

SQL PROJECT - Digital Music Store Analysis

Objective –

- To analyse the music playlist database.
- Examine the dataset with SQL and help the store understand its business growth.

Learning -

- Focused on understanding the data schema, specifically identifying the tables and their relationships, including the complexities within each table.
- Checked all missing values, null columns ensuring proper text and validating headers in the dataset.
- Joins, different analytical and aggregate functions, group by, window function, CTE were using to get the proper insights.

- 1) Who is the senior most employee based in job title?

```

1 # Q.1) who is the senior most employee based on job title?
2 • use music_data;
3 • select * from employee
4   order by levels desc
5   limit 1;

```

| employee_id | last_name | first_name | title | reports_to | levels | birthdate | hire_date | address | city | state | country | postal_code |
|-------------|-----------|------------|-----------------|------------|--------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------|-------|---------|-------------|
| 1 | Adams | Andrew | General Manager | 9 | L6 | 18-02-1962 00:00 | 14-08-2016 00:00 | 11120 Jasper Ave NW | Edmonton | AB | Canada | T5J 0A6 |

- 2) Which countries have the most invoices?

```

7 # Q.2) Which countries have the most invoices?
8 • select count(*) as c ,billing_country
9   from invoice
10  group by billing_country
11  order by c desc;

```

| c | billing_country |
|-----|-----------------|
| 131 | USA |
| 76 | Canada |
| 61 | Brazil |
| 50 | France |
| 41 | Germany |
| 30 | Czech Republic |
| 29 | Portugal |
| 28 | United Kingdom |
| 21 | India |
| 13 | Ireland |

- 3) What are the top 3 values of total invoices?

```

13 # Q.3) What are the top 3 values of total invoices?
14 • select total from invoice
15   order by total desc
16   limit 3;
17

```

| total |
|--------------------|
| 23.759999999999998 |
| 19.8 |
| 19.8 |

- 4) Which city has the best customers? We would like to throw a promotional Music Festival in the city, we made the most money. write a query that returns one city that has the highest sum of invoice totals. Return both the city name & sum of all invoice totals.

```

18 # Q.4) Which city has the best customers? We would like to throw a promotional Music Festival in the city-
19 # we made the most money. write a query that returns one city that has the highest sum of invoice totals.
20 # Return both the city name & sum of all invoice totals.
21 • select sum(total) as invoice_total ,billing_city
22 from invoice
23 group by billing_city
24 order by invoice_total desc;
25

```

| invoice_total | billing_city |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| 273.24000000000007 | Prague |
| 169.29 | Mountain View |
| 166.32 | London |
| 158.4 | Berlin |
| 151.47 | Paris |
| 129.69 | SÃo Paulo |
| 114.83999999999997 | Dublin |
| 111.86999999999999 | Delhi |
| 108.89999999999998 | SÃo JosÃ dos Campos |
| 106.91999999999999 | BrasÃlia |

Result 12 x

- 5) Who is the best customer? The customer who has spent the most money will be declared the best customer. write a query that returns the person who has spent the most money.

```

28 # Q.5) Who is the best customer? The customer who has spent the most money will be declared the best customer.-
29 # write a query that returns the person who has spent the most money.
30 • SELECT any_value(customer.customer_id) as Customer_id, any_value(customer.first_name) as first_name ,
31 any_value(customer.last_name) as last_name ,
32 SUM(invoice.total) as invoice_total
33 from customer
34 join invoice on customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id
35 group by customer.customer_id
36 order by invoice_total desc
37 limit 1;
38

```

| Customer_id | first_name | last_name | invoice_total |
|-------------|------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 5 | František | Wichterlová | 144.54000000000002 |

Result 13 x

- 6) Write a query to return the email, first name, last name and genre of all Rock music listeners. Return your list ordered alphabetically by email starting with A.

