Group Project, Specification

SFWR ENG 2XB3 - Group 14

April 1, 2018

The purpose of this document is to povide a description of the classes/modules we have decided to use in our application, and explain why we have decomposed the application into these classes. We have included a UML class diagram showing a static representation of our application classes and the relationship between classes.

Also, for each class, a description of the interface (public entities) as well as a description of the syntax is provided.

Contractor Module

Template Module

Contractor

Uses

N/A

Syntax

Exported Types

Contractor = ?

Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out
Contractor	*String*, *String*, *String*,*String*,*String*,*String*,*String*,*String*,*String*,$\mathbb{Z}$	*Contracto*
Contractor	*String*, *String*, *String*	*Contracto*
isActive		$\mathbb{B}$
getLicenseNumber		$\mathbb{Z}$
getAddress		*String*
getContractorName		*String*
getCity		*String*
getState		*String*
getSpecialty		*String*
CompareTo	*Contractor*	$\mathbb{B}$
avgReview	*Map*	*String*

Semantics

State Variables

businessName: *String*
licenseNumber: *String*
address: *String*
city: *String*
state: *String*
zip: *String*

number: *String*
specialty: *String*
contractorName: *String*
activeLicense: $\mathbb{Z}$

State Invariant

None

Assumptions

The constructor Contractor is called for each object instance before any other access routine is called for that object. The constructor cannot be called on an existing object.

Access Routine Semantics

Contractor($Name, License, address, city, state, zip, number, specialty, contractorName, acLicense$):

- transition: $businessName, licenseNumber, address, city, state, zip, number, specialty, contractorNa$ $Name, License, address, city, state, zip, number, specialty, contractorName, acLicense$
- output: $out := self$
- exception: None

x():

- output: $out := xc$
- exception: None

y():

- [What should go here? —SS]output: $out := yc$
- exception: None

translate(Δx, Δy):

- [What should go here? —SS]output: $out :=$ PointT$(xc + \Delta x, yc + \Delta y)$
- exception: [What should go here? —SS]None

Line ADT Module

Template Module

LineT

Uses

[What should go here? —SS]PointT, MapTypes

Syntax

Exported Types

LineT = ?

Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
LineT	PointT, CompassT, $\mathbb{N}$	LineT	invalid_argument
strt		PointT	
end		PointT	
orient		CompassT	
len		$\mathbb{N}$	
flip		LineT	
rotate	RotateT	LineT	
translate	$\mathbb{Z}$, $\mathbb{Z}$	LineT	

Semantics

State Variables

s: PointT
o: CompassT
L: $\mathbb{N}$

State Invariant

None

Assumptions

The constructor LineT is called for each object instance before any other access routine is called for that object. The constructor cannot be called on an existing object.

Access Routine Semantics

LineT($st, ornt, l$):

- transition: $s, o, L := st, ornt, l$
- output: $out := self$
- exception: [Write the spec for an exception when the length of the line is 0 —SS]$exc := (L = 0 \Rightarrow \text{invalid\_argument})$

strt():

- output: $out := \text{PointT}(s.x(), s.y())$
- exception: None

end():

- output: [Write the spec for returning the end point of the line. —SS]$out := \text{PointT}((o = \text{W} \Rightarrow s.x - (L-1) | o = \text{E} \Rightarrow s.x + (L-1) | \text{True} \Rightarrow s.x), (o = \text{N} \Rightarrow s.y + (L-1) | o = \text{S} \Rightarrow s.y - (L-1) | \text{True} \Rightarrow s.y))$
- exception: None

orient():

- output: $out := o$
- exception: None

len():

- output: $out := L$
- exception: None

flip():

- output: [Write the spec for returning a new line that is the mirror image of the current line. That is, the start point and length of the new line will remain the same, but the orientation will be changed by 180 degrees —SS]$out := \text{LineT}(s, (o = \text{N} \Rightarrow \text{S} | o = \text{S} \Rightarrow \text{N} | o = \text{W} \Rightarrow \text{E} | o = \text{E} \Rightarrow \text{W}), L)$
- exception: None

rotate(r):

