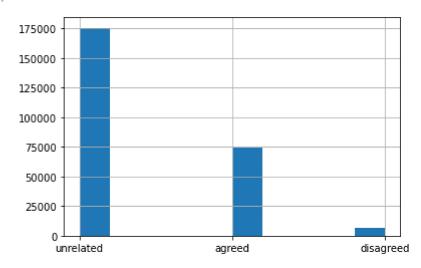
```
import re
import neattext as nt
import nltk
import string
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
import matplotlib
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [2]: df_traindata = pd.read_csv('C:/Masters/CS579/Project 2/files/train.csv')
df_testdata = pd.read_csv('C:/Masters/CS579/Project 2/files/test.csv')
```

```
In [3]: print("Histogram of Label in Training Data")
    df_traindata['label'].hist()
```

Histogram of Label in Training Data
Out[3]:



```
In [4]: print("Value counts of labels in Training Data")
    df_traindata['label'].value_counts()
```

Data Pre-Processing

```
In [5]: df_traindata['NEWS']=df_traindata.title1_en+' '+df_traindata.title2_en
    df_testdata['NEWS']=df_testdata.title1_en+' '+df_testdata.title2_en
```

```
In [6]:
    stop_words = stopwords.words("english")
    df_traindata['NEWS'] = df_traindata['NEWS'].str.lower()
    print('After converting to lower case \n',df_traindata['NEWS'].head())
    df_testdata['NEWS'] = df_testdata['NEWS'].str.lower()
```

```
print('After converting to lower case \n',df testdata['NEWS'].head())
        df_traindata['NEWS'] = df_traindata['NEWS'].apply(lambda x:nt.remove_stopwords(x))
        print('After converting with stop words case \n',df_traindata['NEWS'].head())
        df_testdata['NEWS'] = df_testdata['NEWS'].apply(lambda x:nt.remove_stopwords(x))
        print('After converting with stop words case \n',df testdata['NEWS'].head())
        asci_dec=lambda x: x.encode('ascii', 'ignore').decode()
        df traindata['NEWS']=df traindata['NEWS'].apply(asci dec)
        df_testdata['NEWS']=df_testdata['NEWS'].apply(asci_dec)
        df_traindata['NEWS'] = df_traindata['NEWS'].str.replace(re.compile('[!@#$%^&*()_+{}:"
        print('After removing punctations and symbols \n',df traindata['NEWS'].head())
        df testdata['NEWS'] = df_testdata['NEWS'].str.replace(re.compile('[!@#$%^&*()_+{}:"<>]
        print('After removing punctations and symbols \n',df_testdata['NEWS'].head())
        After converting to lower case
              there are two new old-age insurance benefits f...
        1
             "if you do not come to shenzhen, sooner or lat...
             "if you do not come to shenzhen, sooner or lat...
        2
             "if you do not come to shenzhen, sooner or lat...
        3
             "if you do not come to shenzhen, sooner or lat...
        Name: NEWS, dtype: object
        After converting to lower case
              the great coat brother zhu zhu wen, in the man...
        1
             nasa reveals facts about ufo wreckage found on...
        2
             the hollow tomatoes are loaded with hormones. ...
             ange pavilion geoshui: how accurate is matrimo...
             a 50-year-old bus-bus blows up an 8-year-old c...
        Name: NEWS, dtype: object
        After converting with stop words case
              new old-age insurance benefits old people rura...
             "if come shenzhen, sooner later son come." 10 ...
        1
        2
             "if come shenzhen, sooner later son come." 10 ...
             "if come shenzhen, sooner later son come." 10 ...
             "if come shenzhen, sooner later son come." 10 ...
        Name: NEWS, dtype: object
        After converting with stop words case
              great coat brother zhu zhu wen, mandarin love ...
        1
             nasa reveals facts ufo wreckage found moon. uf...
        2
             hollow tomatoes loaded hormones. li chenfan bi...
        3
             ange pavilion geoshui: accurate matrimony matc...
             50-year-old bus-bus blows 8-year-old child. ru...
        Name: NEWS, dtype: object
        After removing punctations and symbols
              new old-age insurance benefits old people rura...
             if come shenzhen sooner later son come 10 year...
        1
             if come shenzhen sooner later son come 10 year...
        2
             if come shenzhen sooner later son come 10 year...
             if come shenzhen sooner later son come 10 year...
        Name: NEWS, dtype: object
        After removing punctations and symbols
              great coat brother zhu zhu wen mandarin love s...
         0
             nasa reveals facts ufo wreckage found moon ufo...
        1
        2
             hollow tomatoes loaded hormones li chenfan bin...
             ange pavilion geoshui accurate matrimony match...
             50-year-old bus-bus blows 8-year-old child rum...
        Name: NEWS, dtype: object
        X=df traindata.NEWS
In [7]:
        y=df_traindata.label
```

