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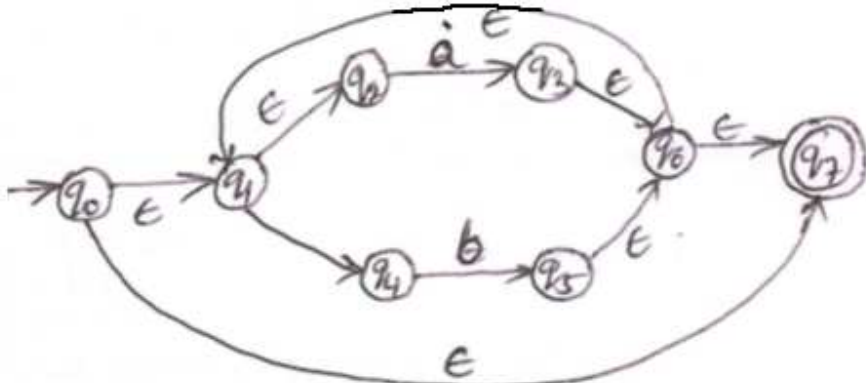
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RV COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING®
 (Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU)
IV Semester B. E. Fast Track Examinations July-19
Computer Science and Engineering
THEORY OF COMPUTATIONS

*Time: 03 Hours**Maximum Marks: 100**Instructions to candidates:*

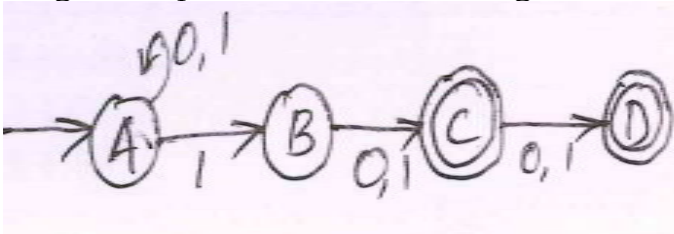
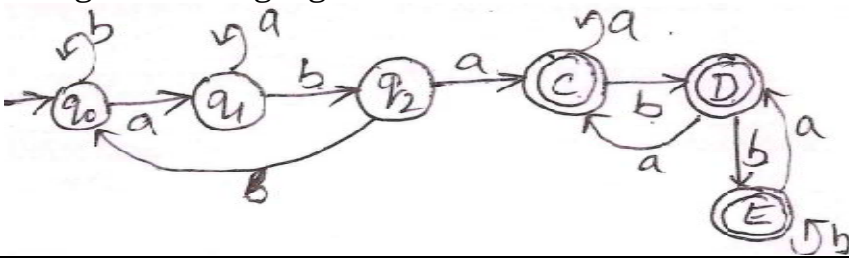
- Answer all questions from Part A. Part A questions should be answered in first three pages of the answer book only.
- Answer FIVE full questions from Part B. In Part B question number 2, 7 and 8 are compulsory. Answer any one full question from 3 and 4 & one full question from 5 and 6

PART A

1	1.1	Consider two RE $r = 0^* + 1^*$ and $s = 01^* + 10^* + 1^*0 + (0^*1)^*$ i. Find a string in $\{0,1\}^*$ corresponding to neither r nor s . ii. Find a string in $\{0,1\}^*$ corresponding to r and s	01 02																		
	1.2	Write ϵ -NFA for the Regular Expression $((0 + 1)(0 + 1))^*$.	02																		
	1.3	Find a RE corresponding to subsets of $\{0,1\}^*$, whose second symbol from left and right end is same.	01																		
	1.4	Define left recursion. Eliminate left recursion from the following grammar: $S \rightarrow (L)x$ $L \rightarrow L, S \mid S$	02																		
	1.5	Transition Table of Turing machine is given below. <table><tr><th>State q</th><th>Input X</th><th>Move $\delta(q, X)$</th></tr><tr><td>q_0</td><td>Δ</td><td>(q_1, Δ, R)</td></tr><tr><td>q_1</td><td>A</td><td>(q_2, a, R)</td></tr><tr><td>q_2</td><td>B</td><td>(q_3, b, R)</td></tr><tr><td>q_3</td><td>A</td><td>(q_3, a, R)</td></tr><tr><td>q_3</td><td>Δ</td><td>(q_4, Δ, S)</td></tr></table> Define the language accepted by Turing machine assuming q_0 as initial state and q_4 as final state.	State q	Input X	Move $\delta(q, X)$	q_0	Δ	(q_1, Δ, R)	q_1	A	(q_2, a, R)	q_2	B	(q_3, b, R)	q_3	A	(q_3, a, R)	q_3	Δ	(q_4, Δ, S)	01
State q	Input X	Move $\delta(q, X)$																			
q_0	Δ	(q_1, Δ, R)																			
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q_3	A	(q_3, a, R)																			
q_3	Δ	(q_4, Δ, S)																			
	1.6	Consider the following ϵ -NFA. Find ϵ -closure(q_0). 	01 02																		
	1.7	Differentiate recursive and recursively enumerable languages.	02																		
	1.8	For $\Sigma = \{0,1\}$, design a Turing machine that accepts the language denoted by the regular expression $(a + b)^* ab(a + b)^*$.	02																		
	1.9	Define Context Sensitive Grammar.	01																		