- output:

		$out :=$
$r = \text{CW}$	$o = \text{N}$	[? —SS]$\text{LineT}(s, E, L)$
	$o = \text{S}$	[? —SS]$\text{LineT}(s, W, L)$
	$o = \text{W}$	[? —SS]$\text{LineT}(s, N, L)$
	$o = \text{E}$	[? —SS]$\text{LineT}(s, S, L)$
$r = \text{CCW}$	$o = \text{N}$	[? —SS]$\text{LineT}(s, W, L)$
	$o = \text{S}$	[? —SS]$\text{LineT}(s, E, L)$
	$o = \text{W}$	[? —SS]$\text{LineT}(s, S, L)$
	$o = \text{E}$	[? —SS]$\text{LineT}(s, N, L)$

- exception: None

translate(Δx, Δy):

- output: [Add the missing spec —SS]$out := \text{LineT}(s.\text{translate}(\Delta x, \Delta y), o, L)$
- exception: None

Path ADT Module

Template Module

PathT

Uses

PointT, LineT, MapTypes

Syntax

Exported Types

PathT = ?

Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
PathT	PointT, CompassT, $\mathbb{N}$	PathT	
append	CompassT, $\mathbb{N}$		invalid_argument
strt		PointT	
end		PointT	
line	$\mathbb{N}$	LineT	outside_bounds
size		$\mathbb{N}$	
len		$\mathbb{N}$	
translate	$\mathbb{Z}$, $\mathbb{Z}$	PathT	

Semantics

State Variables

s: sequence of LineT

State Invariant

None

Assumptions

- The constructor PathT is called for each object instance before any other access routine is called for that object. The constructor cannot be called on an existing object.

Access Routine Semantics

PathT($st, ornt, l$):

- transition: [What is the spec to add the first element to the sequence of LineT? —SS]$s[0] :=$ LineT$(st, ornt, l)$
- output: $out := self$
- exception: None

append($ornt, l$):

- transition: [What is the missing specification? The appended line starts at a point adjacent to the end point of the previous line in the direction $ornt$. The lines are not allowed to overlap. —SS]$s := s||\langle$LineT(adjPt$(ornt), ornt, l\rangle$
- exception: [What is the specification for the exception? An exception should be generated if the introduced line overlaps with any of the previous points in the existing path. —SS]

$$exc := \begin{array}{l} (\text{pointsInLine}(\text{LineT}(\text{adjPt}(ornt), ornt, l)) \ \cap \\ (\cup(l : \text{LineT} | l \in s : \text{pointsInLine}(l))) \neq \emptyset \Rightarrow \text{invalid\_argument}) \end{array}$$

strt():

- output: [What is the missing spec? —SS]$out := s[0]$.strt
- exception: None

end():

- output: [What is the missing spec? —SS]$out := s[|s| - 1]$.end
- exception: None

line(i):

- output: [Returns the ith line in the sequence. What is the missing spec? —SS]$out := \text{LineT}(s[i].\text{strt}(), s[i].\text{orient}(), s[i].\text{len}())$
- exception: [Generate the exception if the index is not in the sequence. —SS]$exc := (i \geq |s| \Rightarrow \text{outside\_bounds})$

size:

- output: [Output the number of lines in the path. —SS]$out := |s|$
- exception: None

len:

- output: [Output the total number of points (grid cells) on the path, including the beginning and end points (cells). —SS]$out := +(l : \text{LineT} | l \in s : l.\text{len})$
- exception: None

translate(Δx, Δy):

- output: Create a new PathT object with state variable s' such that:

$$\forall(i : \mathbb{N} | i \in [0..|s| - 1] : s'[i] = s[i].\text{translate}(\Delta x, \Delta y))$$

- exception: None

Local Functions

pointsInLine: LineT $\rightarrow$ (set of PointT)

pointsInLine (l)

