- 1. What is a blockchain?
- 2. How does a blockchain work?
- 3. What is the purpose of a blockchain?
- 4. What are the benefits of using a blockchain?
- 5. What are the types of blockchains?
- 6. What is the difference between public and private blockchains?
- 7. What is a smart contract?
- 8. How are transactions verified on a blockchain?
- 9. What is a block reward?
- 10. What is a 51% attack and how does it work?
- 11. How is data stored on a blockchain?
- 12. How is privacy maintained on a blockchain?
- 13. What are some real-world applications of blockchain technology?
- 14. How does blockchain differ from traditional databases?
- 15. What are the limitations of blockchain technology?
- 16. What is distributed ledger technology?
- 17. How is distributed ledger technology different from blockchain technology?
- 18. What are the benefits of using distributed ledger technology?
- 19. What are the types of distributed ledgers?
- 20. How are transactions recorded on a distributed ledger?
- 21. What is the consensus mechanism in distributed ledger technology?
- 22. What are the advantages of a permissioned distributed ledger?
- 23. How does distributed ledger technology enable decentralized applications?
- 24. How does distributed ledger technology impact traditional financial systems?
- 25. What are the potential use cases of distributed ledger technology?
- 26. How does distributed ledger technology address issues of trust and transparency?
- 27. What are the challenges associated with implementing distributed ledger technology?
- 28. How does distributed ledger technology differ from centralized databases?

- 29. What are the limitations of distributed ledger technology?
- 30. What is distributed consensus?
- 31. Why is distributed consensus important in distributed systems?
- 32. What are the challenges of achieving distributed consensus?
- 33. What is the role of a consensus algorithm in distributed consensus?
- 34. What are the different types of consensus algorithms?
- 35. How does the proof-of-work consensus algorithm work?
- 36. How does the proof-of-stake consensus algorithm work?
- 37. How does the proof-of-burnconsensus algorithm work?
- 38. What is a Byzantine fault?
- 39. What are the limitations of distributed consensus algorithms?
- 40. What is cryptocurrency?
- 41. How does cryptocurrency work?
- 42. What is the purpose of cryptocurrency?
- 43. What is a blockchain-based cryptocurrency?
- 44. What is a decentralized cryptocurrency?
- 45. How are new units of cryptocurrency created?
- 46. What is mining in the context of cryptocurrency?
- 47. What is a cryptocurrency wallet?
- 48. What is the difference between a hot and a cold wallet?
- 49. What are the advantages of using cryptocurrency?
- 50. What are the disadvantages of using cryptocurrency?
- 51. What are some popular cryptocurrencies?
- 52. How can cryptocurrency be used for transactions?
- 53. How does cryptocurrency differ from traditional currency?
- 54. What are the regulatory challenges associated with cryptocurrency?
- 55. What is Ethereum?
- 56. How is Ethereum different from Bitcoin?
- 57. What is the Ethereum Virtual Machine (EVM)?
- 58. What is the purpose of the EVM?

- 59. What is a smart contract on Ethereum?
- 60. How are smart contracts executed on Ethereum?
- 61. What is gas in the context of Ethereum?
- 62. What is the purpose of gas in Ethereum?
- 63. What is a decentralized application (dApp) on Ethereum?
- 64. What are the benefits of using Ethereum for dApp development?
- 65. What is Ether?
- 66. How is Ether used on the Ethereum network?
- 67. What is the difference between Ether and gas?
- 68. What is a hard fork in the context of Ethereum?
- 69. What are some popular applications built on Ethereum?
- 70. What is a dApp?
- 71. How is a dApp different from a regular app?
- 72. What are the benefits of using a dApp?
- 73. What are the types of dApps?
- 74. What is the architecture of a typical dApp?
- 75. What is a smart contract in the context of a dApp?
- 76. How are smart contracts used in dApps?
- 77. What is the role of a blockchain in a dApp?
- 78. What is a decentralized autonomous organization (DAO)?
- 79. How does a DAO function in a dApp?
- 80. What is the consensus mechanism in a dApp?
- 81. What are the challenges associated with building a dApp?
- 82. What is the difference between a public and a private dApp?
- 83. What are some popular dApps in use today?
- 84. How can one get started building a dApp?
- 85. What is Hyperledger Fabric?
- 86. How is Hyperledger Fabric different from other blockchain platforms?
- 87. What is the architecture of Hyperledger Fabric?
- 88. What are the roles of the different nodes in a Hyperledger Fabric network?

- 89. What is the consensus mechanism in Hyperledger Fabric?
- 90. What is the role of the orderer in Hyperledger Fabric?
- 91. What is a smart contract in the context of Hyperledger Fabric?
- 92. How are smart contracts used in Hyperledger Fabric?
- 93. What is a channel in Hyperledger Fabric?
- 94. How are channels used in Hyperledger Fabric?
- 95. What is the Hyperledger Fabric SDK?
- 96. How is the Hyperledger Fabric SDK used in application development?
- 97. What are the benefits of using Hyperledger Fabric for enterprise blockchain solutions?
- 98. What are some popular use cases of Hyperledger Fabric?
- 99. How can one get started with using Hyperledger Fabric?
- 100. Explain chaincode in blockchain.
- 101. List and explain different roles in hyperledger febrics