STATATHON 2025



TITLE PAGE

- Problem Statement ID: 01
- Problem Statement Title: Data Security and Compliance
- PS Category- Software/Hardware: Software
- Team ID: 3861
- Team Name (Registered on portal): Noise Injectors



QuasiShield



Proposed Solution (Describe your Idea/Solution/Prototype)

Detailed explanation of the proposed solution

An AI system that **secures anonymized data** from re-ID attacks and **auto-fixes risks** for privacy compliance.

- Enabled **API integration** so other systems can analyze and secure datasets remotely.
- Simulated multiple **re-identification attacks** to evaluate dataset safety.
- Calculated **risk levels** using recognized privacy metrics.
- Applied protection via masking, generalization, noise, and synthetic data.
- Validated protections by **re-running attacks** to confirm risks are removed.
- Generated detailed compliance reports with risks, fixes, and outcomes.

How it addresses the problem?

- Stops **linkage attacks** by breaking identifier connections.
- Prevents attribute leaks using diversity and noise.
- Blocks composition risks with synthetic and swapped data.

Innovation and uniqueness of the solution

- Self-learning system **adapts** to **new attack methods**.
- Al chooses the **best privacy fix** per risk.
- **Real-time protection** for streaming and large datasets.



TECHNICAL APPROACH



TECHNOLOGY STACK

Core Development & Programming:

Python, JavaScript – Core application development.

Data Privacy & Processing:

Pandas, NumPy, OpenDP, anonypy – Data handling and privacy protection.

Attack Simulation & ML:

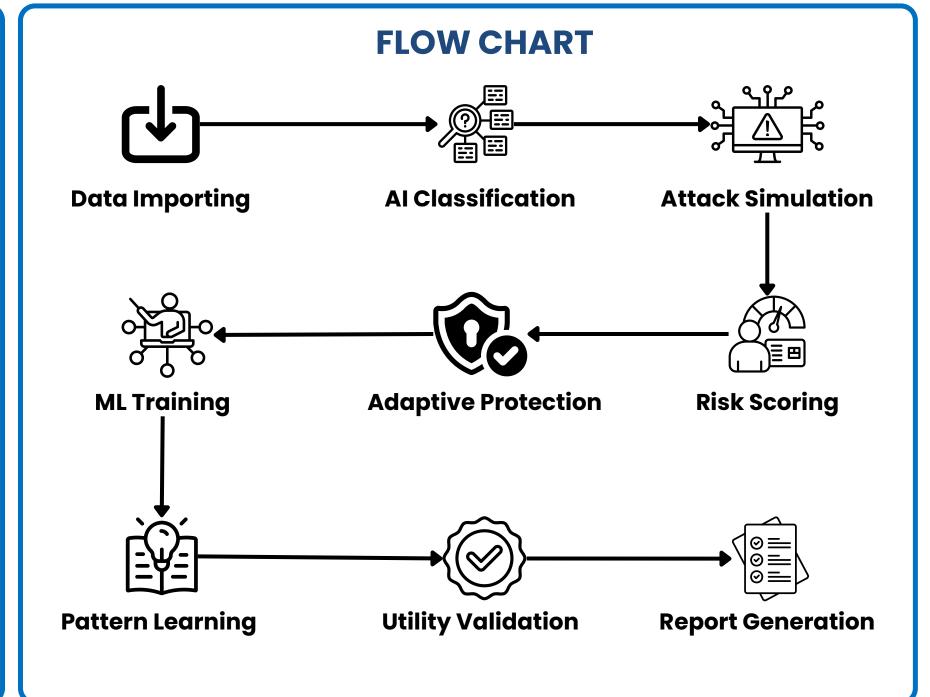
scikit-learn, XGBoost, recordlinkage – Risk analysis and predictive modeling.

Frontend & Visualization:

React.js, Tailwind CSS, Plotly – Web interface and data visualization.

Reporting & Compliance:

Jinja2 & WeasyPrint – Automated privacy compliance reporting.





































FEASIBILITY AND VIABILITY



Analysis of the feasibility of the idea

- Record linkage can replicate deterministic and probabilistic matching effectively.
- OpenDP framework enables applying differential privacy with tunable privacy budgets.
- Synthetic data generators can hide sensitive values while keeping patterns intact.
- Graph analysis tools detect **network-based linkage** risks in datasets.
- Risk scoring methods like **k, l, t, δ** are already well-established.

Potential challenges and risks

- ML-based linkage attacks may **bypass** basic **anonymization** methods.
- Attribute disclosure risk when sensitive values show clear patterns.
- Composition attacks from merging multiple anonymized datasets.

Strategies for overcoming these challenges

- Use **adaptive anonymization** that strengthens after each attack simulation.
- Apply **I-diversity** and **t-closeness** to break sensitive value patterns.
- Add **synthetic data** and **swapping** to disrupt dataset merging links.



IMPACT AND BENEFITS



Potential impact

- **Detects hidden identifiers** using AI to stop indirect re-identification before any data release.
- **Protects sensitive information** from advanced linkage and reconstruction attacks.
- Reduces re-identification risk while keeping essential patterns for safe use.
- Strengthens data compliance with evolving **privacy and protection** laws.
- Supports **UN SDG Goal 16** by promoting strong institutions through safe and transparent data sharing.
- Blocks composition attacks that combine multiple datasets for identity leaks.

Benefits of the Solution

- Improves **public trust** by ensuring shared data **cannot be misused** for harmful identity exposure.
- Reduces legal costs through automated compliance with strict privacy and protection regulations.
- Supports **secure research** by providing safe datasets without risking individual privacy breaches.
- **Prevents data misuse** in industries handling sensitive information like healthcare and finance.
- Encourages data sharing that can help solve social problems without revealing personal details.
- Supports **UN SDG 9** by promoting innovative privacy technologies.



RESEARCH AND REFERENCES



- https://www.nber.org/system/files/working_papers/w32905/w32905.
 pdf?utm_source=PANTHEON_STRIPPED
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