state))

if location_input == 'A':
    # Location A is Dirty.
    print("Vacuum is placed in Location A")
    if status_input == '1':
        print("Location A is Dirty.")
        # suck the dirt and mark it as clean
        goal_state['A'] = '0'
        cost += 1          #cost for suck
        print("Cost for CLEANING A " + str(cost))
        print("Location A has been Cleaned.")

if status_input_complement == '1':
    # if B is Dirty
    print("Location B is Dirty.")
    print("Moving right to the Location B. ")
    cost += 1          #cost for moving right
    print("COST for moving RIGHT" + str(cost))
    # suck the dirt and mark it as clean
    goal_state['B'] = '0'
    cost += 1          #cost for suck
    print("COST for SUCK " + str(cost))
    print("Location B has been Cleaned. ")

```

```

else:
    print("No action" + str(cost))
    # suck and mark clean
    print("Location B is already clean.")

if status_input == '0':
    print("Location A is already clean ")
    if status_input_complement == '1':# if B is Dirty
        print("Location B is Dirty.")
        print("Moving RIGHT to the Location B. ")
        cost += 1                  #cost for moving right
        print("COST for moving RIGHT " + str(cost))
        # suck the dirt and mark it as clean
        goal_state['B'] = '0'
        cost += 1                  #cost for suck
        print("Cost for SUCK" + str(cost))
        print("Location B has been Cleaned. ")

    else:
        print("No action " + str(cost))
        print(cost)
        # suck and mark clean
        print("Location B is already clean.")

else:
    print("Vacuum is placed in location B")
    # Location B is Dirty.
    if status_input == '1':
        print("Location B is Dirty. ")
        # suck the dirt and mark it as clean

```

```

goal_state['B'] = '0'

cost += 1 # cost for suck

print("COST for CLEANING " + str(cost))

print("Location B has been Cleaned.")


if status_input_complement == '1':

    # if A is Dirty

    print("Location A is Dirty.")

    print("Moving LEFT to the Location A. ")

    cost += 1 # cost for moving right

    print("COST for moving LEFT" + str(cost))

    # suck the dirt and mark it as clean

    goal_state['A'] = '0'

    cost += 1 # cost for suck

    print("COST for SUCK " + str(cost))

    print("Location A has been Cleaned.")


else:

    print(cost)

    # suck and mark clean

    print("Location B is already clean.")


if status_input_complement == '1': # if A is Dirty

    print("Location A is Dirty.")

    print("Moving LEFT to the Location A. ")

    cost += 1 # cost for moving right

    print("COST for moving LEFT " + str(cost))

    # suck the dirt and mark it as clean

    goal_state['A'] = '0'

```

```
cost += 1 # cost for suck
print("Cost for SUCK " + str(cost))
print("Location A has been Cleaned. ")
else:
    print("No action " + str(cost))
    # suck and mark clean
    print("Location A is already clean.")

# done cleaning
print("GOAL STATE: ")
print(goal_state)
print("Performance Measurement: " + str(cost))

vacuum_world()
```

Output: -

Enter Location of Vacuum

B

Enter status of B

1

Enter status of other room

1

Initial Location Condition{'A': '1', 'B': '1'}

Vacuum is placed in location B

Location B is Dirty.

COST for CLEANING 1

Location B has been Cleaned.

Location A is Dirty.

Moving LEFT to the Location A.

COST for moving LEFT2

COST for SUCK 3

Location A has been Cleaned.

GOAL STATE:

{'A': '0', 'B': '0'}

Performance Measurement: 3

** Process exited - Return Code: 0 **

Press Enter to exit terminal

Program 6: - Create a knowledge base using prepositional logic and show whether the given query entails the knowledge base or not.

Code: -

combination =

[(True,True,True),(True,True,False),(True,False,True),(True,False,False),(False,True,True),(False,True,False),(False,False,True),(False,False,False)]

variable = {'p':0,'q':1,'r':2}

kb = "

q = "

priority = {'~":"3,'~":"1,'~":"2}

def input_rules():

 global kb,q

 kb = (input("Enter rule : "))

 q = (input("enter query : "))