$\equiv \{i : \mathbb{N} | i \in [0..(l.\text{len} - 1)] : l.\text{strt.translate}([\textit{Completethespec.} - - - \textit{SS}]$
$(l.\text{orient} = \text{W} \Rightarrow -i | l.\text{orient} = \text{E} \Rightarrow i | \text{True} \Rightarrow 0), (l.\text{orient} = \text{N} \Rightarrow i | l.\text{orient} = \text{S} \Rightarrow -i | \text{True} \Rightarrow 0))\}$

adjPt: CompassT $\rightarrow$ PointT
adjPt($ornt$) $\equiv$

$ornt = \text{N}$	$s[\|s\| - 1].\text{end.translate}[? - - - \textit{SS}](0, 1)$
$ornt = \text{S}$	$s[\|s\| - 1].\text{end.translate}[? - - - \textit{SS}](0, -1)$
$ornt = \text{W}$	$s[\|s\| - 1].\text{end.translate}[? - - - \textit{SS}](-1, 0)$
$ornt = \text{E}$	$s[\|s\| - 1].\text{end.translate}[? - - - \textit{SS}](1, 0)$

Generic Seq2D Module

Generic Template Module

Seq2D(T)

Uses

MapTypes, PointT, LineT, PathT

Syntax

Exported Types

Seq2D(T) = ?

Exported Constants

None

Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
Seq2D	seq of (seq of T), $\mathbb{R}$	Seq2D	invalid_argument
set	PointT, T		outside_bounds
get	PointT	T	outside_bounds
getNumRow		$\mathbb{N}$	
getNumCol		$\mathbb{N}$	
getScale		$\mathbb{R}$	
count	T	$\mathbb{N}$	
count	LineT, T	$\mathbb{N}$	invalid_argument
count	PathT, T	$\mathbb{N}$	invalid_argument
length	PathT	$\mathbb{R}$	invalid_argument
connected	PointT, PointT	$\mathbb{B}$	invalid_argument

Semantics

State Variables

s: seq of (seq of T)
scale: $\mathbb{R}$

nRow: $\mathbb{N}$
nCol: $\mathbb{N}$

State Invariant

None

Assumptions

- The Seq2D(T) constructor is called for each object instance before any other access routine is called for that object. The constructor can only be called once.
- Assume that the input to the constructor is a sequence of rows, where each row is a sequence of elements of type T. The number of columns (number of elements) in each row is assumed to be equal. That is each row of the grid has the same number of entries. $s[i][j]$ means the ith row and the jth column. The 0th row is at the bottom of the map and the 0th column is at the leftmost side of the map.

Access Routine Semantics

Seq2D(S, scl):

- transition: [Fill in the transition. —SS]$s, \text{scale}, \text{nCol}, \text{nRow} := S, \text{scl}, |S[0]|, |S|$
- output: $out := self$
- exception: [Fill in the exception. One should be generated if the scale is less than zero, or the input sequence is empty, or the number of columns is zero in the first row, or the number of columns in any row is different from the number of columns in the first row. —SS]$exc :=$ (scale $\leq 0 \vee |S| = 0 \vee |S[0]| = 0 \Rightarrow$ invalid_argument| $\neg\forall(l : \text{seq of T} | l \in S : |l| = |S[0]|) \Rightarrow$ invalid_argument)

set(p, v):

- transition: [? —SS]$s[p.y][p.x] := v$
- exception: [Generate an exception if the point lies outside of the map. —SS]$exc :=$ ($\neg$validPoint(p) $\Rightarrow$ outside_bounds)

get(p):

- output: [? —SS]$out := s[p.y][p.x]$

- exception: [Generate an exception if the point lies outside of the map. —SS]$exc :=$ ($\neg$validPoint(p) $\Rightarrow$ outside_bounds)

getNumRow():

- output: $out :=$ nRow
- exception: None

getNumCol():

- output: $out :=$ nCol
- exception: None

getScale():

- output: $out :=$ scale
- exception: None

count(t: T):

- output: [Count the number of times the value t occurs in the 2D sequence. —SS]$out := +(i, j : \mathbb{N} | \text{validRow}(i) \wedge \text{validCol}(j) \wedge s[i][j] = t : 1)$
- exception: None

count(l: LineT, t: T):

