



PEACH
FUZZER

Peach Fuzzer Client-led Trial Guide

1. Preface

This document supports the user through a trial of using Peach Fuzzer to test several different real-world applications. It shows how Peach Fuzzer should be configured for each application, what monitors are useful for each scenario, and has examples of test runs that show the types of faults that Peach Fuzzer can find and the information it gathers for those faults. This should give the user an overview of the capabilities of Peach Fuzzer and set expectations for what the user will need to do to use Peach Fuzzer to test their own software.

1.1. Goals

After reading this document, you should be able to accomplish the following:

1. Create configurations for each pit in your trial for the applications on the target VM.
2. Run tests against several target applications with Peach Fuzzer
3. View the results of a test run to see the vulnerabilities that were found and the data was gathered
4. Understand how Peach Fuzzer is configured to test various applications based on the nature of the application
5. Understand why the configurations have the specific settings and Monitors that they do and how those settings relate to the specifics of the application they are testing

1.2. Non-Goals

This document is NOT intended to be comprehensive documentation for how to configure Peach Fuzzer or a full demonstration of every feature that Peach Fuzzer offers. It is also not meant to help the user install, configure, or troubleshoot Peach Fuzzer for testing their own applications. Users needing assistance with any of those things should consult the Peach Fuzzer User Guide or contact support for assistance.

1.3. Target Applications

The applications being tested in the trial are all free and open source where possible. In many cases, the source was forked from the original version and contrived security vulnerabilities were intentionally introduced into the code in order to better demonstrate the features of Peach Fuzzer. Therefore, the vulnerabilities found by Peach Fuzzer on the trial instance should not be assumed to be present in the publicly available versions of those applications. In addition, Peach Tech has not done a comprehensive test of those applications so we cannot guarantee that additional vulnerabilities are not present in those applications' original source code.

2. Configurations

Each pit available in the trial has at least one configuration. In some cases there will be two; a basic configuration and an advanced configuration.



In protocols where both a client and server are present and being tested, the client and server are considered separate protocols for purposes of this document. It is therefore possible that both the client and the server will each have a basic and advanced configuration.

2.1. Basic Configuration

This configuration shows how a user would typically set up Peach Fuzzer to test an application that they either can't compile or can't re-compile with additional compiler or linker options. The applications used in these configurations have typically been compiled with debug and no optimizations e.g. `gcc -g main.cpp` or similar. The GDB Monitor is used in most cases to detect faults.

2.2. Advanced Configuration

This configuration shows how a user would typically set up Peach Fuzzer to test an application that they have recompiled with various compiler options such as Address Sanitizer (the advanced configurations used in the trial are all compiled this way unless indicated otherwise) and various optimization levels e. g. `gcc -g -O1 -fsanitize=address main.cpp` or similar.

With ASan in use, the GDB Monitor is generally not advised since ASan will terminate the program without sending a signal (e.g. SIGSEGV, SIGABRT, etc.) that the debugger will detect. The Process Monitor is therefore used instead, as it will recognize that ASan has terminated the process for some reason and can gather information from the ASan output in the report for the fault on that particular iteration.

3. Setting up your Client-led trial

The Target VM ISO image contains various applications pre-installed. It also runs the Peach Agent so that you can easily configure the pits to run those applications on the VM.

3.1. Prerequisites

In order to run your trial of Peach Fuzzer you will first need to complete the following steps:

1. Install Peach Fuzzer on your local machine and activate your license. See the Peach Fuzzer Installation Guide for instructions on how to install on your platform.
2. Install software capable of running a Virtual Machine. VMWare Workstation and VirtualBox will both work, although you may use any VM software that is capable of creating a VM from an ISO on your platform.
3. Create a Virtual Machine from the TargetVM ISO you downloaded from Portal.
4. Configure networking with the Target VM so that your installed Peach Fuzzer instance can communicate with the VM by IP address and your Target VM can also communicate back to your installed Peach Fuzzer instance.



It is most likely that you will want to configure the networking mode of your VM software to **NAT** instead of **Bridged**.

5. Note the IP address of the Virtual Machine as this will be required for configuring most of the pits.

If you have any trouble installing Peach Fuzzer, creating the Target VM, or ensuring connectivity between the Target VM and Peach Fuzzer, please contact support@peach.tech for assistance.



If you need to connect to the Target VM, you can use ssh with the user name **peach** and the password **peach**.

4. Sample Configurations

The following are sample configurations for several different protocols as well as file types that Peach Fuzzer can fuzz. You can run the sample configurations with the supplied seed values in this guide. Each section below has instructions for how to set up the sample configuration, including a brief explanation of why Peach Fuzzer has been configured this way for this particular application. It is strongly recommended that you use the supplied values in each section for the **Seed** and **Stop Test Case** (and **Start Test Case** if indicated). These values have been selected to guarantee that you can create a test run that will find faults in the target applications within a few minutes.