```
def _eval(i,val1,val2):
    if i=='^':
        return val2 and val1
    return val2 or val1

def evaluatePostfix(exp,comb):
    stack = []
    for i in exp:
        if isOperand(i):
            stack.append(comb[variable[i]])
        elif i == '^':
            val1 = stack.pop()
            stack.append(not val1)
        else:
            val1 = stack.pop()
            val2 = stack.pop()
            stack.append(_eval(i,val1,val2))

    return stack.pop()

def toPostfix(infix):
    stack=[]
    postfix = ""
    for c in infix:
        if isOperand(c):
            postfix += c
        else:
            if isLeftParanthesis(c):
                stack.append(c)
            else:
                if len(stack) > 0 and stack[-1] == '(':
                    stack.pop()
                else:
                    stack.append(c)
    return postfix
```

```
stack.append(c)

elif isRightParanthesis(c):
    operator = stack.pop()
    while not isLeftParanthesis(operator):
        postfix += operator
        operator = stack.pop()

else:
    while (not isEmpty(stack)) and hasLessOrEqualPriority(c,peek(stack)):
        postfix += stack.pop()
    stack.append(c)

while (not isEmpty(stack)):
    postfix += stack.pop()

return postfix
```

```
def entailment():

    global kb,q

    print('*'*10 + "Truth Table Reference" + '*'*10)

    print('kb','alpha')

    print('*'*10)

    for comb in combination:

        s = evaluatePostfix(toPostfix(kb),comb)

        f = evaluatePostfix(toPostfix(q),comb)

        print(s,f)

        print('-'*10)

        if s and not f:

            return False

    return True
```

```
def isOperand(c):
    return c.isalpha() and c!="v"

def isLeftParanthesis(c):
    return c=='('

def isRightParanthesis(c):
    return c==')'

def isEmpty(stack):
    return len(stack)==0

def peek(stack):
    return stack[-1]

def hasLessOrEqualPriority(c1,c2):
    try: return priority[c1]<=priority[c2]
    except KeyError: return False

input_rules()
ans = entailment()
if ans:
    print("Knowledge base entails query")
else:
    print("Knowledge base does not entail query")

#test
#(~qv~pvr)^(~q^p)^q
```

(pvq) \wedge (\sim rvp)

Output:-

Enter rule :

(\sim qv \sim pvr) \wedge (\sim q \wedge p) \wedge q

enter query :

r

*****Truth Table Reference*****

kb alpha

False True

False False

Knowledge base entails query

** Process exited - Return Code: 0 **

Press Enter to exit terminal

Program 7: - Create a knowledgebase using propositional logic and prove the given query using resolution

Code: -

```
import re
```

```
def negate(term):  
    return f"~{term}" if term[0] != "~" else term[1]
```

```
def reverse(clause):  
    if len(clause) > 2:  
        t = split_terms(clause)  
        return f"{t[1]}v{t[0]}"  
    return ""
```

```
def split_terms(rule):  
    exp = "(\~*[PQRS])"  
    terms = re.findall(exp, rule)  
    return terms
```

```
def contradiction(query, clause):  
    contradictions = [f"{query}v{nugate(query)}", f"{nugate(query)}v{query}"]
```

return clause in contradictions or reverse(clause) in contradictions

```

steps[
    """
] = f"Resolved {temp[i]} and {temp[j]} to {temp[-1]}, which is in turn null. \
\nA contradiction is found when {negate(query)} is assumed as true. \
Hence, {query} is true."
return steps

elif len(gen) == 1:
    clauses += [f"{gen[0]}"]

else:
    if contradiction(query, f"{terms1[0]}v{terms2[0]}"):
        temp.append(f"{terms1[0]}v{terms2[0]}")
        steps[
            """
] = f"Resolved {temp[i]} and {temp[j]} to {temp[-1]}, which is in turn null. \
\nA contradiction is found when {negate(query)} is assumed as true. Hence, \
{query} is true."
return steps

for clause in clauses:
    if (
        clause not in temp
        and clause != reverse(clause)
        and reverse(clause) not in temp
    ):
        temp.append(clause)
        steps[clause] = f"Resolved from {temp[i]} and {temp[j]}."
    j = (j + 1) % n
    i += 1
return steps

```