The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with the following query:

```

39 # Q.6) Write a query to return the email,first name,last name and genre of all Rock music listeners.
40 # Return your list ordered alphabetically by email starting with A.
41
42 • select distinct customer.email as Email,customer.first_name as FirstName,customer.last_name as LastName ,genre.name as Name
43 from customer
44 join invoice on customer.customer_id=invoice.customer_id
45 join invoice_line on invoice.invoice_id=invoice_line.invoice_id
46 join track on track.track_id=invoice_line.track_id
47 join genre on genre.genre_id=track.genre_id
48 where genre.name like "Rock"
49 order by email;
50

```

The result grid shows the following data:

| Email | FirstName | LastName | Name |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------|------|
| aaronmitchell@yahoo.ca | Aaron | Mitchell | Rock |
| alero@uol.com.br | Alexandre | Rocha | Rock |
| astrid.gruber@apple.at | Astrid | Gruber | Rock |
| bjorn.hansen@yahoo.no | Björn | Hansen | Rock |
| camille.bernard@yahoo.fr | Camille | Bernard | Rock |
| daan.peeters@apple.be | Daan | Peeters | Rock |
| diego.gutierrez@yahoo.ar | Diego | Gutiérrez | Rock |
| dmiller@comcast.com | Dan | Miller | Rock |
| dominiquelefebvre@gmail.com | Dominique | Lefebvre | Rock |

- 7) Return all the track names that have a song length longer than the average song length. Return the name and milliseconds for each track; Order by the song length with the longest song listed first.

The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with the following query:

```

5 # Q.7) Return all the track names that have a song length longer than the average song length.
6 #Return the name and milliseconds for each track;Order by the song length with the longest song listed first.
7
8 • select name ,milliseconds
9 from track
10 where milliseconds > (
11 select avg(milliseconds) as avg_track_length
12 from track)
13 order by milliseconds desc;
14

```

The result grid shows the following data:

| name | milliseconds |
|--|--------------|
| How Many More Times | 711836 |
| Advance Romance | 677694 |
| Sleeping Village | 644571 |
| You Shook Me(2) | 619467 |
| Talkin' 'Bout Women Obviously | 589531 |
| Stratus | 582086 |
| No More Tears | 555075 |
| The Alchemist | 509413 |
| Wheels Of Confusion / The Straightener | 494524 |

- 8) Find how much amount spent by each customer on artist? Write a query to return customer name, artist name and total spent.

```
# Q.8) Find how much amount spent by each customer on artist?
# Write a query to return customer name,artist name and total spent.

with best_selling_artist as(
    select any_value(artist.artist_id) as artist_id, any_value(artist.name) as artist_name,
    sum(invoice_line.unit_price * invoice_line.quantity) as total_sales
    from invoice_line
    join track on track.track_id=invoice_line.track_id
    join album_all on album_all.album_id=track.album_id
    join artist on artist.artist_id=album_all.artist_id
    group by 1
    order by 3 desc
    limit 1
)
```

```
select any_value(c.customer_id) as customerId,any_value(c.first_name) as FirstName,any_value(c.last_name)as lastName,bsa.artist_name,
sum(il.unit_price *il.quantity) as amount_spent
from invoice i
join customer c on c.customer_id=i.customer_id
join invoice_line il on il.invoice_id=i.invoice_id
join track t on t.track_id=il.track_id
join album_all alb on alb.album_id=t.album_id
join best_selling_artist bsa on bsa.artist_id=alb.artist_id
group by 1,2,3,4
order by 5;
```

| Result Grid Filter Rows: Export: Wrap Cell Content: IA | | | | | |
|--|------------|-----------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| | customerId | FirstName | lastName | artist_name | amount_spent |
| ▶ | 8 | Daan | Peeters | AC/DC | 0.99 |
| | 15 | Jennifer | Peterson | AC/DC | 0.99 |
| | 46 | Hugh | O'Reilly | AC/DC | 0.99 |
| | 45 | Ladislav | Kovács | AC/DC | 0.99 |
| | 19 | Tim | Goyer | AC/DC | 0.99 |
| | 58 | Manoj | Pareek | AC/DC | 0.99 |
| | 26 | Richard | Cunningham | AC/DC | 0.99 |
| | 39 | Camille | Bernard | AC/DC | 0.99 |
| | 14 | Mark | Philips | AC/DC | 0.99 |
| | 2 | Leonie | Köhler | AC/DC | 0.99 |
| | 56 | Diego | Gutiérrez | AC/DC | 0.99 |
| | 32 | Aaron | Mitchell | AC/DC | 0.99 |
| | 55 | Mark | Taylor | AC/DC | 0.99 |
| | 29 | Robert | Brown | AC/DC | 0.99 |
| | 17 | Jack | Smith | AC/DC | 0.99 |
| | 13 | Fernanda | Ramos | AC/DC | 0.99 |
| | 43 | Isabelle | Mercier | AC/DC | 0.99 |