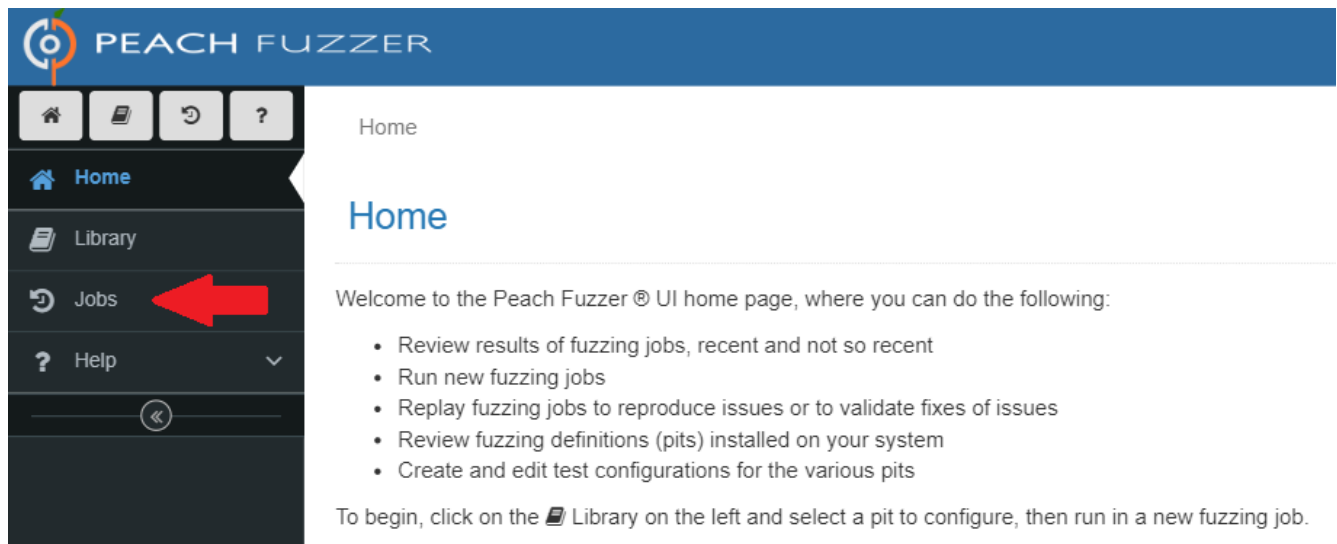


For the purposes of this document we will assume the target VM has an IP address of **192.168.17.145** and this IP address will be used wherever the host's IP address is required. If you see this value used for an IP address in a configuration, replace it with the actual IP address of your VM.

4.1. Viewing the Sample Job Results

Any additional test runs you perform will be available on the Jobs page. To view the results:

1. From the Home page, click the Jobs tab.





2. Click the job you wish to view from the list of available jobs.



















Library
Jobs
Help

Jobs

Here is a comprehensive list of the fuzzing jobs on this computer.

For any entry, you can perform the following actions:

- Click the  icon to view the report generated for the fuzzing session.
- Click the  icon to delete the job.

Name	Status	Start Time	Stop Time	Test Cases	Total Faults	Actions
Example-JPG-Advanced	Stopped	6/25/18 5:23 PM	6/25/18 5:23 PM	46	1	 
Example-JPG-Basic	Stopped	6/25/18 5:20 PM	6/25/18 5:21 PM	46	1	 
Example-PNG-Advanced	Stopped	6/25/18 5:19 PM	6/25/18 5:19 PM	11	1	 
Example-PNG-Basic	Stopped	6/25/18 5:19 PM	6/25/18 5:19 PM	11	1	 
Example-MODBUS-TCP Slave	Stopped	6/25/18 5:17 PM	6/25/18 5:17 PM	30	1	 
Example-MODBUS-TCP Master	Stopped	6/25/18 5:14 PM	6/25/18 5:15 PM	50	3	 
Example-SNMPv3 Server-Advanced	Stopped	6/25/18 5:11 PM	6/25/18 5:12 PM	10	5	 
Example-SNMPv3 Server-Basic	Stopped	6/25/18 5:06 PM	6/25/18 5:10 PM	10	5	 
Example-HTTP Server-Advanced	Stopped	6/25/18 5:04 PM	6/25/18 5:05 PM	30	2	 

- The results of the selected job will now be displayed. You can see the overall results which will indicate the parameters with which the job was run and the faults that were found. You can examine the [faults](#) individually or [download a report](#) that summarizes all of the findings in this job run.

4.2. Running the Samples

You will need to configure the pits to run with the target VM instance you have created. Select a PIT listed below for detailed instructions on how to configure the pit for a test run. The exact Configurations available will depend on what Pits are included with your trial license. . Enter the appropriate values for **Seed** and **Stop Test Case**. . Enter the appropriate value for **Start Test Case** if specified. Otherwise, leave the default of 1.

4.3. DNP3-Master

This configuration will test an application using DNP3. It has two versions, a basic configuration and an advanced configuration. The basic configuration is compiled only with the Debug option. The advanced configuration is compiled with Address Sanitizer, Debug, and Optimization Level 1.



This pit configuration requires that opendnp3 be able to communicate from the target VM back to the host operating system where Peach Fuzzer is running. As a result, the GDB or Process monitor will be configured to pass your host operating system's IP address as an argument.

4.3.1. Configuring the test

These steps will create the same configuration as is in use in the DNP3_Master configuration that is already present on the trial instance. The steps are the same for both the basic and advanced configuration except where indicated. To create the configuration:

1. Click Library and then click **DNP3_Master**.
2. Enter a name when prompted and optionally a description, then click **Submit**.

Configuring Variables

The first thing you need to configure are the variables that control how Peach Fuzzer will test the application. Follow these steps to create a working configuration on your trial instance:

1. Click **Configure Variables**.
2. Configure your variables as appropriate for your application. The following should be used for opendnp3 running on the trial instance:
 - a. Listen IPv4 Address: set to **0.0.0.0** so that Peach Fuzzer will listen for incoming connections on all network interfaces.
 - b. Listen Port: Leave the default value of **20000** since opendnp3 will also default to this port.
 - c. DNP3 Target Address: Set to **1** to match the configuration of opendnp3.
 - d. DNP3 Source Address: Set to **10** to match the configuration of opendnp3.
 - e. Under **Advanced Configuration**, leave all the defaults as they are as they are acceptable for opendnp3.
 - f. Under System Defines, do NOT change any of the values present. These values normally do not require changing.
3. Once all the settings have the desired values, click **Save**.

▼

Basic Configuration

Name	Key	Value
Listen IPv4 Address	ListenIPv4	<div>0.0.0.0</div> <div>IPv4 address that Peach uses to listen for incoming messages. The value '0.0.0.0' means Peach listens on all interfaces. The default value is '0.0.0.0'.</div>
Listen Port	ListenPort	<div>20000</div> <div>Port number that Peach uses to listen for incoming messages. The default value is '20000'.</div>
DNP3 Target Address	Destination	<div>1</div> <div>DNP3 Target Address.</div>
DNP3 Source Address	Source	<div>10</div> <div>DNP3 Source Address.</div>

➤

Advanced Configuration

➤

System Defines

Configuring Agents

An Agent runs either in-process of Peach Fuzzer or can be installed and run on a remote machine. For this configuration, only a single remote agent running on the Target VM is required.

1. Click **Monitoring**.
2. Click **Add Agent**.
3. Enter a name. Set the **Location** setting to include the IP address of your target VM e.g. **tcp://192.168.17.145**
4. Click **Save**.

Monitoring

The Monitoring data entry screen defines one or more Agents and one or more Monitors for the Pit.

Agents are host processes for monitors and publishers. Local agents can reside on the same machine as Peach, and can control the test environment through monitors and publishers. Remote agents reside on the test target, and can provide remote monitors and publishers.

Saved successfully.