1.10	CFLs are not closed under _____ and _____.	01
1.11	Define inherently ambiguous grammar and give an example for inherently ambiguous language.	02
1.12	Consider homomorphism h from alphabet $\{0,1,2\}$ to $\{a,b\}$ defined by $h(0) = ab, h(1) = b$ and $h(2) = aa$. Find $h(0210), h(2201), h(1 * 02 *)$ and $h^{-1}(ababb)$.	02
1.13	Show a derivation tree for the string $aabbbb$ with the grammar and describe the language generated by this grammar $S \rightarrow AB \epsilon$ $A \rightarrow aB,$ $B \rightarrow Sb.$	02

PART B

2	a	Discuss the applications of Regular Expressions with an example.	04
	b	Construct the regular expression from following automata: 	06
	c	Define distinguishable and indistinguishable states. Minimize the following automata using table filling algorithm. 	06

3	a	Define CFG. Construct a CFG for the following languages: i. $L = \{a^n b^m : n \leq m + 3\}$ ii. $L = \{a^n W W^R b^n : W \in (a,b)^*\}$	05
	b	Define CNF. Convert the following grammar into Chomsky Normal form: $S \rightarrow AB aB$ $A \rightarrow aab \epsilon$ $B \rightarrow bbA$	06
	c	State and prove pumping lemma for regular languages.	05
OR			
4	a	Remove all unit-productions, all useless productions, and all ϵ -productions from the grammar. Describe the language generated by the grammar. $S \rightarrow aA aBB,$ $A \rightarrow aaA / \epsilon,$ $B \rightarrow bB bbC,$ $C \rightarrow B.$	05

	b	Define LMD,RMD and Ambiguous grammar. Show that the following grammar is ambiguous. Construct An unambiguous grammar equivalent to this grammar. $S \rightarrow AB aaB,$ $A \rightarrow a Aa,$ $B \rightarrow b.$	07															
	c	Discuss the applications of Context Free Grammars	04															
5	a	Discuss the languages accepted by PDA with an example for each	05															
	b	Construct PDA that accept the language $L = \{N_a(w) = 2N_b(w)\}$ on $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$	07															
	c	Construct the NPDA corresponding to the grammar $S \rightarrow aABB aAA,$ $A \rightarrow aBB a,$ $B \rightarrow bBB A.$ OR	04															
6	a	Consider the NPDA with transitions $\delta(q_0, a, Z) = \{(q_0, AZ)\},$ $\delta(q_0, a, A) = \{(q_0, A)\},$ $\delta(q_0, b, A) = \{(q_1, \epsilon)\},$ $\delta(q_1, \epsilon, Z) = \{(q_2, \epsilon)\},$ using q0 as initial state and q2 as final state. Construct an equivalent CFG.	07															
	b	Prove that CFLs are closed under Union, Concatenation and Closure.	05															
	c	Show that the language $L=\{WW \mid W \in (0,1)^*\}$ is not context free.	04															
7	a	Define Linear Bounded Automata. Design a linear bounded automata to accept the language $L = \{a^n b^n c^n \mid n \geq 0\}$.	08															
	b	Define left linear and right linear grammars. Construct right and left-linear grammar for the language $L = \{a^n b^m : n \geq 2, m \geq 3\}$. Construct DFA for both left and right linear grammars.	08															
8	a	Define PCP. Given an instance of PCP, check whether this instance has a solution. <table><tr><td></td><td>List A</td><td>List B</td></tr><tr><td>i</td><td>Wi</td><td>Xi</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>110</td><td>110110</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>0011</td><td>00</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>0110</td><td>110</td></tr></table>		List A	List B	i	Wi	Xi	1	110	110110	2	0011	00	3	0110	110	04
	List A	List B																
i	Wi	Xi																
1	110	110110																
2	0011	00																
3	0110	110																
	b	If L_1 and L_2 are recursively enumerable languages over Σ , then prove that $L_1 \cap L_2$ and $L_1 \cup L_2$ are recursively enumerable.	06															
	c	Define multi-dimensional TM. Discuss how Multi-dimensional TM can be simulated using standard single tape TM.	06															