```

def resolution(kb, query):
    kb = kb.split(" ")
    steps = resolve(kb, query)
    print("\nStep\t| Clause\t| Derivation\t")
    print("-" * 30)
    i = 1
    for step in steps:
        print(f" {i}.| {step}| {steps[step]}\t")
        i += 1

```

```

def main():
    print("Enter the kb:")
    kb = input()
    print("Enter the query:")
    query = input()
    resolution(kb, query)

```

Output:-

Enter the kb:

Rv~P Rv~Q ~RvP ~RvQ

Enter the query:

R

Step	Clause	Derivation

1. | Rv~P | Given.
2. | Rv~Q | Given.

3. | $\sim RvP$ | Given.
4. | $\sim RvQ$ | Given.
5. | $\sim R$ | Negated conclusion.
6. | | Resolved $Rv^{\sim}P$ and $\sim RvP$ to $Rv^{\sim}R$, which is in turn null.

A contradiction is found when $\sim R$ is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.

** Process exited - Return Code: 0 **

Press Enter to exit terminal

Program 8: - Implement unification in first-order logic

Code: -

```
import re

def getAttributes(expression):
    expression = expression.split("(")[1:]
    expression = (".".join(expression)
    expression = expression.split(")")[:-1]
    expression = ")".join(expression)
    attributes = expression.split(',')
    return attributes
```

```
def getInitialPredicate(expression):
    return expression.split("(")[0]
```

```
def isConstant(char):
    return char.isupper() and len(char) == 1
```

```
def isVariable(char):
    return char.islower() and len(char) == 1
```

```
def replaceAttributes(exp, old, new):  
    attributes = getAttributes(exp)  
    predicate = getInitialPredicate(exp)  
    for index, val in enumerate(attributes):  
        if val == old:  
            attributes[index] = new  
    return predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes) + ")"
```

```
def apply(exp, substitutions):  
    for substitution in substitutions:  
        new, old = substitution  
        exp = replaceAttributes(exp, old, new)  
    return exp
```

```
def checkOccurs(var, exp):  
    if exp.find(var) == -1:  
        return False  
    return True
```

```
def getFirstPart(expression):  
    attributes = getAttributes(expression)  
    return attributes[0]
```

```
def getRemainingPart(expression):  
    predicate = getInitialPredicate(expression)  
    attributes = getAttributes(expression)
```

```
newExpression = predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes[1:]) + ")"
return newExpression

def unify(exp1, exp2):
    if exp1 == exp2:
        return []

    if isConstant(exp1) and isConstant(exp2):
        if exp1 != exp2:
            print(f"{exp1} and {exp2} are constants. Cannot be unified")
            return []

        if isConstant(exp1):
            return [(exp1, exp2)]

        if isConstant(exp2):
            return [(exp2, exp1)]

        if isVariable(exp1):
            return [(exp2, exp1)] if not checkOccurs(exp1, exp2) else []

        if isVariable(exp2):
            return [(exp1, exp2)] if not checkOccurs(exp2, exp1) else []

    if getInitialPredicate(exp1) != getInitialPredicate(exp2):
        print("Cannot be unified as the predicates do not match!")
        return []

    attributeCount1 = len(getAttributes(exp1))
```

```
attributeCount2 = len(getAttributes(exp2))

if attributeCount1 != attributeCount2:
    print(f"Length of attributes {attributeCount1} and {attributeCount2} do not match.
Cannot be unified")

    return []

head1 = getFirstPart(exp1)

head2 = getFirstPart(exp2)

initialSubstitution = unify(head1, head2)

if not initialSubstitution:
    return []

if attributeCount1 == 1:
    return initialSubstitution

tail1 = getRemainingPart(exp1)

tail2 = getRemainingPart(exp2)

if initialSubstitution != []:
    tail1 = apply(tail1, initialSubstitution)
    tail2 = apply(tail2, initialSubstitution)

remainingSubstitution = unify(tail1, tail2)

if not remainingSubstitution:
    return []

return initialSubstitution + remainingSubstitution

if __name__ == "__main__":
    print("Enter the first expression")
```

```
e1 = input()
print("Enter the second expression")
e2 = input()
substitutions = unify(e1, e2)
print("The substitutions are:")
print([' / '.join(substitution) for substitution in substitutions])
```

Output:-

