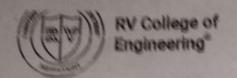
	Date	June 2024	Maximum Marks	50			1
Cours	se Code	CY245AT	Duration	00000	linutes	95.00	1
Cours	Sem	IV	Duranon	70 11.	micros		1
	OVAL		Common to CS, IS, CD, AI & CY)	77		TR	1
Sl. No.			ART-B	N	BT	СО	1
1/(2)				110	4	2	1
(a)		eth1 IP:192.168.4.250 MAC: 09:05:a0:0 AC: 32:30:cd:0b:1c:2e		8	4	2	
	2	er the following When frame leaves A toward destination MAC of the fram Mention any one probable p this network if the frame is the Assume R1 does not know the state of the frame that the frame is the frame is the frame of the	rotocol at datalink and physical layer of pit oriented framing protocol. he MAC of R2 but knows only IP addres	s,			
	5)	how will R1 know the frame Write a neat diagram of OSI mentioned fits in.	from A has error introduced in the way,		10	3	
(a)	protoco	1.			7-8		1
	sender a	and explain the various trans			10	4	
/		CCCMA	(Carrier Sense Multiple Access). Illum and its two major problems.	strate	10	3	



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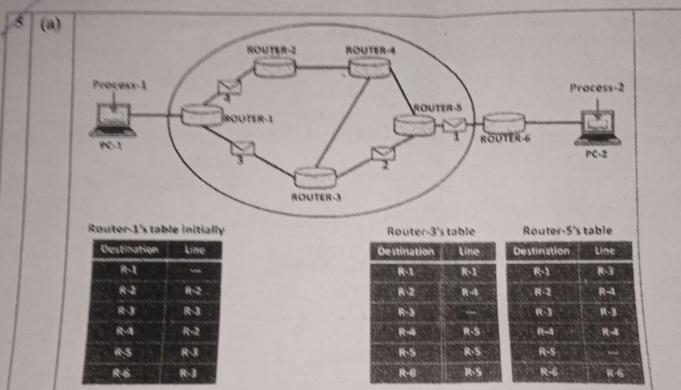
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Go, change the wor

6+2+

2

Academic year 2023-2024 (Even Sem)



The initial network and routing table is given.

- 1. Explain Store and Forward concept in the network
- 2. If router 2 fails or crashes, show how the routing table of router 1 changes. How is the next best path/hop identified to populate the table?
- Does all datagrams in the above network take same path? Justify your answer.

URSE OUTCOMES:

CN-I

D1: Apply the algorithms/techniques of routing and congestion control to solve problems related to emputer Networks.

O2: Analyse the services provided by various layers of TCP/IP model to build effective solutions

O3: Design sustainable networking solutions with societal and environmental concerns by engaging in intelligent in the content of the content

CO4: Exhibit Demonstrate the solutions using various algorithms/protocols available to address network

CO5: Using modern tools by exhibiting team work and effective communication network configurations and performance evaluation in networks.

	Date	July 2024	Maximum Marks 60		100	
Course	No. of Concession, Name of Street, or other Persons, Name of Street, or ot	CY245AT	Duration 120 Minute	es		
	Sem	IV			No.	
	0		Computer Networks (Common to CS, IS, CD, AI & CY)			
I. No.	-		PART-A	M	В	C
			(QUIZ)	ar	1	0
BELL				ks	1	3
	Node I	w any 2 unique Spanning	a given network below. Draw a sing tree for node 'J'. Assume that, ate the sink tree of J and draw its structure after the node I crashes. Fig. 1(a) Trees which includes Group1, 2 and 3 nodes for Multicasting.	2	3	2
		_	E			1
1	1	1, 2, 3 F	1, 2, 3 Fig. 1(b)		12	+
1/c	Identi	fy the general major car	use of congestion and solution to control over congestion in a		1	1
1	1	1 1 de munto rocos	urces are provided		1 2	+
d	For the packet	ts from R1 to R4? Justi	elow, which type of routing scheme is best suitable to route and ify your answer. R3 Fig. 1(d)			2
	/	ELL O pookat is used f	for measuring delay? Justify your answer with reason.			-
9						1
	for Die	stance vector routing a	I the nodes of a network given below using Bellman Ford algorated show the routing table entries in every step. Assume the formshow the updated routing tables of all the nodes under each scatch, Link is established from F to C with distance value 1. The transfer of the	orithmollow	ing o:	1

Academic year 2023-2024 (Even Sem)