- output: [Count the number of times the value t occurs in the line l. —SS]$out :=$ $+(p : \text{PointT} | p \in \text{pointsInLine}(l) \wedge s[p.y][p.x] = t : 1)$
- exception: [Exception if any point on the line lies off of the 2D sequence (map) —SS]$exc :=$ ($\neg$validLine(l) $\Rightarrow$ invalid_argument)

count(pth: PathT, t: T):

- output: [Count the number of times the value t occurs in the path pth. —SS]$out :=$ $+(p : \text{PointT} | p \in \text{pointsInPath}(pth) \wedge s[p.y][p.x] = t : 1)$
- exception: [Exception if any point on the path lies off of the 2D sequence (map) —SS]$exc :=$ ($\neg$validPath(pth) $\Rightarrow$ invalid_argument)

length(pth: PathT):

- output: [Use the scale to find the length of the path. —SS]$out := pth.\text{len} \cdot \text{scale}$
- exception: [Exception if any point on the path lies off of the 2D sequence (map) —SS]$exc := (\neg\text{validPath}(pth) \Rightarrow \text{invalid\_argument})$

connected(p_1: PointT, p_2: PointT):

- output: [Return true if a path exists between p_1 and p_2 with all of the points on the path being of the same value. p_1 and p_2 are considered to be part of the path. —SS] $out := \exists(pth : \text{PathT} | \text{validPath}(pth) \wedge pth.\text{strt} = p_1 \wedge pth.\text{end} = p_2 : \text{count}(pth, s[p_1.y][p_1.x]) = pth.\text{len})$
- exception: [Return an exception if either of the input points is not valid. —SS]$exc := (\neg\text{validPoint}(p_1) \vee \neg\text{validPoint}(p_1) \Rightarrow \text{invalid\_argument})$

Local Functions

validRow: $\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{B}$
[returns true if the given natural number is a valid row number. —SS]$\text{validRow}(i) \equiv 0 \leq i \leq (\text{nRow} - 1)$

validCol: $\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{B}$
[returns true if the given natural number is a valid column number. —SS]$\text{validCol}(j) \equiv 0 \leq j \leq (\text{nCol} - 1)$

validPoint: PointT $\to \mathbb{B}$
[Returns true if the given point lies within the boundaries of the map. —SS]$\text{validPoint}(p) \equiv \text{validRow}(p.y) \wedge \text{validCol}(p.x)$

validLine: LineT $\to \mathbb{B}$
[Returns true if all of the points for the given line lie within the boundaries of the map. —SS]$\text{validLine}(l) \equiv \forall(p : \text{PointT} | p \in \text{pointsInLine}(l) : \text{validPoint}(p))$

validPath: PathT $\to \mathbb{B}$
[Returns true if all of the points for the given path lie within the boundaries of the map. —SS]$\text{validPath}(pth) \equiv \forall(p : \text{PointT} | p \in \text{pointsInPath}(pth) : \text{validPoint}(p))$

pointsInLine: LineT $\to$ (set of PointT)

pointsInLine (l) [The same local function as given in the Path module. —SS]

$\equiv \{i : \mathbb{N} | i \in [0..(l.\text{len} - 1)] : l.\text{strt.translate}($
$(l.\text{orient} = \text{W} \Rightarrow -i | l.\text{orient} = \text{E} \Rightarrow i | \text{True} \Rightarrow 0), (l.\text{orient} = \text{N} \Rightarrow i | l.\text{orient} = \text{S} \Rightarrow -i | \text{True} \Rightarrow 0))\}$

pointsInPath: PathT $\rightarrow$ (set of PointT)
[Return the set of points that make up the input path. —SS] pointsInPath(p) $\equiv \cup(i :$
$\mathbb{N} | i \in [0..p.\text{size}] : \text{pointsInLine}(p.\text{line}(i)))$

LanduseMap Module

Template Module

LanduseMapT is Seq2D(LanduseT)

DEM Module

Template Module

DEMT is Seq2D($\mathbb{Z}$)

1 Critique of Design

Write a critique of the interface for the modules in this project. Is there anything missing? Is there anything you would consider changing? Why?