Save

+ Add Agent

▼ tcp://192.168.17.145 (remote)

Name

remote

Friendly name for your agent

Location

tcp://192.168.17.145

URL for the agent. Leave blank for a local agent. For remote agents use the `tcp` scheme. The default agent port is `9001`.
Example: `tcp://192.168.48.2:9001`

For more detailed instructions, see [Adding an agent](#).

Configuring the monitors for basic

The basic configuration is targeting opendnp3 compiled with Debug enabled. You will therefore want the following monitors:

- **Gdb Monitor.** This will allow Peach Fuzzer to launch opendnp3 from within GDB so that GDB attaches to opendnp3. Peach Fuzzer will monitor GDB and attempt to analyze any crashes that GDB detects based on receiving signals from the application being tested.
- **Network Capture monitor.** Since DNP3 is a network protocol, this monitor will allow Peach Fuzzer to capture the actual data that was sent and received as a pcap. This will help determine what may have caused a fault and could also be useful in trying to create a repro or test case that can aid in creating a fix for the application. Any configuration that is fuzzing a network protocol should typically have this monitor.

To add and configure the monitors:

1. Click **Add Monitor**. In the pop-up, scroll down and select **Gdb**. Click **Ok**.
2. Under **Executable**, enter `/var/targets/dnp3/master-demo` which is the location of opendnp3's launcher. This will allow the monitor to launch the application when fuzzing starts. Do not change any of the other settings for this monitor.
3. Under **Arguments**, enter **the IP address of the Host operating system, e.g. 10.0.1.127**.
4. Click **Save**.

Gdb (Gdb)

Name

Gdb

Friendly name for your monitor

Core Parameters

Executable

/var/targets/dnp3/master-demo

Executable to launch

Arguments

Optional command line arguments

Gdb Path

/usr/bin/gdb

Path to gdb

When To Trigger

Restart On Each Test

false

Restart process for each iteration

Restart After Fault

false

Restart process after any fault occurs

Start On Call

StartIterationEvent

Start command on state model call

Wait For Exit On Call

Wait for process to exit on state model call and fault if timeout is reached

> Advanced

5. Click **Add Monitor**. In the pop-up, scroll down and select **Network Capture** under the **Data Collection** section. Click **Ok**.
6. Under **Device**, enter **eth0** (opendnp3 is listening on the target VM's eth0 interface)
7. Under **Filter**, enter **port ##TargetPort##** to capture all traffic going to or from the port you specified when you configured the variables in the previous section.
8. Click **Save**.

Configuring the monitors for advanced

The advanced configuration is targeting opendnp3 compiled with Debug, Address Sanitizer (ASan), and Optimization level 1. You will therefore want the following monitors:

- **Process Monitor.** This will allow Peach Fuzzer to launch opendnp3. Because opendnp3 is compiled with ASan, the Process Monitor will detect the program exited due to an error and gather the output from ASan about the nature of the crash.



Do not use the GDB Monitor for applications that are compiled with ASan. It is not compatible with ASan.

- **Network Capture monitor.** Since DNP3 is a network protocol, this monitor will allow Peach Fuzzer to capture the actual data that was sent and received as a pcap. This will help determine what may have caused a fault and could also be useful in trying to create a repro or test case that can aid in creating a fix for the application. Any configuration that is fuzzing a network protocol should typically have this monitor.

To add and configure the monitors:

1. Click **Add Monitor**. In the pop-up, scroll down and select **Process**. Click **Ok**.
2. Under **Executable**, enter **/var/targets/advanced/dnp3/outstation-demo** which is the location of opendnp3's launcher. This will allow the monitor to launch the application when fuzzing starts.
3. Under **Arguments**, enter **the IP address of the Host operating system, e.g. 10.0.1.127**.
4. Do not change any of the other settings for this monitor.
5. Click **Save**.

Process (Process)

Name

Process

Friendly name for your monitor

Core Parameters

Executable

/var/targets/advanced/dnp3/master-demo

Executable to launch

Arguments

Optional command line arguments

When To Trigger

Restart On Each Test

false

Restart process for each iteration

Restart After Fault

false

Restart process after any fault occurs

Start On Call

StartIterationEvent

Start command on state model call

Wait For Exit On Call

Wait for process to exit on state model call and fault if timeout is reached

Advanced

- Click **Add Monitor**. In the pop-up, scroll down and select **Network Capture** under the **Data Collection** section. Click **Ok**.
- Under **Device**, enter **eth0** (opendnp3 is listening on the target VM's eth0 interface)
- Under **Filter**, enter **port ##TargetPort##** to capture all traffic going to or from the port you specified when you configured the variables in the previous section.
- Click **Save**.

NetworkCapture (Network Capture)

Name Network Capture
Friendly name for your monitor

Core Parameters

Device eth0
Device name for capturing on

Filter port ##ListenPort##
PCAP Style filter

Testing your configuration

You should always test your configuration to ensure that Peach Fuzzer is able to fuzz your application. This will run some control iterations to ensure that your application responds as expected to normal input.

1. Click **Test**
2. Click **Begin Test**
3. Once testing is complete, you will see the results. Correct any errors in your Variables or Monitoring if the test is not successful.
4. Once the test has passed, click **Continue**.

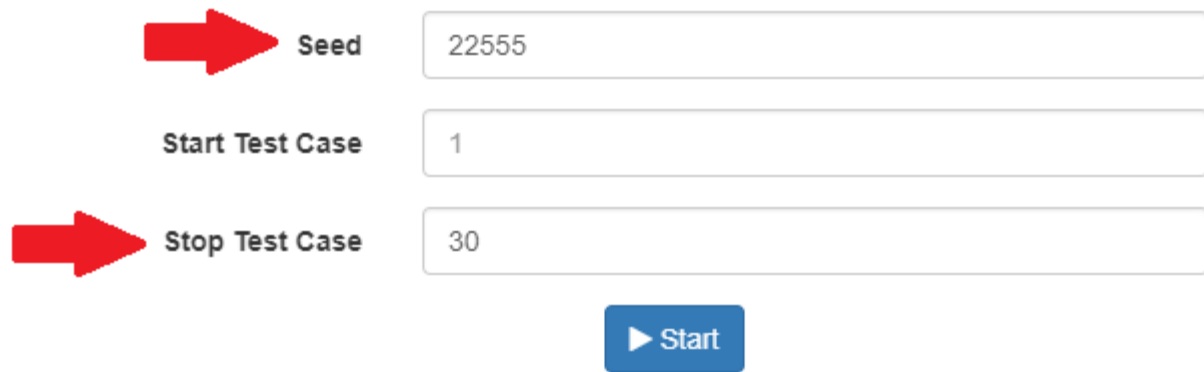
You can now fuzz the application.

