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RV COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING®
(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU)
V Semester B. E. Examinations Nov/Dec-19
Electronics and Communication Engineering
DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

*Time: 03 Hours**Maximum Marks: 100**Instructions to candidates:*

1. Answer all questions from Part A. Part A questions should be answered in first three pages of the answer book only.
2. Answer FIVE full questions from Part B. In Part B question number 2, 7 and 8 are compulsory. Answer any one full question from 3 and 4 & one full question from 5 and 6

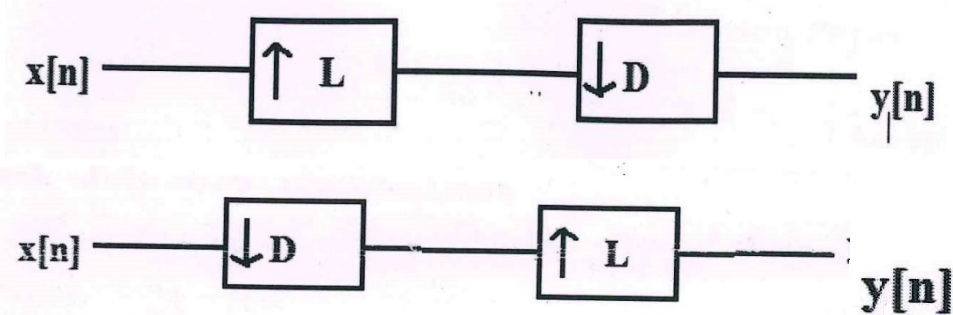
PART-A

1	1.1	The impulse response of a digital <i>FIR</i> filter is: $h(n) = \delta(n) - 2\delta(n-1) + 3\delta(n-2) + 2\delta(n-3) - \delta(n-4)$ Does this exhibit linear phase response?	01
	1.2	For the given low pass type I Chebyshev filter, find the order of filter for the given value of $d = 0.077$ and $K = 0.769$.	02
	1.3	For the given input sequence $x(n) = \delta(n-1)$, obtain the output for $y(n) = x(2n)$.	01
	1.4	What is frequency warping?	02
	1.5	The locus of Chebyshev filter and Butterworth filter is _____.	01
	1.6	Find the cut-off frequency of an third order Butterworth <i>IIR</i> filter with a passband edge frequency 200 rad/sec and passband ripple $\leq 2dB$.	02
	1.7	Write the relationship between 'S' and 'Z' in bilinear transformation method.	01
	1.8	The specification of a multistage lowpass filter is $f_p = 450Hz$, stopband $f_s = 500Hz$, Sampling frequency = 50kHz, compute decimation factor.	02
	1.9	For stopband attenuation of 55dB, _____ type of window satisfies the requirement?	01
	1.10	The transfer function of a normalized 3 rd order Butterworth filter has 3-poles. If one pole lies at $S = (-0.5 + j0.8660)$, find the location of the remaining two poles.	02
	1.11	For the given input sequence $x[n] = [1,3,4,6,7]$. Find the output sequence for $L = 2$ and $D = 2$.	02
	1.12	For a given design if $L = M$ then such filters are called _____.	01
	1.13	Determine the polyphase decompositions for the following <i>FIR</i> filters. $H(z) = 1 + 2z^{-1} + 3z^{-2} + 4z^{-3} + 5z^{-4} + 6z^{-5}$ for $M = 2$	01
	1.14	In signal reconstruction, M -band filter of non decimated case $h(nM) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.	01

PART-B

2	a	Convert the analog filter with system function $H(s) = \frac{(s+0.1)}{(s+0.1)^2+16}$ into a digital <i>IIR</i> filter by mean of the Bilinear transformation. The digital filter is to have a resonant frequency of $w_r = \pi/2$.	08
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	b	<p>An digital lowpass filter is required to meet the following specifications: <i>Passband ripple</i> < 1dB <i>Passband edge</i>: 4kHz <i>Stopband attenuation</i> ≥ 40dB <i>Stopband edge</i>: 6kHz <i>Sample rate</i>: 24kHz Determine the required filter order for i) A Digital Butterworth filter ii) A Digital Chebyshev filter using Bilinear transformation on an analog system function.</p>	08
3	a	<p>A low pass filter is designed to obtain the following frequency response:</p> $H_d(w) = \begin{cases} e^{-j2w}, & w \leq \pi/4 \\ 0, & \pi/4 < w < \pi \end{cases}$ <p>Calculate the filter coefficient $h_d(n)$ and $h(n)$, if $w(n)$ is a rectangular window of length 5.</p>	10
	b	<p>Let the coefficient of a 3 stage <i>FIR</i> lattice structure be $k_1 = 0.5$, $k_2 = 0.4$, $k_3 = 0.2$ find the coefficients of direct form I <i>FIR</i> filter and draw its block diagram.</p>	06
		OR	
4	a	<p>The desired frequency response of a lowpass filter is</p> $H_d(w) = \begin{cases} e^{-j3w}, & w \leq 3\pi/4 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ <p>Determine the frequency response of the <i>FIR</i> filter if Hamming window is used with $N = 7$.</p>	10
	b	<p>Realize the linear phase <i>FIR</i> filter having the following impulse response $h(n) = \delta(n) + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)\delta(n-1) - \left(\frac{1}{8}\right)\delta(n-2) + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)\delta(n-3) + \delta(n-4)$</p>	06
5	a	<p>Determine the poly-phase representation of following <i>FIR</i> filter and draw the structure. Let $M = .2$ i) $H(z) = 1 + 2z^{-1} + 3z^{-2} + 4z^{-3} + 5z^{-5} + 6z^{-6}$ ii) $h[n] = 0.5^n U[n]$</p>	06
	b	<p>Consider a sinusoidal signal $x(n) = 5 \cos(0.1\pi n)$. Determine the frequency spectrum of the sampled signal $v(n) = \delta_3(n)x(n)$.</p>	10
		OR	
6	a	<p>Design a lowpass filter to pass a signal with a bandwidth of 25Hz and to reject above 30Hz, with an attenuation of at least 60dB. The sampling frequency is 6kHz. i) Using <i>FIR</i> filtering with a windowing technique, determine the order of the filter. ii) Design a multistage lowpass filter in three stages ($D = 10 \times 5 \times x$). Find x and then compute the total number of operations per second.</p>	10

b	<p>Consider the two different ways of cascading decimator with an interpolator shown in Fig. 6.b</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Fig 6b</p> <p>Show the output of two configurations are different if $D = L = 2$.</p>	06
7	<p>a An <i>FIR</i> filter has a transfer function of $H(z) = 2 + z^{-1} - z^{-2} + 0.5z^{-3}$ and frequency response $H(w)$. Determine the impulse response of the filter $F(z)$ with frequency response $H(W - 0.2\pi)$.</p> <p>b Construct <i>DFT</i> filter bank for $M = 4$. Write relevant expressions and polyphase implementation.</p>	08 08
8	<p>a Explain the following with a block diagram:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) Sub band coding of speech signals. ii) Touch tone generation and reception for digital telephones. <p>b With a neat diagram, explain the interfacing of digital system with different sampling rate.</p>	10 06