9) We want to find out the most popular music Genre for each country. We determine the most popular genre as the genre with the highest amounts of purchases. Write a query that returns each country along with the top genre. For countries where the maximum number of purchases is shared return all genres.

```

with popular_genre as
(
    select count(invoice_line.quantity) as purchase, customer.country, genre.name , genre.genre_id,
    row_number() over (partition by customer.country order by Count(invoice_line.quantity) desc) as RowNo
    from invoice_line
    join invoice on invoice.invoice_id=invoice_line.invoice_id
    join customer on customer.customer_id=invoice.customer_id
    join track on track.track_id=invoice_line.track_id
    join genre on genre.genre_id=track.genre_id
    group by 2,3,4
    order by 2 asc, 1 desc
)
select * from popular_genre where RowNo <= 1;

```

| | purchase | country | name | genre_id | RowNo |
|---|----------|----------------|------|----------|-------|
| ▶ | 1 | Argentina | Rock | 1 | 1 |
| | 18 | Australia | Rock | 1 | 1 |
| | 6 | Austria | Rock | 1 | 1 |
| | 5 | Belgium | Rock | 1 | 1 |
| | 26 | Brazil | Rock | 1 | 1 |
| | 57 | Canada | Rock | 1 | 1 |
| | 7 | Chile | Rock | 1 | 1 |
| | 14 | Czech Republic | Rock | 1 | 1 |
| | 6 | Denmark | Rock | 1 | 1 |
| | 6 | Finland | Rock | 1 | 1 |
| | 26 | France | Rock | 1 | 1 |
| | 28 | Germany | Rock | 1 | 1 |
| | 4 | Hungary | Rock | 1 | 1 |
| | 13 | India | Rock | 1 | 1 |
| | 2 | Ireland | Rock | 1 | 1 |
| | 3 | Italy | Rock | 1 | 1 |



- 10) Write a query that determines the customer that has spent the most on music for each country. Write a query that returns the country along with the top customer and how much they spent. For countries where the top amount spent is shared, provide all customers who spent this amount.

```

114 • with recursive
115     customer_with_country as (
116     select customer.customer_id,first_name,last_name,billing_country,sum(total) as total_spending
117     from invoice
118     join customer on customer.customer_id=invoice.customer_id
119     group by 1,2,3,4
120     order by 2,3 desc
121     ),
122     country_max_spending as(
123     select billing_country, max(total_spending) as max_spending
124     from customer_with_country
125     group by billing_country)

127     select cc.billing_country, cc.total_spending, cc.first_name, cc.last_name,cc.customer_id
128     from customer_with_country cc
129     join country_max_spending ms on cc.billing_country=ms.billing_country
130     where cc.total_spending=ms.max_spending
131     order by 1;
132

```

| Result Grid | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|--------------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| Filter Rows: <input type="text"/> | | | | | |
| Export:  Wrap Cell Content:  | | | | | |
| | billing_country | total_spending | first_name | last_name | customer_id |
| ▶ | Argentina | 39.6 | Diego | Gutiérrez | 56 |
| | Australia | 81.18 | Mark | Taylor | 55 |
| | Austria | 69.3 | Astrid | Gruber | 7 |
| | Belgium | 60.38999999999999 | Daan | Peeters | 8 |
| | Brazil | 108.89999999999998 | Luís | Gonçalves | 1 |
| | Canada | 99.99 | François | Tremblay | 3 |
| | Chile | 97.02000000000001 | Luis | Rojas | 57 |
| | Czech Republic | 144.54000000000002 | František | Wichterlov | 5 |
| | Denmark | 37.61999999999999 | Kara | Nielsen | 9 |
| | Finland | 79.2 | Terhi | Hämäläinen | 44 |
| | France | 99.99 | Wyatt | Girard | 42 |
| | Germany | 94.05000000000001 | Fynn | Zimmermann | 37 |
| | Hungary | 78.21 | Ladislav | Kovács | 45 |
| | India | 111.86999999999999 | Manoj | Pareek | 58 |
| | Ireland | 114.83999999999997 | Hugh | O'Reilly | 46 |

Result 3 x