```
Enter the first expression
knows(f(x),y)
Enter the second expression
knows(J,John)
The substitutions are:
['J / f(x)', 'John / y']
```

```
** Process exited - Return Code: 0 **
```

```
Press Enter to exit terminal
```

Program 9: - Convert given first-order logic statement into Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF).

Code:-

```
import re

def getAttributes(string):
    expr = '\([^\)]+\)'
    matches = re.findall(expr, string)
    return [m for m in str(matches) if m.isalpha()]
```

```

def getPredicates(string):
    expr = '[a-zA-Z~]+\\([A-Za-z,]+\\)'
    return re.findall(expr, string)

def DeMorgan(sentence):
    string = ''.join(list(sentence).copy())
    string = string.replace('~~','')
    flag = '[' in string
    string = string.replace('~[','')
    string = string.strip(']')
    for predicate in getPredicates(string):
        string = string.replace(predicate, f'~{predicate}')
    s = list(string)
    for i, c in enumerate(string):
        if c == 'V':
            s[i] = '^'
        elif c == '^':
            s[i] = 'V'
    string = ''.join(s)
    string = string.replace('~~','')
    return f'[{string}]' if flag else string

def Skolemization(sentence):
    SKOLEM_CONSTANTS = [f'{chr(c)}' for c in range(ord('A'), ord('Z')+1)]
    statement = ''.join(list(sentence).copy())
    matches = re.findall('[\forall\exists].', statement)
    for match in matches[::-1]:
        statement = statement.replace(match, "")
    statements = re.findall('^\[\[^]+\]', statement)
    for s in statements:
        statement = statement.replace(s, s[1:-1])
    statement = statement.replace(' ', '')

```

```

for predicate in getPredicates(statement):
    attributes = getAttributes(predicate)
    if ".join(attributes).islower()":
        statement = statement.replace(match[1],SKOLEM_CONSTANTS.pop(0))
    else:
        aL = [a for a in attributes if a.islower()]
        aU = [a for a in attributes if not a.islower()][0]
        statement = statement.replace(aU, f'{SKOLEM_CONSTANTS.pop(0)}({aL[0]} if
len(aL) else match[1]})')
    return statement

def fol_to_cnf(fol):

    statement = fol.replace("<=>", "_")
    while '_' in statement:
        i = statement.index('_')
        new_statement = '[' + statement[:i] + '=>' + statement[i+1:] + ']^[' + statement[i+1:] +
'=>' + statement[:i] + ']'
        statement = new_statement
    statement = statement.replace("=>", "-")
    expr = '\[(\[^)]+)\]\]'
    statements = re.findall(expr, statement)
    for i, s in enumerate(statements):
        if '[' in s and ']' not in s:
            statements[i] += ']'
    for s in statements:
        statement = statement.replace(s, fol_to_cnf(s))
    while '-' in statement:
        i = statement.index('-')
        br = statement.index('[') if '[' in statement else 0
        new_statement = '~' + statement[br:i] + 'V' + statement[i+1:]

```

```

statement = statement[:br] + new_statement if br > 0 else new_statement

while '~∀' in statement:
    i = statement.index('~∀')
    statement = list(statement)
    statement[i], statement[i+1], statement[i+2] = '∃', statement[i+2], '~'
    statement = ".join(statement)

while '~∃' in statement:
    i = statement.index('~∃')
    s = list(statement)
    s[i], s[i+1], s[i+2] = '∀', s[i+2], '~'
    statement = ".join(s)

statement = statement.replace('~[∀','[~∀')
statement = statement.replace('~[∃','[~∃')
expr = '(~[∀∃].)'
statements = re.findall(expr, statement)

for s in statements:
    statement = statement.replace(s, fol_to_cnf(s))

expr = '~~\[[^\]]+\]\]'
statements = re.findall(expr, statement)

for s in statements:
    statement = statement.replace(s, DeMorgan(s))

return statement

def main():
    print("Enter FOL:")
    fol = input()
    print("The CNF form of the given FOL is: ")
    print(Skolemization(fol_to_cnf(fol)))

main()

```

Output:-

Enter FOL:

$\forall x \text{ food}(x) \Rightarrow \text{likes}(\text{Johns}, x)$

The CNF form of the given FOL is:

$\neg \text{food}(A) \vee \text{likes}(\text{Johns}, A)$

** Process exited - Return Code: 0 **

Press Enter to exit terminal

Program 10: - Create a knowledge base consisting of first-order logic statements and prove the given query using forward reasoning.

Code: -

