26th jan 2023

FIRST:-

Case-specific Sorting of Strings

MediumAccuracy: **69.88%**Submissions: **33K+**Points: **4**

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Given a string **S** consisting of **only uppercase** and **lowercase** characters. The task is to **sort** uppercase and lowercase letters **separately** such that if the i_{th} place in the original string had an Uppercase character then it should not have a lowercase character after being sorted and vice versa.

Example 1:

```
Input:
N = 12
S = defRTSersUXI
Output: deeIRSfrsTUX
Explanation: Sorted form of given string
with the same case of character as that
in original string is deeIRSfrsTUX
```

Example 2:

```
Input:
N = 6
S = srbDKi
Output: birDKs
Explanation: Sorted form of given string
with the same case of character will
result in output as birDKs.
```

Your Task:
You only need to complete the function **caseSort** that takes a string str and length of the string n and **returns** sorted **string**.

Expected Time Complexity: O(Nlog(N)).
Expected Auxiliary Space: O(N).

Constraints:
$1 \leq N \leq 10^5$

CODE SECTION:-

```
string caseSort(string str, int n)
  {
      // your code here
      string capital, small;
      for (char c : str)
      {
          if (c >= 'a')
          {
              small.push_back(c);
          }
          else
          {
              capital.push_back(c);
          }
      }
      sort(small.begin(), small.end());
      sort(capital.begin(), capital.end());
      int x = 0, y = 0;
      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
      {
          if (str[i] >= 'a')
          {
              str[i] = small[x++];
          }
          else
          {
              str[i] = capital[y++];
          }
      }
      return str;
  }
```

-: DONE FOR TODAY :-