Follow the steps under [Running the test](#) to start testing the application.

4.3.2. Running the test

To run the pre-configured basic test:

1. Click **Example-DNP3_Master-Basic**.
2. Enter a seed value of **22555**.
3. Enter a Stop Test Case value of **30**.
4. Click **Start**.



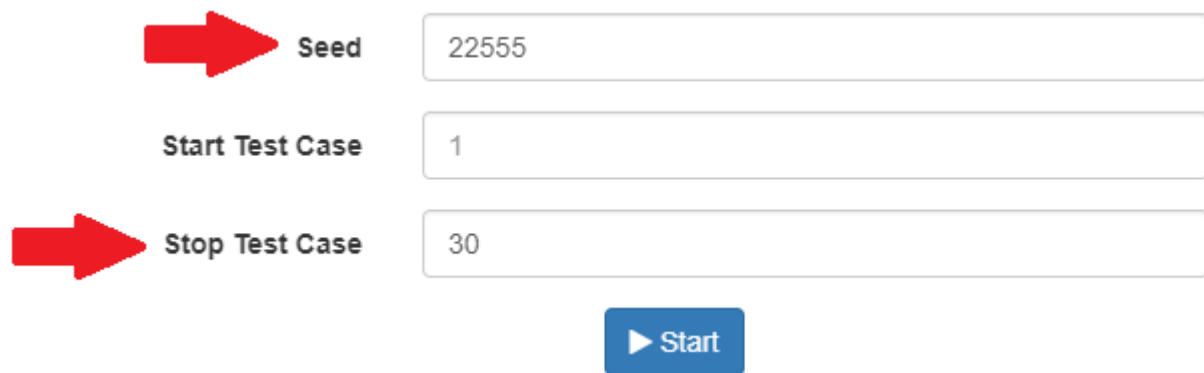
The image shows a web interface for configuring a test. It has three input fields: 'Seed' with the value '22555', 'Start Test Case' with the value '1', and 'Stop Test Case' with the value '30'. A blue 'Start' button is at the bottom. Red arrows point to the 'Seed' and 'Stop Test Case' labels.

Seed	22555
Start Test Case	1
Stop Test Case	30

Start

To run the pre-configured advanced test:

1. Click **Example-DNP3_Master-Advanced**.
2. Enter a seed value of **22555**.
3. Enter a Stop Test Case value of **30**
4. Click **Start**.



This is a duplicate of the first form, showing the same configuration: Seed 22555, Start Test Case 1, Stop Test Case 30, and a Start button. Red arrows point to the 'Seed' and 'Stop Test Case' labels.

Seed	22555
Start Test Case	1
Stop Test Case	30

Start

4.4. DNP3-Slave

This configuration will test an application using DNP3. It has two versions, a basic configuration and an advanced configuration. The basic configuration is compiled only with the Debug option. The advanced configuration is compiled with Address Sanitizer, Debug, and Optimization Level 1 options.

4.4.1. Configuring the test

These steps will create the same configuration as is in use in the DNP3_Slave configuration that is already present on the trial instance. The steps are the same for both the basic and advanced configuration except where indicated. To create the configuration:

1. Click Library and then click **DNP3_Slave**.
2. Enter a name when prompted and optionally a description, then click **Submit**.

Configuring Variables

The first thing you need to configure are the variables that control how Peach Fuzzer will test the application. Follow these steps to create a working configuration on your trial instance:

1. Click **Configure Variables**.
2. Configure your variables as appropriate for your application. The following should be used for opendnp3 running on the trial instance:
 - a. Target IPv4 Address: set to the IP address of the target VM, e.g. **192.168.17.145**
 - b. Target Port: Leave the default value of **20000** since opendnp3 will also default to this port.
 - c. DNP3 Target Address: Set to **10** to match the configuration of opendnp3.
 - d. DNP3 Source Address: Set to **1** to match the configuration of opendnp3.
 - e. Under **Advanced Configuration**, leave all the defaults as they are acceptable for opendnp3.
 - f. Under System Defines, do NOT change any of the values present. These values normally do not require changing.
3. Once all the settings have the desired values, click **Save**.

▼ Basic Configuration

Name	Key	Value
Target IPv4 Address	TargetIPv4	<div>192.168.17.145</div> <div>IPv4 address of the target machine.</div>
Target Port	TargetPort	<div>20000</div> <div>Port number the target machine uses to receive messages. The default value is '20000'.</div>
DNP3 Target Address	Destination	<div>10</div> <div>DNP3 Target Address.</div>
DNP3 Source Address	Source	<div>1</div> <div>DNP3 Source Address.</div>

➤ Advanced Configuration

➤ System Defines

Configuring Agents

An Agent runs either in-process of Peach Fuzzer or can be installed and run on a remote machine. For this configuration, only a single remote agent running on the Target VM is required.

1. Click **Monitoring**.

2. Click **Add Agent**.
3. Enter a name. Set the **Location** setting to include the IP address of your target VM e.g. **tcp://192.168.17.145**
4. Click **Save**.

Monitoring

The Monitoring data entry screen defines one or more Agents and one or more Monitors for the Pit.

Agents are host processes for monitors and publishers. Local agents can reside on the same machine as Peach, and can control the test environment through monitors and publishers. Remote agents reside on the test target, and can provide remote monitors and publishers.

Saved successfully.

Save

+ Add Agent

▼ tcp://192.168.17.145 (remote)

Name

remote

Friendly name for your agent

Location

tcp://192.168.17.145

URL for the agent. Leave blank for a local agent. For remote agents use the **tcp** scheme. The default agent port is **9001**.
Example: **tcp://192.168.48.2:9001**

For more detailed instructions, see [Adding an agent](#).

Configuring the monitors for basic

The basic configuration is targeting openssl compiled with Debug enabled. You will therefore want the following monitors:

- **Gdb Monitor**. This will allow Peach Fuzzer to launch openssl from within GDB so that GDB attaches to openssl. Peach Fuzzer will monitor GDB and attempt to analyze any crashes that GDB detects based on receiving signals from the application being tested.
- **Network Capture monitor**. Since DNP3 is a network protocol, this monitor will allow Peach Fuzzer to capture the actual data that was sent and received as a pcap. This will help determine what may have caused a fault and could also be useful in trying to create a repro or test case that can aid in creating a fix for the application. Any configuration that is fuzzing a network protocol should typically have this monitor.

