

M.Sc - Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning in Science

SPC720P

R e s e a r c h P r o j e c t i n D a t a S c i e n c e

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INTRODUCTION OF THE PROJECT

EXPLORING GRAVITATIONAL WAVE DATA

To analyze gravitational wave data from GWOSC.

Motivation:

- The nature of compact objects in the universe — black holes, neutron stars, and exotic alternatives — is still under active exploration.
- Gravitational wave signals carry rich information about these events.

Aim:

- To build a computational framework (Bayesian or ML-based) to analyze and classify gravitational wave signals.
- Two promising directions currently under evaluation.

1. BLACK HOLES VS BOSON STARS

Based on:

Constraining Exotic Compact Object Mergers with Gravitational Waves – INSPIREHEP

Goal:

- Use Bayesian inference to distinguish between binary black holes and boson star mergers.

Approach:

- Use waveform templates for both BH-BH and BS-BS mergers.
- Apply Bayesian model selection to real/simulated GW data.
- Tools: Bilby / PyCBC Inference.
- Key Event: Possibly work on GW150914 or GW170104.

Outcome:

- Posterior parameter estimation
- Bayes Factor comparisons to evaluate which model better explains the signal

Known methods : Bayesian methods with waveform fitting
Gaps/ Scope : Few real detections, relies on accurate waveform modeling
Future Impact : Pushes the boundary of exotic compact object detection, can help constrain the existence of new forms of matter.



2. CLASSIFYING BNS REMNANTS USING MACHINE LEARNING

Based on:

Classifying Binary Neutron Star Merger Remnants with Machine Learning – INSPIREHEP

Goal:

- Train a supervised ML model to classify the post-merger remnant of binary neutron star events.

Remnant Categories:

- Stable Neutron Star
- Supramassive NS
- Hypermassive NS
- Prompt Black Hole

Approach:

- Simulate BNS signals.
- Extract time-frequency features (e.g., spectrograms).
- Train CNN or RNN-based models.
- Evaluate performance using confusion matrix, accuracy, ROC, etc.

Known Methods : Machine Learning using time-frequency analysis

Gaps/ Scope : Still experimental, can be extended to real-time use

Future Impact : Potential use in real-time classification pipelines.

TOOLS & METHODOLOGY

BOTH IDEAS RELY ON A MIX OF GW DATA TOOLS, SIGNAL PROCESSING,
AND EITHER ML OR BAYESIAN METHODS AS MENTIONED BELOW

<u>Task</u>	<u>Tools/ Techniques</u>
Waveform Generation	Bilby Templates / Others
Bayesian Interface	Bilby, PyCBC Inference
ML Classification	Python, Tensorflow/ Pytorch
Signal Processing	Spectograms, PSD Estimation
Data Source	GWOSC/ Simulated data

CURRENT TASKS & NEXT STEPS

Current Status

- **Two strong project directions shortlisted:**
 - **Boson Star vs Black Hole (Bayesian approach)**
 - **BNS Remnant Classification (ML-based approach)**
- **Completed literature review for both ideas.**
- **Explored gravitational wave datasets from GWOSC.**
- **Tools identified (Bilby, PyCBC Inference, ML frameworks), but simulation workflows yet to be explored.**

Next Steps

- **Finalize project direction after supervisor discussion.**
- **Begin dataset preparation: explore waveform simulation or pre-existing datasets.**
- **Set up initial codebase and preprocessing pipeline.**
- **Build and test baseline model (Bayesian or ML).**



THANK YOU!