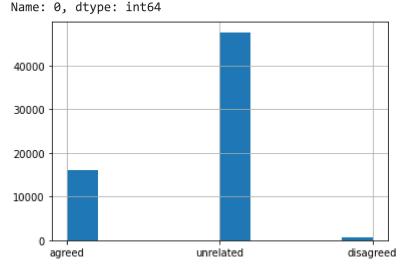
```
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=
In [10]:
         print("Length of Training NEWS Data: ",len(X_train))
         print("Length of Testing NEWS Data: ",len(X test))
         print("Length of Training LABEL Data: ",len(y_train))
         print("Length of Testing LABEL Data: ",len(y_test))
         Length of Training NEWS Data: 205153
         Length of Testing NEWS Data: 51289
         Length of Training LABEL Data: 205153
         Length of Testing LABEL Data: 51289
In [11]: | from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
         vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(stop_words='english', max_features=5000)
         X_train = vectorizer.fit_transform(X_train)
         X test = vectorizer.transform(X test)
         model= RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, random_state=42)
In [12]:
         model.fit(X_train,y_train)
         RandomForestClassifier(random_state=42)
Out[12]:
In [65]: from sklearn import metrics
         print("Validations for Random Forest Classifier:\n")
         print('Length of predicated values')
         y pred=model.predict(X test)
         print(len(y pred))
         print("The accuracy of Random Forest Model")
         accuracy = accuracy score(y test, y pred)
         print("Accuracy:", accuracy)
         print("Classification Reports: \n", metrics.classification report(y test,y pred))
         Validations for Random Forest Classifier:
         Length of predicated values
         51289
         The accuracy of Random Forest Model
         Accuracy: 0.8483105539199438
         Classification Reports:
                        precision recall f1-score
                                                         support
                                      0.69
                                                0.75
                                                         14813
                            0.82
               agreed
            disagreed
                            0.78
                                      0.27
                                                0.40
                                                          1321
            unrelated
                            0.86
                                      0.93
                                                0.89
                                                         35155
             accuracy
                                                0.85
                                                         51289
                            0.82
            macro avg
                                      0.63
                                                0.68
                                                         51289
         weighted avg
                            0.85
                                      0.85
                                                0.84
                                                         51289
In [14]:
         print("Predicting the values of label for Test Data")
         A=df testdata.NEWS
         test_x= vectorizer.transform(A)
         y_predict=model.predict(test x)
         df_1=pd.DataFrame(y_predict)
         Predicting the values of label for Test Data
         print("Histogram of Label values in Testing Data predicted by Random Forest Model ")
In [19]:
         df_1[0].hist()
```

```
print("\n Count of Each Labels \n")
df_1[0].value_counts()
```

Histogram of Label values in Testing Data predicted by Random Forest Model

Count of Each Labels

Out[19]: unrelated 47612 agreed 15961 disagreed 537



```
In [30]: test_res=pd.DataFrame({"id": df_testdata.id, "label": y_predict},)
    test_res.to_csv('submission.csv',index=False)
    print("Sample of submission.csv file")
    test_res
```

Sample of submission.csv file

```
Out[30]:
```

id label

- **0** 256442 agreed
- **1** 256443 unrelated
- **2** 256444 unrelated
- **3** 256445 unrelated
- **4** 256446 unrelated

...

64105 320547 unrelated

64106 320548 unrelated

64107 320549 agreed

64108 320550 unrelated

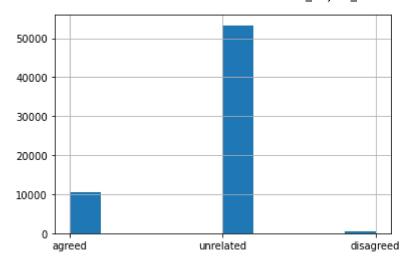
64109 320551 unrelated

64110 rows × 2 columns

```
In [31]: print("Training the Data for Multinominal Distribution")
   X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=
```