To add and configure the monitors:

1. Click **Add Monitor**. In the pop-up, scroll down and select **Gdb**. Click **Ok**.
2. Under **Executable**, enter **/var/targets/dnp3/outstation-demo** which is the location of openssl's launcher. This will allow the monitor to launch the application when fuzzing starts. Do not change

any of the other settings for this monitor.

3. Click **Save**.

▼ Gdb (Gdb)

Name

Gdb

Friendly name for your monitor

▼ Core Parameters

Executable

/var/targets/dnp3/outstation-demo

Executable to launch

Arguments

Optional command line arguments

Gdb Path

/usr/bin/gdb

Path to gdb

▼ When To Trigger

Restart On Each Test

false

Restart process for each iteration

Restart After Fault

false

Restart process after any fault occurs

Start On Call

Start command on state model call

Wait For Exit On Call

Wait for process to exit on state model call and fault if timeout is reached

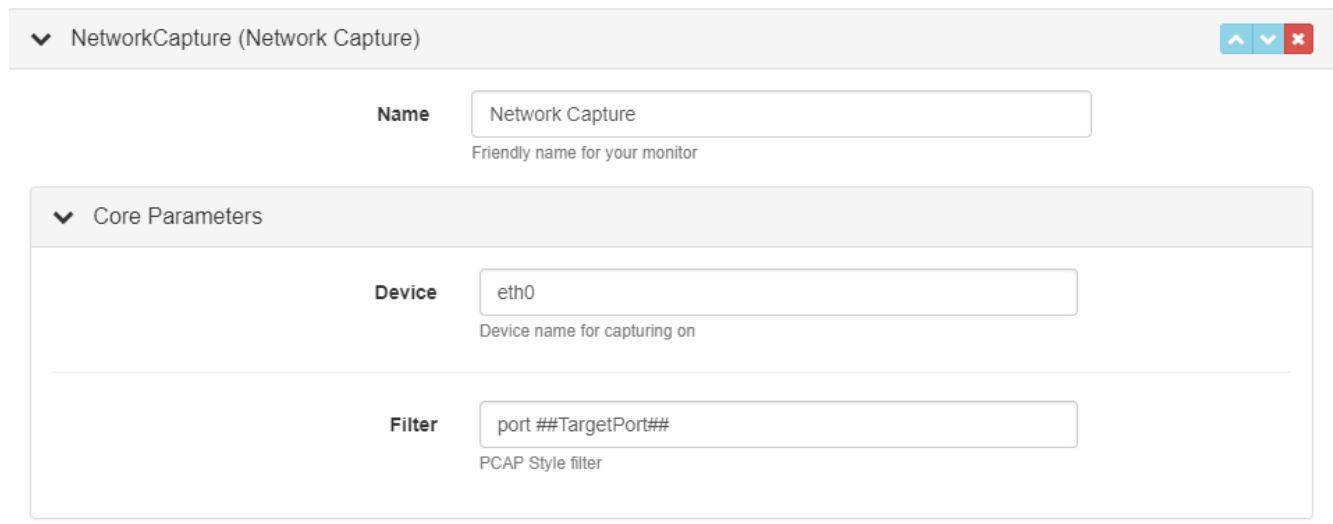
> Advanced

4. Click **Add Monitor**. In the pop-up, scroll down and select **Network Capture** under the **Data Collection** section. Click **Ok**.

5. Under **Device**, enter **eth0** (opendnp3 is listening on the target VM's eth0 interface)

6. Under **Filter**, enter **port ##TargetPort##** to capture all traffic going to or from the port you specified when you configured the variables in the previous section.

7. Click **Save**.



NetworkCapture (Network Capture)

Name: Network Capture
Friendly name for your monitor

Core Parameters

Device: eth0
Device name for capturing on

Filter: port ##TargetPort##
PCAP Style filter

Configuring the monitors for advanced

The advanced configuration is targeting opendnp3 compiled with Debug, Address Sanitizer (ASan), and Optimization level 1. You will therefore want the following monitors:

- **Process Monitor.** This will allow Peach Fuzzer to launch opendnp3. Because opendnp3 is compiled with ASan, the Process Monitor will detect the program exited due to an error and gather the output from ASan about the nature of the crash.



Do not use the GDB Monitor for applications that are compiled with ASan. It is not compatible with ASan.

- **Network Capture monitor.** Since DNP3 is a network protocol, this monitor will allow Peach Fuzzer to capture the actual data that was sent and received as a pcap. This will help determine what may have caused a fault and could also be useful in trying to create a repro or test case that can aid in creating a fix for the application. Any configuration that is fuzzing a network protocol should typically have this monitor.

To add and configure the monitors:

1. Click **Add Monitor**. In the pop-up, scroll down and select **Process**. Click **Ok**.
2. Under **Executable**, enter `/var/targets/advanced/dnp3/outstation-demo` which is the location of opendnp3's launcher. This will allow the monitor to launch the application when fuzzing starts.
3. Do not change any of the other settings for this monitor.
4. Click **Save**.

Process (Process)

Name

Process

Friendly name for your monitor

Core Parameters

Executable

/var/targets/advanced/dnp3/outstation-demo

Executable to launch

Arguments

Optional command line arguments

When To Trigger

Restart On Each Test

false

Restart process for each iteration

Restart After Fault

false

Restart process after any fault occurs

Start On Call

Start command on state model call

Wait For Exit On Call

Wait for process to exit on state model call and fault if timeout is reached

Advanced

- Click **Add Monitor**. In the pop-up, scroll down and select **Network Capture** under the **Data Collection** section. Click **Ok**.
- Under **Device**, enter **eth0** (opendnp3 is listening on the target VM's eth0 interface)
- Under **Filter**, enter **port ##TargetPort##** to capture all traffic going to or from the port you specified when you configured the variables in the previous section.
- Click **Save**.

NetworkCapture (Network Capture)

Name: Network Capture
Friendly name for your monitor

Core Parameters

Device: eth0
Device name for capturing on

Filter: port ##TargetPort##
PCAP Style filter

Testing your configuration

You should always test your configuration to ensure that Peach Fuzzer is able to fuzz your application. This will run some control iterations to ensure that your application responds as expected to normal input.