-			-	-
	5 B C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C			
3/ (a	In the below scenario, find the following using Dijikstra's algorithm:	3	3	
	i) Smrithi has to visit all the places identified as nodes in the network, find the best paths for Smrithi to visit all the places starting from her home. ii) Find out that, from which place she can start with to cover all the places at best shortest distances to visit all the places and show the paths. School Beach Dark CN-11			
	Shopping Gym Fig. 3 (a)	1		
1		10	4	4
4 (a).	For a Fig. 2(a), show the following stages of link state routing: i) Build the link state packets and show the packet fields for each node			1
1	::) Write a Packet buffer for node E with SEND and ACK Hag bits	10	4	13
(a)	 For the Fig.3(a), assume the below scenarios of congestion and provide the solution: i) If network is VC subnet, VC is built from Smrithi's home to Home to Park. Show the path from home to park after congestion occurs at Shopping point ii) If it is a datagram network, there is huge traffic at Museum from Shopping point and Gym. To reduce the congestion at Museum, identify and describe the measures need to be taken to 			4
	Build a tree for Reverse path Forwarding for node J for network diagram given in Fig. 1(a) and compute the following: Mention the number of packets generated at every level of tree Mention total number of packets generated, total number of duplicate packets and total number	1	2+ 2	

CO1: Apply the algorithms/techniques of routing and congestion control to solve problems related to Computer Networks.

CO2: Analyse the services provided by various layers of TCP/IP model to build effective solutions CO3: Design sustainable networking solutions with societal and environmental concerns by engaging in Lifelong learning for emerging

CO4: Exhibit Demonstrate the solutions using various algorithms/protocols available to address networking issues. CO5: Using modern tools by exhibiting team work and effective communication network configuration, protocol usage and performance of the configuration in particular in pa evaluation in networks.

MESSES.	DI	EPARTMENT OF COM	PUTER SCIENCE AND ENGIN	EERING				1
	Date	August 2024	Maximum Marks	10 + 50				
Cor	urse Code	CY245AT	Duration	120 Min	utes		HE	
	Sem	IV						
			PUTER NETWORKS					
Sl. No.	A DE SE		PROVEMENT CIE PART-A		M	B	r (O
1	Convert th	ne following IPv4 addresse			2	L3	3	2
	The second secon	54.165.38	is to II vo.					
		9.154.76.90						22
2			nd the range of IP Addresses		2	L3		3
		OR block.						
	100	0.10.30.35 / 27			100			
3		00.1.2.35 / 20	1 to the the man	oto	2	L4		3
3	A system	d connected to local LAN n	eeds to transmit a packet to the rem receive packets from outside world,	in both				
	them see	narios how the local system	n would find the IP address and the	Hardware	133			
	address i	espectively.	Would have a seemed					
4	A router	has an entry of IP address	- 160.36.30.110, network		2	L4	4	1
	and the second second second		ng table. Derive the following:					
1	-	Broadcast address for the no				1		7
5	Identify	Network ID for the network type of QoS scheme used	n the following scenarios:	THE REAL PROPERTY.	2	L4	5	
	1	A corporate network is han	dling a mixture of traffic, including	real-time	1	1		
	1	video calls emails file dov	vnloads and web browsing. The con	upany		1		1
	, T	vants to ensure that critica	applications (like video conference less critical applications (like bulk	data	1			1
	- t	ransfers)			1		1	11 18
	1 33 /	company is holding a re-	al-time video conference that requir	es a			1	
,	1	vorantee of low latency	high handwidth and minimal juice of	O CHBUIC		1		1333
	S	mooth communication be	tween participants in different locat	TORIS.		M	BT	CO
SI. No.			PART-B	1.		10	L4	3
1	i. Classif	y the following scenario	s under congestion and flow contro	1.				1
	a. A da	ta center is handling traff	a Distributed Denial of Service (D	DoS) attac	ck.			
	b. A cl	oud server is targeted by	orint jobs too quickly to a networker	ed printer			1	
11 18 7 8						1	1	
6198		nall buffer.	nds of sensors floods a gateway w	ith data,				1
	d. An	101 network with thousa	a faster than a connected periphera	al				
	e. An	ncrocontroller sering ar	plication leads to excessive traffic	across th	ne			111
	f. A per	via the local ISP's links.	A					
	network,	via the local ist	network. Consider the following	scenarios	and			
(423)	ii. Suppo	se you have a con-b						1
	provide y	our answer.	provide QoS on a congested net	work?				
	a.	Is it aiways per	ide QoS on a congested network?	If yes or	no,			
	b.	justify your answer.	TILL					
		justify your and	packets/sec. The load offered to it	is 12 mi	llion	1	10	L4
2 (a)	A router	can process to	wing time for an 1					
	packets/s	ec on average.	e waiting time for each packet at	a router?	2			
	1	· VVIIdt 10						

