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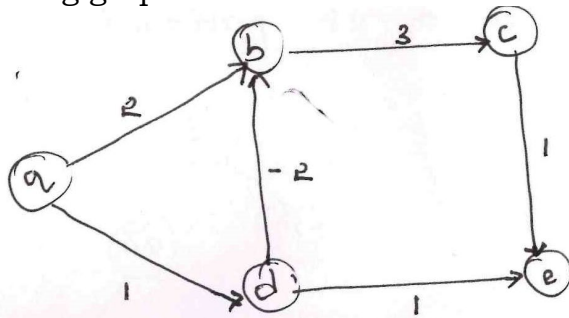
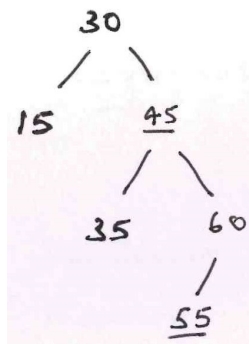
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RV COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING®
Autonomous Institution affiliated to VTU
V Semester B. E. Examinations Jan/Feb-21
Computer Science and Engineering
ADVANCED ALGORITHMS (ELECTIVE)

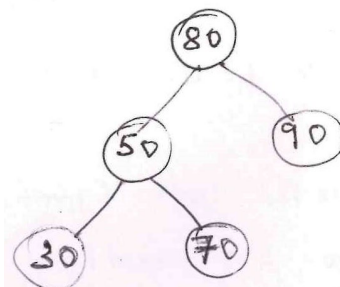
Time: 03 Hours**Maximum Marks: 100****Instructions to candidates:**

1. Answer all questions from Part A. Part A questions should be answered in first three pages of the answer book only.
2. Answer FIVE full questions from Part B. In Part B question number 2, 7 and 8 are compulsory. Answer any one full question from 3 and 4 & one full question from 5 and 6

PART-A

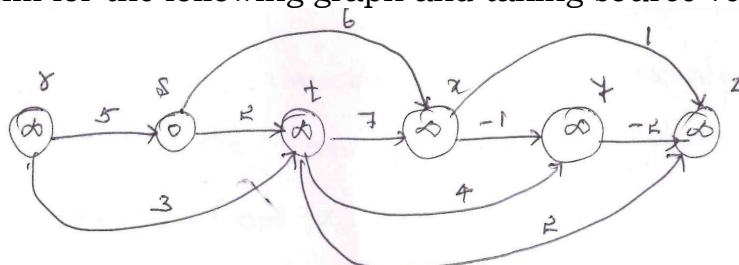
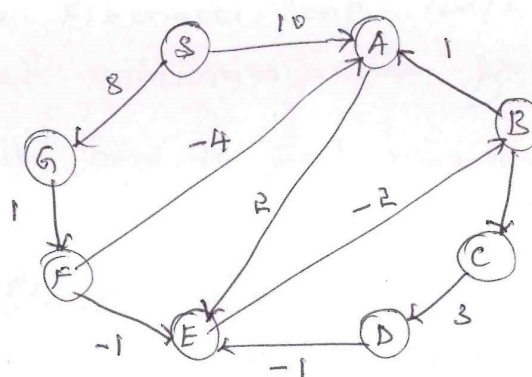
1	1.1	Compute $\sum_{1 \leq k \leq n} O(n)$.	02
	1.2	Solve the following recurrence relation $T(n) = 3T(n/2) + n^2$.	02
	1.3	State the basic principle of Rabin Karp algorithm.	01
	1.4	What is the number of edges present in a complete graph having n vertices?	01
	1.5	Bellmann ford algorithm provides solution for _____ problems.	01
	1.6	Find the GCD of 244 and 117 using Euclid's method.	02
	1.7	What is the special property of red-black trees and what root should always be?	02
	1.8	Consider the following graph:	
			
	1.9	Find the minimum cost to travel from node A to node C. Show the result of inserting 50 into the Red-Black tree depicted below:	02
			