1. Click **Test**
2. Click **Begin Test**
3. Once testing is complete, you will see the results. Correct any errors in your Variables or Monitoring if the test is not successful.
4. Once the test has passed, click **Continue**.

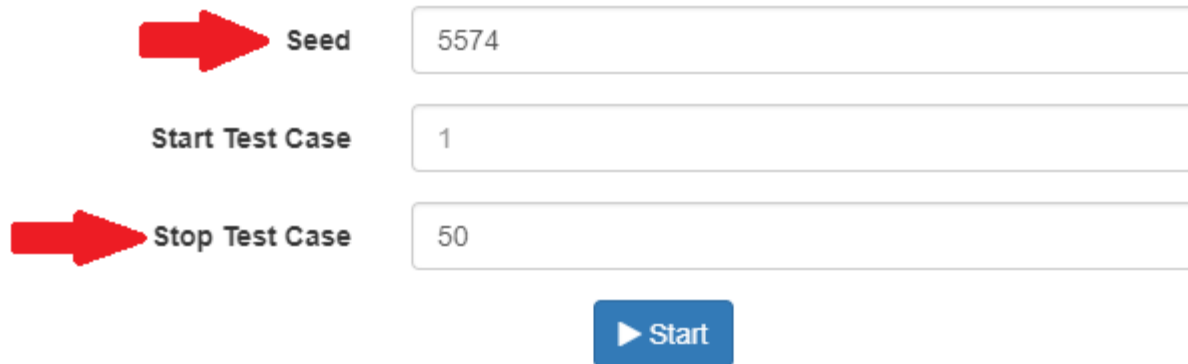
You can now fuzz the application.

Follow the steps under [Running the test](#) to start testing the application.

4.4.2. Running the test

To run the pre-configured basic test:

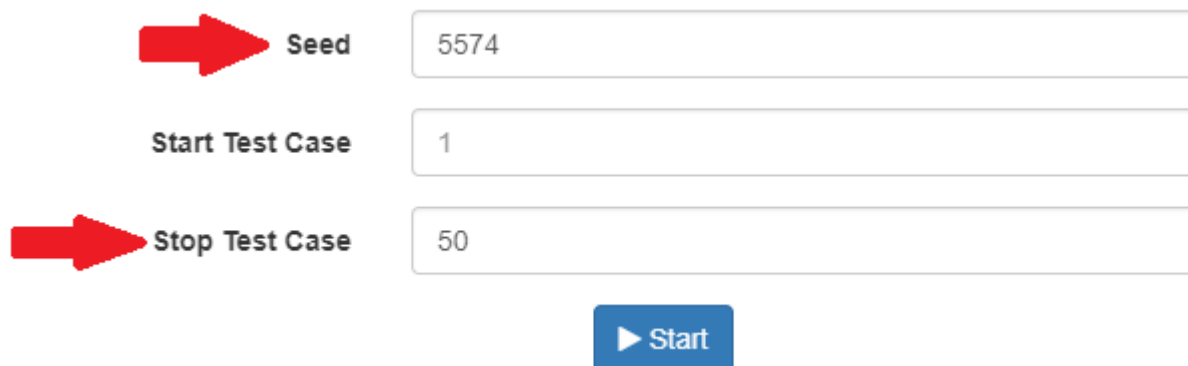
1. Click **Example-DNP3_Slave-Basic**.
2. Enter a seed value of **5574**.
3. Enter a Stop Test Case value of **50**.
4. Click **Start**.



The screenshot shows a configuration form with three input fields and a button. The first field is labeled 'Seed' with a red arrow pointing to it, containing the value '5574'. The second field is labeled 'Start Test Case' and contains the value '1'. The third field is labeled 'Stop Test Case' with a red arrow pointing to it, containing the value '50'. Below these fields is a blue button with a play icon and the text 'Start'.

To run the pre-configured advanced test:

1. Click **Example-DNP3_Slave-Advanced**.
2. Enter a seed value of 5574.
3. Enter a Stop Test Case value of 50
4. Click **Start**.



This screenshot is identical to the one above, showing the configuration form with 'Seed' set to 5574, 'Start Test Case' set to 1, 'Stop Test Case' set to 50, and the 'Start' button.

4.5. MODBUS

This configuration will test an application using MODBUS.

4.5.1. Configuring the test

These steps will create the same configuration as is in use in the MODBUS-TCP_Master configuration that is already present on the trial instance. To create the configuration:

1. Click Library and then click **MODBUS-TCP_Master**.
2. Enter a name when prompted and optionally a description, then click **Submit**.

Configuring Variables

The first thing you need to configure are the variables that control how Peach Fuzzer will test the application. Follow these steps to create a working configuration on your trial instance:

1. Click **Configure Variables**.
2. Configure your variables as appropriate for your application. The following should be used for modpoll running on the trial instance:
 - a. Listen IPv4 Address: Leave the default of **0.0.0.0** so that peach will listen on all interfaces.
 - b. Listen Port: Leave the default of **502** since modpoll will also use this port.
 - c. Under **Advanced Configuration**, leave all the defaults as they are acceptable for modpoll.
 - d. Under System Defines, do NOT change any of the values present. These values normally do not require changing.
3. Once all the settings have the desired values, click **Save**.

▼

Basic Configuration

Name	Key	Value
Listen IPv4 Address	ListenIPv4	<div>0.0.0.0</div> <div>IPv4 address that Peach uses to listen for incoming messages. The value '0.0.0.0' means Peach listens on all interfaces. The default value is '0.0.0.0'.</div>
Listen Port	ListenPort	<div>502</div> <div>Port number that Peach uses to listen for incoming messages. The default value is '502'.</div>

➤

Advanced Configuration

➤

System Defines

Configuring Agents

An Agent runs either in-process of Peach Fuzzer or can be installed and run on a remote machine. For this configuration, only a single remote agent running on the Target VM is required.

1. Click **Monitoring**.
2. Click **Add Agent**.
3. Enter a name. Set the **Location** setting to include the IP address of your target VM e.g. **tcp://192.168.17.145**
4. Click **Save**.

Monitoring

The Monitoring data entry screen defines one or more Agents and one or more Monitors for the Pit.

Agents are host processes for monitors and publishers. Local agents can reside on the same machine as Peach, and can control the test environment through monitors and publishers. Remote agents reside on the test target, and can provide remote monitors and publishers.

Saved successfully.

