

# SAFETY DATA SHEET UNION CARBIDE CORPORATION

Product name: 2-Ethylhexanol, 99.5%

Issue Date: 04/27/2015 Print Date: 07/10/2015

UNION CARBIDE CORPORATION encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

# 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: 2-Ethylhexanol, 99.5%

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Identified uses:

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

UNION CARBIDE CORPORATION

A Subsidiary of The Dow Chemical Company

1254 ENCLAVE PARKWAY

HOUSTON TX 77077-1607

UNITED STATES

**Customer Information Number:** 

800-258-2436 SDSQuestion@dow.com

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER 24-Hour Emergency Contact:** 989-636-4400 **Local Emergency Contact:** 800-424-9300

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## Hazard classification

This material is hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200.

Flammable liquids - Category 4 Acute toxicity - Category 4 - Inhalation

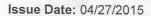
Skin irritation - Category 2

Eye irritation - Category 2A

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - Category 3

Acute aquatic toxicity - Category 3

Label elements Hazard pictograms





Signal word: WARNING!

#### Hazards

Combustible liquid.
Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
Harmful if inhaled.
May cause respiratory irritation.
Harmful to aquatic life.

# Precautionary statements

#### Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

#### Response

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction.

#### Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

#### Disposal

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### Other hazards

no data available

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Synonyms:** Xi;R36/38 This product is a substance.

Component	CASRN	Concentration
Strepts of	odeO sokenski neme D selbacio	
2-Ethylhexanol	104-76-7	> 99.5 %

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

# Description of first aid measures

**General advice:** First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask, etc). If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Call a physician or transport to a medical facility.

Skin contact: Wash off with plenty of water.

**Eye contact:** Immediately flush eyes with water; remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue flushing eyes for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention without delay, preferably from an ophthalmologist. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately available.

**Ingestion:** Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician and/or transport to emergency facility immediately. Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask, etc). If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Call a physician or transport to a medical facility.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:** Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. The decision of whether to induce vomiting or not should be made by a physician. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

# 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Water fog or fine spray. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers. Foam. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF type) or protein foams are preferred if available. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) may function.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: no data available

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazardous combustion products:** During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon application of direct water stream to hot liquids.

#### Advice for firefighters

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire. Burning liquids may be moved by flushing with water to protect personnel and minimize property damage. Avoid accumulation of water. Product may be carried across water surface spreading fire or contracting an ignition source. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Refer to section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Keep personnel out of low areas. Keep upwind of spill. Ventilate area of leak or spill. No smoking in area. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

**Environmental precautions:** Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Small spills: Contain spilled material if possible. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Dike area to contain spill. Pump into suitable and properly labeled containers. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for safe handling:** Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain vapors. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld, or perform similar operations on or near empty containers. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Store in accordance with good manufacturing practices.

Storage stability

Steel drums. 24 Month Bulk 12 Month

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## Control parameters

Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

None established

#### Exposure controls

**Engineering controls:** Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

#### Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use chemical goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Chlorinated polyethylene. Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Viton. Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Other protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use an approved respirator. Selection of air-purifying or positive-pressure supplied-air will depend on the specific operation and the potential airborne concentration of the material. For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance** 

Physical state

Liquid.

Color

Colorless

Odor

Mild

Odor Threshold

No test data available No test data available

Melting point/range

No test data available

Freezing point

To lest data available

-70 °C (-94 °F) Literature

Issue Date: 04/27/2015

Boiling point (760 mmHg) 184.6 °C (364.3 °F) Literature

Flash point closed cup 72 °C (162 °F) Tag Closed Cup ASTM D56

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate No test data available

= 1)

Flammability (solid, gas)

Lower explosion limit

Upper explosion limit

Not applicable to liquids

0.88 % vol Literature

9.7 % vol Literature

Vapor Pressure < 0.1 mmHg at 20 °C (68 °F) Literature

Relative Vapor Density (air = 1) 4.5 Literature

Relative Density (water = 1) 0.8335 at 20 °C (68 °F) / 20 °C Literature

Water solubility 0.07 % at 20 °C (68 °F) Literature

Partition coefficient: n- log Pow: 3.1 Measured

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature 281.9 °C (539.4 °F) Literature

Decomposition temperature No test data available

**Dynamic Viscosity** 10.3 cP at 20 °C (68 °F) Literature

Kinematic Viscosity No test data available

Explosive properties Not explosive

Oxidizing properties No

Molecular weight no data available

Molecular formulaC4 H9 CH(C2 H5) CH2 OHVolatile Organic CompoundsNo test data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: no data available

Chemical stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions. See Storage, Section 7.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose.

Incompatible materials: Avoid contact with: Strong acids. Strong oxidizers.

**Hazardous decomposition products:** Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Issue Date: 04/27/2015

Toxicological information on this product or its components appear in this section when such data is available.

#### Acute toxicity

#### Acute oral toxicity

Low toxicity if swallowed. Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however, swallowing larger amounts may cause injury. May cause central nervous system effects.

LD50, Rat, > 2,000 mg/kg

# Acute dermal toxicity

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

LD50, Rabbit, > 2,000 mg/kg

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

Prolonged excessive exposure may cause adverse effects. May cause respiratory irritation and central nervous system depression. If material is heated or aerosol/mist is produced, concentrations may be attained that are sufficient to cause respiratory irritation and other effects.

LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, 2.17 mg/l

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Prolonged contact may cause moderate skin irritation with local redness. May cause more severe response on covered skin (under clothing, gloves).

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause severe eye irritation. May cause severe corneal injury.

#### Sensitization

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in humans.

For respiratory sensitization: No relevant data found.

# Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

May cause respiratory irritation. Route of Exposure: Inhalation Target Organs: Respiratory Tract

# Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Blood. Kidney. Liver. Spleen.

#### Carcinogenicity

In laboratory animals, evidence of carcinogenic activity was observed. The observed tumors do not appear to be relevant for men.

Product name: 2-Ethylhexanol, 99.5%

Issue Date: 04/27/2015

**Teratogenicity** 

Has caused birth defects in laboratory animals only at doses toxic to the mother. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. These concentrations exceed relevant human dose levels.

# Reproductive toxicity

No relevant data found.

#### Mutagenicity

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

## **Aspiration Hazard**

May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information on this product or its components appear in this section when such data is available.

# **Toxicity**

# Acute toxicity to fish

Material is slightly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, 32 - 37 mg/l

#### Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

LC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 35.2 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 39 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

# Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 11.5 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

#### Toxicity to bacteria

EC50, Bacteria, 16 Hour, 256 - 320 mg/l

# Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready

biodegradability. Material is ultimately biodegradable (reaches > 70% mineralization in OECD

test(s) for inherent biodegradability).

10-day Window: Pass Biodegradation: 68 % Exposure time: 17 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

10-day Window: Not applicable Biodegradation: > 95 % Exposure time: 5 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B or Equivalent

Product name: 2-Ethylhexanol, 99.5% Issue Date: 04/27/2015

# United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)

All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Revision

Identification Number: 101234144 / A004 / Issue Date: 04/27/2015 / Version: 4.1 Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

#### Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

UNION CARBIDE CORPORATION urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.