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RV COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU V Semester B.E. Examinations DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING Vulnerability Assessment & Penetration Testing (2022 SCHEME) Model Question Paper

Time: 03 Hours Maximum Marks: 100

Instructions to candidates:

- 1. Answer all questions from Part A. Part A questions should be answered in first three pages of the answer book only.
- 2. Answer FIVE full questions from Part B. In Part B question number 2 is compulsory. Answer any one full question from 3 and 4, 5 and 6, 7 and 8, and 9 and 10.

| | | PART-A | |
|---|------|--|----|
| | | | |
| 1 | 1.1 | is an industry-standard that vendors used to determine the severity | 01 |
| | | of a vulnerability. | |
| | 1.2 | is the heart of every social engineering attack without which the | 01 |
| | 1.2 | | 01 |
| | | attacks will not work. | |
| | 1.3 | How do you handle zero-day vulnerabilities? | 02 |
| | 1.4 | List the commonly targeted ports during penetration testing. Give example. | |
| | | | 02 |
| | | | |
| | 1.5 | A is a decoy system designed to attract attackers and collect malicious | |
| | | software for analysis. | 01 |
| | | | |
| | 1.6 | The process of running malware in a controlled environment to observe its behavior | |
| | | is called analysis. | 01 |
| | | | |
| | 1.7 | A attack involves injecting malicious scripts into web pages viewed by | 01 |
| | | users. | |
| | 1.8 | Differentiate between a black box, white box, and grey box penetration test. | 02 |
| | 1.9 | List any two measures to protect yourself from client-side exploits. | 02 |
| | 1.10 | Name any two tools commonly used for static source code analysis. | 02 |
| | 1.11 | During the execution of a penetration test, testers simulate activities to | 01 |
| | | identify and exploit vulnerabilities. | |
| | 1.12 | Return-Oriented Programming (ROP) is a technique used to bypass | 01 |
| | | protections during buffer overflow exploits. | |
| | 1.13 | Differentiate between static and dynamic malware analysis. | 02 |

| | 1.14 | List the steps involved in writing a Windows exploit. | 01 |
|----------|------|---|----|
| | | PART-B | |
| | | UNIT-I | |
| | | Discuss any two common types of attacks used in penetration testing. Explain the | |
| 2 | a | purpose of each attack and their role in identifying vulnerabilities in an | |
| | | organization's security posture. | 10 |
| | b | Differentiate between Vulnerability Assessment and Penetration Testing. | 06 |
| | | UNIT-II | |
| 3 | а | Why is physical penetration testing important? Describe the key steps involved in | |
| 5 | а | conducting a physical penetration test. | 08 |
| | | How can organizations defend against physical penetration attacks? Explain the | |
| | b | strategies and measures organizations can implement to protect themselves from | |
| | | physical security breaches. | 08 |
| | | OR | |
| 4 | a | Describe the steps involved in planning and executing an insider attack simulation. | 08 |
| | b | What is client-side exploitation in Metasploit, and how is it performed? | 08 |
| | | UNIT-III | |
| 5 | а | What are the key considerations when planning a penetration test? Explain Three- | |
| 3 | а | Phase Penetration testing plan. | 08 |
| | b | Describe the process of exploiting a local buffer overflow vulnerability in a Linux | |
| | D | application. | 08 |
| <u> </u> | | OR | |
| _ | | Explain how Structured Exception Handling (SEH) works in Windows applications | |
| 6 | a | and how attackers can exploit it for arbitrary code execution. | 08 |
| | 1- | Illustrate the significance of Data Execution Prevention (DEP) in Windows and how | |
| | b | it can be bypassed. | 08 |

| | UNIT-IV | | | | | |
|---|---------|--|----|--|--|--|
| 7 | a | Illustrate the SQL Injection vulnerabilities and how they can be exploited. | 08 | | | |
| | | Describe the purpose and overview of OWASP Top Ten web application security | | | | |
| | b | vulnerabilities. | 08 | | | |
| | OR | | | | | |
| 8 | а | Explain the process of source code analysis for identifying vulnerabilities. | 08 | | | |
| | | Discuss the challenges of automated source code analysis. How does automated | | | | |
| | b | source code analysis contribute to secure software development lifecycle (SDLC)? | 08 | | | |

| | UNIT-V | | | | | |
|---|--------|---|---|----|--|--|
| | | | Explain the key security concepts of Internet Explorer and their role in mitigating | | | |
| ٥ | 9 | а | vulnerabilities. | 08 | | |

| | | Describe the evolution of client-side exploits and the latest trends in browser- | |
|----|---|---|----|
| | b | based attacks. | 08 |
| | | OR | |
| 10 | a | Define malware and discuss its impact on systems, organizations, and individuals. | |
| | | Highlight its role in modern cyberattacks. | 08 |
| | 1 | Explain the advancements in Honeynet and their use in malware analysis | |
| | b | research. | 08 |

| Signature of Scrutinizer: | Signature of Chairman |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Name: | Name: |