Save

+ Add Agent

▼ tcp://192.168.17.145 (remote)

Name

remote

Friendly name for your agent

Location

tcp://192.168.17.145

URL for the agent. Leave blank for a local agent. For remote agents use the `tcp` scheme. The default agent port is `9001`.
Example: `tcp://192.168.48.2:9001`

For more detailed instructions, see [Adding an agent](#).

Configuring the monitors for basic

The basic configuration is targeting modpoll compiled with Debug enabled. You will therefore want the following monitors:

- **Gdb Monitor.** This will allow Peach Fuzzer to launch modpoll from within GDB so that GDB attaches to modpoll. Peach Fuzzer will monitor GDB and attempt to analyze any crashes that GDB detects based on receiving signals from the application being tested.
- **Network Capture monitor.** Since MODBUS is a network protocol, this monitor will allow Peach Fuzzer to capture the actual data that was sent and received as a pcap. This will help determine what may have caused a fault and could also be useful in trying to create a repro or test case that can aid in creating a fix for the application. Any configuration that is fuzzing a network protocol should typically have this monitor.

To add and configure the monitors:

1. Click **Add Monitor**. In the pop-up, scroll down and select **Gdb**. Click **Ok**.
2. Under **Executable**, enter `/var/targets/modbus/modpoll/linux/modpoll` which is the location of modpoll's launcher. This will allow the monitor to launch the application when fuzzing starts. Do not change any of the other settings for this monitor.
3. Under **Arguments**, enter `-m tcp 10.0.1.127`.
4. Click **Save**.

▼ Gdb (Gdb)

Name

Gdb

Friendly name for your monitor

▼ Core Parameters

Executable

```
/var/targets/modbus/modpoll/linux/modpoll
```

Executable to launch

Arguments

```
-m tcp 127.0.0.1
```

Optional command line arguments

Gdb Path

```
/usr/bin/gdb
```

Path to gdb

▼ When To Trigger

Restart On Each Test

false

Restart process for each iteration

Restart After Fault

false

Restart process after any fault occurs

Start On Call

StartIterationEvent

Start command on state model call

Wait For Exit On Call

Wait for process to exit on state model call and fault if timeout is reached

➤ Advanced

5. Click **Add Monitor**. In the pop-up, scroll down and select **Network Capture** under the **Data Collection** section. Click **Ok**.
6. Under **Device**, enter **eth0** (modpoll is listening on the target VM's eth0 interface)
7. Under **Filter**, enter **port ##ListenPort##** to capture all traffic going to or from the port you specified when you configured the variables in the previous section.
8. Click **Save**.

NetworkCapture (Network Capture)

Name: Network Capture
Friendly name for your monitor

Core Parameters

Device: eth0
Device name for capturing on

Filter: port ##ListenPort##
PCAP Style filter

Testing your configuration

You should always test your configuration to ensure that Peach Fuzzer is able to fuzz your application. This will run some control iterations to ensure that your application responds as expected to normal input.

1. Click **Test**
2. Click **Begin Test**
3. Once testing is complete, you will see the results. Correct any errors in your Variables or Monitoring if the test is not successful.
4. Once the test has passed, click **Continue**.

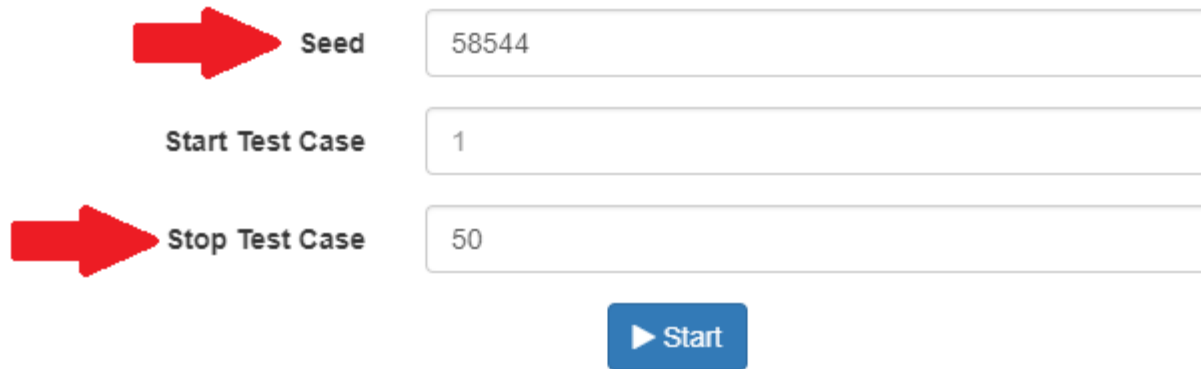
You can now fuzz the application.

Follow the steps under [Running the test](#) to start testing the application.

4.5.2. Running the test

To run the pre-configured test:

1. Click **Example-MODBUS-TCP-Master**.
2. Enter a seed value of **58544**.
3. Enter a Stop Test Case value of **50**.
4. Click **Start**.



Seed 58544

Start Test Case 1

Stop Test Case 50

▶ Start

4.6. MODBUS-Slave

This configuration will test an application using MODBUS.

4.6.1. Configuring the test

These steps will create the same configuration as is in use in the MODBUS-TCP_Slave configuration that is already present on the trial instance. To create the configuration:

1. Click Library and then click **MODBUS-TCP_Slave**.
2. Enter a name when prompted and optionally a description, then click **Submit**.

Configuring Variables

The first thing you need to configure are the variables that control how Peach Fuzzer will test the application. Follow these steps to create a working configuration on your trial instance:

1. Click **Configure Variables**.
2. Configure your variables as appropriate for your application. The following should be used for diagslave running on the trial instance:
 - a. Target IPv4 Address: Set to the IP address of the target VM e.g. **192.168.17.145** to ensure that Peach Fuzzer can connect to diagslave.
 - b. Target Port: Leave the default of **502** since diagslave will use this value by default.
 - c. Coil Address: Leave the default of **1**.
 - d. Discrete Input Address: Leave the default of **1**.
 - e. Input Register: Leave the default of **1**.
 - f. Holding Register: Leave the default of **1**.
 - g. File Number: Leave the default of **1**.
 - h. FIFO Pointer Address: Leave the default of **1**.
 - i. Under **Advanced Configuration**, leave all the defaults as they are acceptable for diagslave.

- j. Under System Defines, do NOT change any of the values present. These values normally do not require changing.