```
import re
```

```
def isVariable(x):
```

```
    return len(x) == 1 and x.islower() and x.isalpha()
```

```
def getAttributes(string):
```

```
    expr = '\([^\)]+\)'
```

```
    matches = re.findall(expr, string)
```

```
    return matches
```

```
def getPredicates(string):
```

```
    expr = '([a-zA-Z]+)\([^\&|]+\)'
```

```
    return re.findall(expr, string)
```

```
class Fact:
```

```
def __init__(self, expression):
    self.expression = expression
    predicate, params = self.splitExpression(expression)
    self.predicate = predicate
    self.params = params
    self.result = any(self.getConstants())

def splitExpression(self, expression):
    predicate = getPredicates(expression)[0]
    params = getAttributes(expression)[0].strip('()').split(',')
    return [predicate, params]

def getResult(self):
    return self.result

def getConstants(self):
    return [None if isVariable(c) else c for c in self.params]

def getVariables(self):
    return [v if isVariable(v) else None for v in self.params]

def substitute(self, constants):
    c = constants.copy()
    f = f'{self.predicate}{{,.join([constants.pop(0) if isVariable(p) else p for p in self.params])}}'
    return Fact(f)

class Implication:
    def __init__(self, expression):
        self.expression = expression
```

```

l = expression.split('=>')
self.lhs = [Fact(f) for f in l[0].split('&')]
self.rhs = Fact(l[1])

def evaluate(self, facts):
    constants = {}
    new_lhs = []
    for fact in facts:
        for val in self.lhs:
            if val.predicate == fact.predicate:
                for i, v in enumerate(val.getVariables()):
                    if v:
                        constants[v] = fact.getConstants()[i]
                new_lhs.append(fact)
    predicate, attributes = getPredicates(self.rhs.expression)[0],
    str(getAttributes(self.rhs.expression)[0])
    for key in constants:
        if constants[key]:
            attributes = attributes.replace(key, constants[key])
    expr = f'{predicate}{attributes}'
    return Fact(expr) if len(new_lhs) and all([f.getResult() for f in new_lhs]) else None

class KB:
    def __init__(self):
        self.facts = set()
        self.implications = set()

    def tell(self, e):
        if '=>' in e:
            self.implications.add(Implication(e))

```

```
else:
    self.facts.add(Fact(e))

for i in self.implications:
    res = i.evaluate(self.facts)

    if res:
        self.facts.add(res)

def query(self, e):
    facts = set([f.expression for f in self.facts])
    i = 1
    print(f'Querying {e}:')
    for f in facts:
        if Fact(f).predicate == Fact(e).predicate:
            print(f'\t{i}. {f}')
            i += 1

def display(self):
    print("All facts: ")
    for i, f in enumerate(set([f.expression for f in self.facts])):
        print(f'\t{i+1}. {f}')

def main():
    kb = KB()
    print("Enter KB: (enter e to exit)")

    while True:
        t = input()
        if(t == 'e'):
            break
        kb.tell(t)

    print("Enter Query:")
```

```
q = input()
```

```
kb.query(q)
```

```
kb.display()
```

```
main()
```

Output:-

Enter KB: (enter e to exit)

missile(x)=>weapons(x)

missile(M1)

enemy(x,America)=>hostile(x)

american(West)

enemy(Nono,America)

owns(Nono,M1)

misile(x)&owns(Nono,x)=>sells(West,x,Nono)

american(x)&weapons(y)&sells(x,y,z)&hostile(z)=>criminals(x)

e

Enter Query:

criminal(x)

Querying criminal(x):

All facts:

1. hostile(Nono)
2. sells(West,M1,Nono)
3. american(West)
4. owns(Nono,M1)
5. weapons(M1)
6. enemy(Nono,America)
7. missile(M1)
8. criminals(West)

**** Process exited - Return Code: 0 ****

Press Enter to exit terminal