Training the Data for Multinominal Distribution

```
In [32]:
         vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(stop_words='english', max_features=5000)
         X_train = vectorizer.fit_transform(X_train)
         X test = vectorizer.transform(X test)
In [63]: from sklearn.naive bayes import MultinomialNB
         model1=MultinomialNB()
         model1.fit(X_train,y_train)
         y_pred = model1.predict(X_test)
In [64]: from sklearn import metrics
          print("Validations for Naïve Bayes Model:\n")
          print("The accuracy of Naïve Bayes Model ")
          acc = accuracy score(y test, y pred)
          print(acc)
          print("Classification Reports: \n", metrics.classification report(y test,y pred))
         Validations for Naïve Bayes Model:
         The accuracy of Naïve Bayes Model
         0.7300395796369592
         Classificaiton Reports:
                         precision
                                     recall f1-score
                                                         support
                                       0.35
                                                 0.45
               agreed
                            0.63
                                                          14813
            disagreed
                            0.65
                                       0.12
                                                 0.21
                                                           1321
            unrelated
                            0.75
                                       0.91
                                                 0.82
                                                          35155
             accuracy
                                                 0.73
                                                          51289
            macro avg
                            0.68
                                       0.46
                                                 0.49
                                                          51289
                                                 0.70
         weighted avg
                            0.71
                                       0.73
                                                          51289
         print("Predicting the values of label for Test Data")
In [40]:
          B=df_testdata.NEWS
          test x= vectorizer.transform(B)
         y_predict=model1.predict(test_x)
          df_2=pd.DataFrame(y_predict)
          df_2[0].hist()
          print("\n Count of Each Labels \n")
          df_2[0].value_counts()
         Predicting the values of label for Test Data
           Count of Each Labels
         unrelated
                      53306
Out[40]:
         agreed
                      10453
         disagreed
                        351
         Name: 0, dtype: int64
```



```
In [46]: print('Training the Data for Decision Tree Classifier Model')
    from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
    X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=
```

Training the Data for Decision Tree Classifier Model

```
In [47]: vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(stop_words='english', max_features=5000)
X_train = vectorizer.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test = vectorizer.transform(X_test)
```

```
In [49]: model2= DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=42)
model2.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = model2.predict(X_test)
```

The accuracy of Desicion Tree Classifier Model 0.7785880013258204

```
In [61]: from sklearn import metrics
    print("Validations for Desicion Tree Classifier:\n")
    print("The accuracy of Desicion Tree Classifier Model ")
    acc2 = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
    print(acc2)
    print("Classification Reports: \n", metrics.classification_report(y_test,y_pred))
```

Validations for Desicion Tree Classifier:

The accuracy of Desicion Tree Classifier Model 0.7785880013258204

Classificaiton Reports:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
agreed disagreed unrelated	0.66 0.40 0.84	0.67 0.38 0.84	0.67 0.39 0.84	14813 1321 35155
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.64 0.78	0.63 0.78	0.78 0.63 0.78	51289 51289 51289

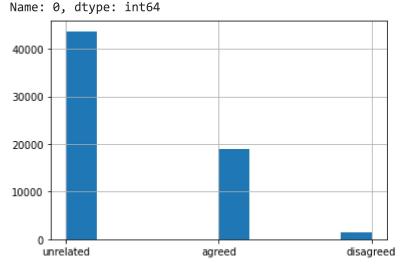
```
In [50]: print("Predicting the values of label for Test Data")
    C=df_testdata.NEWS
    test_x= vectorizer.transform(C)
    y_predict=model2.predict(test_x)
```

```
df_3=pd.DataFrame(y_predict)
df_3[0].hist()
print("\n Count of Each Labels \n")
df_3[0].value_counts()
```

Predicting the values of label for Test Data

Count of Each Labels

Out[50]: unrelated 43705 agreed 18891 disagreed 1514

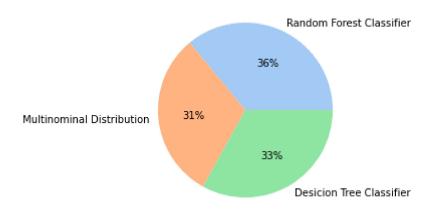


```
In [51]: print("We have calculated accuracy of three models")
    print("1.Accuracy of Random Forest Classifier :",accuracy)
    print("2.Accuracy of Multinominal Distribution :",acc)
    print("3.Accuracy of Desicion Tree Classifier :",acc2)
```

We have calculated accuracy of three models
1.Accuracy of Random Forest Classifier: 0.8483105539199438
2.Accuracy of Multinominal Distribution: 0.7300395796369592

3.Accuracy of Desicion Tree Classifier: 0.7785880013258204

```
In [52]: data = [accuracy, acc, acc2]
    labels = ['Random Forest Classifier', 'Multinominal Distribution', 'Desicion Tree Clast colors = sns.color_palette('pastel')[0:5]
    plt.pie(data, labels = labels, colors = colors, autopct='%.0f%%')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [53]: plt.bar(['Random Forest Classifier', 'Multinomial Distribution', 'Desicion Tree Classi
    plt.xlabel('Models')
    plt.ylabel('Values')
    plt.title('Bar chart')
    plt.show()
```