	1.10	What are splay trees?	01

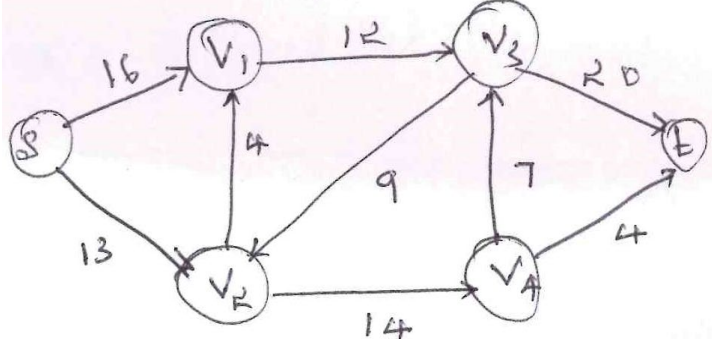
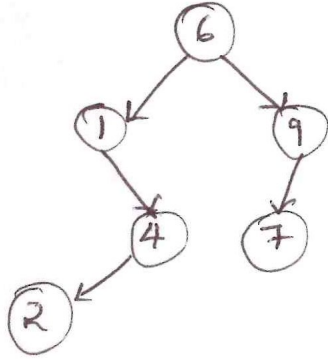
1.11	What is the time complexity of Johnson's algorithm?	01
1.12	What is the worst-case running time of Rabin-Karp algorithm?	01
1.13	Obtain a splay tree for following tree, after inserting 40 to it.	02



PART-B

2	a	What are asymptotic notations? Explain them.	06
	b	Solve the following recurrence using master's theorem. Also state which case is applicable? $T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n^2$.	05
	c	Solve the following recurrence relation using recursion tree method. $T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n$.	05
3	a	Write the Naïve string matching algorithm. Show the operation of the same, for the pattern $p = 0001$ in the test. $T = 000010001010001$	08
	b	Construct the string matching automation for the pattern $p = aabab$ and illustrate its operation on the text string. $T = a a a b a b a a b a a b a b a a b$	08
OR			
4	a	Demonstrate with an algorithm, the working procedure Bellman-Ford algorithm for solving single source shortest path problem for the graph shown below.	08
	b	Write an algorithm for single-source shortest path in BAG. Also apply the algorithm for the following graph and taking source vertex as 's'.	08



<div>5</div> <div>a</div>	<div>Find the maximum flow using basic ford Fulkerson algorithm.</div> <div>  </div>	<div>08</div>
<div>b</div>	<div>Explain the properties of red-black tree. Construct a red-black tree by inserting following sequence of number: 8, 18, 5, 15, 17, 25, 40 & 80.</div> <div>OR</div>	<div>08</div>
<div>6</div> <div>a</div> <div>b</div> <div>c</div>	<div>Define Fibonacci heap. Write an algorithm to extract minimum node from the Fibonacci heap.</div> <div>Describe how to find maximum bipartite matching for a given graph, considering suitable example.</div> <div>Perform the splay delete operation on the given tree shown in figure below to node x.</div> <div>  </div>	<div>05</div> <div>05</div> <div>06</div>
<div>7</div> <div>a</div> <div>b</div>	<div>Write modular-linear-equation-solver algorithm and using the same, solve the following $14x \equiv 30 \pmod{100}$.</div> <div>Apply the Chinese remainder theorem, to the following equations:</div> <div> <div>i) $a \equiv 2 \pmod{5}$</div> <div>ii) $a \equiv 3 \pmod{13}$</div> </div>	<div>08</div> <div>08</div>
<div>8</div> <div>a</div> <div>b</div> <div>c</div>	<div>Investigate the two ways of representing polynomials.</div> <div>Characterize the efficient implementation of iterative FFT.</div> <div>Characterize the pseudocode for Artificial Bee Colony (ABC) algorithm.</div>	<div>05</div> <div>05</div> <div>06</div>