-	Academic year 2023-2024 (Even Sem)				
(a)	ii. If a route from source to destination contains 7 routers, how much time is spent being queued and serviced by the router? 30Mbps. Rates of flow 1,2,3,4 are 8Mbps, 2Mbps, 4Mbps and 6Mbps respectively. If the router has implemented weighted fair queuing (WFQ), A university has class B address space of 182.17.X.X. It has 45 departments each having 700 hosts. You must design an appropriate subnetting scheme to support the needs of this university. Identify the number of bits for hosts and subnets. Find the subnet mask. Design the first five subnet id's and the range of host addresses on these subnets. How many total hosts can be supported in each subnet if the department grows in	10	L3	2	
(a)	future? State the purpose of TTL field in an IPv4 packet and its operating principle.	10) L4	4	
	Consider the following subnet. i. If there is a packet originating at Router 1, what should be the minimum TTL value to reach Routers 2,6,8 respectively? ii. Packet originating at Router 1 destined to Router 7 has TTL=2. Identify the sequence of operations taking place? iii. What is the significance of header checksum field? iv. If most of the fields are intact in the IPv4 header, then why header checksum is computed at each router?				
(a)	Consider sending a 2400-byte datagram that gets transmitted into a link that has an MTU of 700 bytes. Suppose the original datagram is stamped with the identification number 422. Determine the following i) How many fragments are generated? ii) List the various IP header fields related to fragmentation. iii) What are the values in the various fields in the IP datagram(s) generated related to fragmentation? iv) Illustrate how IPv6 handles the fragmentation entirely?	as	10	L4	5
	iv) Illustrate how IPvo handles the regiment.	omp	uter N	etwork	ks.
	OUTCOMES:	The same of	THE REAL PROPERTY.		

Apply the algorithms/techniques of routing and congestion control to solve problems related to Computer Networks.

Analyse the services provided by various layers of TCP/IP model to build effective solutions.

stainable networking solutions with societal and environmental concerns by engaging in lifelonglearning

RV COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING®

(An Autonomous Institution Affiliated to VTU) IV Semester B. E. Examinations Sept/Oct – 2024

Common to CY/CSE/ISE/AIML/CD

COMPUTER NETWORKS

Time: 03 Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

Instructions to candidates:

- 1. Answer all questions from Part A. Part A questions should be answered in first three pages of the answer book only.
- 2. Answer FIVE full questions from Part B. In Part B question number 2is compulsory. Answer any one full question from 3 and 4, 5 and 6, 7 and 8, 9 and 10.

Tables 1	m	PUS	
-	Δ	al hi	- 4

M BT CO

1	1.1	is size of the standard Ethernet Packet	01	1	2
	1.2	What is the use of Choke Packet in routing?	01	2	2
	1.3	Differentiate between Unicasting and Broadcasting.	01	3	2
	1.4	is the default port number used by the Telnet.	01	1	2
	1.5	List the parameters used in the Admission Control.	02	1	2
	1.6	Differentiate Routing over Forwarding.	02	3	2
	1.7	List any two QoS requirements of an E-mail application	02	1	2
	1.8	What role does RSVP play in the Integrated Services (IntServ)			
		architecture?	02	1	2
	1.9	Differentiate Point to Point and Multi Point connection.	02	1	2
	1.10	Write any two functionalities of Network layer.	02	2	2
	1.11	List any two advantages of IPv6 over IPv4.	02	2	2
	1.12		02	. 3	2

PART-B

2	а	Wille ally lour salicili icatures of fibbo differ in process.	08	2	2	1
	þ	Draw the TCP/IP protocol suite. Describe the functionality of each layer in detail.	08	2	2	1
3	a b,	Differentiate Datagram Subnet and Virtual- Circuit Subnet. For the following network find the shortest path using Dijkstra algorithm. Consider the node 'A' as the source node and node 'G' as destination.	08	2	2	1
		OR				
	а	What is routing Protocol? Discuss the following: (i) Properties of routing protocol. (ii) Classification of routing protocol.	08	8	2	2
	b	With the help of a neat diagram, illustrate the use of Multicas Routing.	08	8	3	

5	a	Discuss packet scheduling algorithms in detail.	08	2	2	1
	b	Describe the QoS requirements of Telephone and Videoconferencing applications.	08	2	2	1
		OR				1
6	a b	Discuss Expedited Forwarding and Assured Forwarding in detail. Describe Explicit Congestion notification and Hop-by-Hop	08	2	2	1
		Backpressure.	08	2	2	-
7	a b	Summarize Address Resolution Protocol in detail. Discuss the IPv6 header format with a neat diagram.	08	3 1 555	8 8	2
		OR				
8	a	Identify and discuss the network management protocol used to dynamically assign an IP address to any device on a network allowing it to communicate using IP.	K	8	2	2
	b	Draw the network model and describe the working of Exterio Gateway Routing Protocol.	r	8	2	2
9	a	Discuss any six differences between UDP and TCP.	(8	2	2
7	b	With a neat diagram describe three-way handshake in detail.	(80	2	2
		OR				
0	а	Draw the header format of TCP segment header and discuss ea field in detail.	ch	08	2	
	b	Describe the architecture of World Wide Web in detail.		08	2	1