# 7<sup>th</sup> feb 2023

#### FIRST:-

**Length of the longest subarray with positive product : : Medium**Given an array **arr[]** consisting of **n** integers, find the length of the longest subarray with **positive (non zero) product**.

# Example 1:

```
Input:
arr[] ={0, 1, -2, -3, -4}
Output:
3
Explanation:
The longest subarray with positive product is:
{1, -2, -3}. Therefore, the required length is 3.
```

# Example 2:

```
Input:
arr[]={-1, -2, 0, 1, 2}
Output:
2
Explanation:
The longest subarray with positive products
are: {-1, -2}, {1, 2}. Therefore, the required
length is 2.
```

**Your Task:** This is a function problem. You don't need to take any input, as it is already accomplished by the driver code. You just need to complete the function **maxLength()** that takes array **arr[]**, and an integer **n** as

parameters and return the length of the longest subarray where the product of all of its element is positive.

**Expected Time Complexity:** O(n). **Expected Auxiliary Space:** O(1).

### **Constraints:**

1<=n<=10<sup>5</sup> -10<sup>9</sup><=arr[i]<=10<sup>9</sup>

## **CODE SECTION:-**

```
int maxLength(vector<int> &arr,int n){
         int pos=0,neg=0,ans=0,i;
         for(i=0;i<n;i++){
             if(arr[i]==0) pos=neg=0;
             else if(arr[i]>0){
                 if(neg==0){
                      pos++;
                  }
                 else{
                      pos++;
                      neg++;
                 }
             else{
                   if(neg==0){
                       neg=pos+1;
                       pos=0;
                  else{
                       int temp=pos;
                       pos=neg+1;
                       neg=temp+1;
         ans=max(ans,pos);
         return ans;
```

