Group Project, Specification

SFWR ENG 2XB3 - Group 14

April 2, 2018

The purpose of this document is to povide a description of the classes/modules we have decided to use in our application, and explain why we have decomposed the application into these classes. We have included a UML class diagram showing a static representation of our application classes and the relationship between classes.

Also, for each class, a description of the interface (public entities) as well as a description of the syntax is provided.

Contractor Module

Template Module

Contractor

Uses

N/A

Syntax

Exported Types

Contractor = ?

Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out
Contractor	*String*, *String*, *String*,*String*,*String*,*String*,*String*,*String*,*String*,$\mathbb{Z}$	*Contracto*
Contractor	*String*, *String*, *String*	*Contracto*
isActive		$\mathbb{B}$
getLicenseNumber		$\mathbb{Z}$
getAddress		*String*
getContractorName		*String*
getCity		*String*
getState		*String*
getSpecialty		*String*
CompareTo	*Contractor*	$\mathbb{Z}$
avgReview	*Map*	*String*

Semantics

State Variables

businessName: *String*
licenseNumber: *String*
address: *String*
city: *String*
state: *String*
zip: *String*

number: *String*
specialty: *String*
contractorName: *String*
activeLicense: $\mathbb{Z}$

State Invariant

None

Assumptions

The constructor Contractor is called for each object instance before any other access routine is called for that object. The constructor cannot be called on an existing object.

Access Routine Semantics

Contractor($Name, License, address, city, state, zip, number, specialty, contractorName, acLicense$):

- transition: $businessName, licenseNumber, address, city, state, zip, number, specialty, contractorNa$ $Name, License, address, city, state, zip, number, specialty, contractorName, acLicense$
- output: $out := self$
- exception: None

contractor(city1,state1,specialty1):

- transition: $city, state, specialty := city1, state1, specialty1$
- exception: None

isActive():

- output: $out := (activeLicense = 1) \Rightarrow True|False$

getLicenseNumber():

- output: $out := licenseNumber$

getAddress():

- output: $out := address$

getContractorName():

- output: $out := businessName$

getCity():

- output: $out := city$

getState():

- output: $out := state$

getSpecialty():

- output: $out := specialty$

compareTo(that):

- output: $out := \neg(self.getActive() = that.getActive()) \Rightarrow ((self.getActive() = True) \Rightarrow 1|False)$

avgReview(map):

- output: $out := \neg(self.getActive() = that.getActive()) \Rightarrow ((self.getActive() = True) \Rightarrow 1|False)$

Search Module

Template Module

Search

Uses

Contractor DataReader Reviews

Syntax

Exported Types

N/A

Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
search	seq of Contractor, Contractor, String	seq of Contractor	IOException

Semantics

State Variables

N/A

State Invariant

None

Assumptions

N/A

Access Routine Semantics

search(Contractors,Contractor,filename):

- output: out := $\{c : Contractor | c \in Contractors :$
  $((c.getCity() = Contractor.getCity()) \wedge (c.getState() = Contractor.getState()) \wedge$
  $(c.getSpecialty() = Contractor.getSpecialty()) | c.getSpecialty() = General) \Rightarrow c\}$

- exception: None

Sort Module

Template Module

Sort

Uses

Contractor DataReader Reviews

Syntax

Exported Types

N/A

Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
sort	seq of Contractor		
isSorted	seq of Contractor	$\mathbb{B}$	

Semantics

State Variables

N/A

State Invariant

None

Assumptions

N/A

Access Routine Semantics

isSorted(Contractors):

- output: out := $\forall(i : \mathbb{N} | i \in [0..|Contractors|-2] : (Contractors[i].compareTo(Contractors[i+1]) <= 0)$

- exception: None

sort(Contractors):

- output: out := $Contractor^n$ such that $\forall(c : Contractor | c \in Contractors : \exists(b : Contractor | b \in B : b.compareTo(c) = 0 \wedge count(c, Contractors) = count(b, B))) \wedge isSorted(B)$
- exception: None

Local Funtions

$count(a, A) : Contractor \times Contractor^n$
$count(a, A) \equiv +(i : \mathbb{N} | i \in [0..|A| - 1] \wedge A[i].compareTo(a) = 0 : 1)$