3. Once all the settings have the desired values, click **Save**.

▼ Basic Configuration

Name	Key	Value
Target IPv4 Address	TargetIPv4	<div>192.168.17.145</div> <div>IPv4 address of the target machine.</div>
Target Port	TargetPort	<div>502</div> <div>Port number the target machine uses to receive messages. The default value is '502'.</div>
Coil Address	CoilAddress	<div>1</div> <div>Address (16 bits) of a coil on the remote device. The default value is '1'.</div>
Discrete Input Address	DiscreteInputAddress	<div>1</div> <div>Address (16 bits) of a discrete input on the remote device. The default value is '1'.</div>
Input Register	InputRegister	<div>1</div> <div>Address (16 bits) of an input register on the remote device. The default value is '1'.</div>
Holding Register	HoldingRegister	<div>1</div> <div>Address (16 bits) of a holding register on the remote device. The default value is '1'.</div>
File Number	FileNumber	<div>1</div> <div>A 16-bit number identifying the file to access. Older systems may limit the file number to 10 (0x0A). The default value is '1'.</div>
FIFO Pointer Address	FIFOPointerAddress	<div>1</div> <div>Address (16 bits) of a FIFO structure on the remote device. The first entry of the FIFO is a count of the items contained therein. The default value is '1'.</div>

➤ Advanced Configuration

➤ System Defines

Configuring Agents

An Agent runs either in-process of Peach Fuzzer or can be installed and run on a remote machine. For this configuration, only a single remote agent running on the Target VM is required.

1. Click **Monitoring**.
2. Click **Add Agent**.
3. Enter a name. Set the **Location** setting to include the IP address of your target VM e.g. **tcp://192.168.17.145**

4. Click **Save**.

Monitoring

The Monitoring data entry screen defines one or more Agents and one or more Monitors for the Pit.

Agents are host processes for monitors and publishers. Local agents can reside on the same machine as Peach, and can control the test environment through monitors and publishers. Remote agents reside on the test target, and can provide remote monitors and publishers.

Saved successfully.

Save

+ Add Agent

▼ tcp://192.168.17.145 (remote)

Name

remote

Friendly name for your agent

Location

tcp://192.168.17.145

URL for the agent. Leave blank for a local agent. For remote agents use the `tcp` scheme. The default agent port is `9001`.
Example: `tcp://192.168.48.2:9001`

For more detailed instructions, see [Adding an agent](#).

Configuring the monitors for basic

The basic configuration is targeting diagslave compiled with Debug enabled. You will therefore want the following monitors:

- **Gdb Monitor.** This will allow Peach Fuzzer to launch diagslave from within GDB so that GDB attaches to diagslave. Peach Fuzzer will monitor GDB and attempt to analyze any crashes that GDB detects based on receiving signals from the application being tested.
- **Network Capture monitor.** Since MODBUS is a network protocol, this monitor will allow Peach Fuzzer to capture the actual data that was sent and received as a pcap. This will help determine what may have caused a fault and could also be useful in trying to create a repro or test case that can aid in creating a fix for the application. Any configuration that is fuzzing a network protocol should typically have this monitor.

To add and configure the monitors:

1. Click **Add Monitor**. In the pop-up, scroll down and select **Gdb**. Click **Ok**.
2. Under **Executable**, enter `/var/targets/modbus/diagslave/linux/diagslave` which is the location of diagslave's launcher. This will allow the monitor to launch the application when fuzzing starts. Do not change any of the other settings for this monitor.
3. Under **Arguments**, enter `-m tcp`.
4. Click **Save**.

Gdb (Gdb)

Name

Gdb

Friendly name for your monitor

Core Parameters

Executable

/var/targets/modbus/diagslave/linux/diagslave

Executable to launch

Arguments

-m tcp

Optional command line arguments

Gdb Path

/usr/bin/gdb

Path to gdb

When To Trigger

Restart On Each Test

false

Restart process for each iteration

Restart After Fault

false

Restart process after any fault occurs

Start On Call

Start command on state model call

Wait For Exit On Call

Wait for process to exit on state model call and fault if timeout is reached

Advanced

- Click **Add Monitor**. In the pop-up, scroll down and select **Network Capture** under the **Data Collection** section. Click **Ok**.
- Under **Device**, enter **eth0** (diagslave is listening on the target VM's eth0 interface)
- Under **Filter**, enter **port ##ListenPort##** to capture all traffic going to or from the port you specified when you configured the variables in the previous section.
- Click **Save**.

NetworkCapture (Network Capture)

Name
Friendly name for your monitor

Core Parameters

Device
Device name for capturing on

Filter
PCAP Style filter

Testing your configuration

You should always test your configuration to ensure that Peach Fuzzer is able to fuzz your application. This will run some control iterations to ensure that your application responds as expected to normal input.

1. Click **Test**
2. Click **Begin Test**
3. Once testing is complete, you will see the results. Correct any errors in your Variables or Monitoring if the test is not successful.
4. Once the test has passed, click **Continue**.

You can now fuzz the application.

Follow the steps under [Running the test](#) to start testing the application.

4.6.2. Running the test

To run the pre-configured test:

1. Click **Example-MODBUS-TCP_Slave**.
2. Enter a seed value of **25254**.
3. Enter a Stop Test Case value of **30**.
4. Click **Start**.



Seed

25254

Start Test Case

1



Stop Test Case

30

▶ Start

Appendix A: Common Tasks

This section includes more detailed instructions on how to perform the more frequent tasks in this document.

A.1. Adding an agent

An Agent runs either in-process of Peach Fuzzer or can be installed and run on a remote machine.

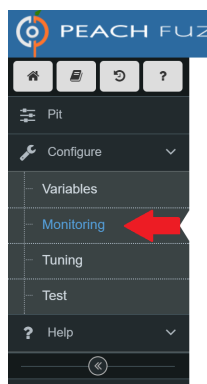


It is typically not necessary to configure multiple agents for the same machine. A single agent is capable of running multiple different monitors.

A.1.1. Add a local agent

To add a local agent, follow these steps:

1. Click Monitoring



2. Click Add Agent

Monitoring

The Monitoring data entry screen defines one or more Agents and one or more Monitors for the Pit.

Agents are host processes for monitors and publishers. Local agents can reside on the same machine as Peach, and can control the test environment through monitors and publishers. Remote agents reside on the test target, and can provide remote monitors and publishers.



3. Enter a name for the agent e.g. `Local`. Leave the default value of `local://` for the agent's location.


Monitoring

The Monitoring data entry screen defines one or more Agents and one or more Monitors for the Pit.

Agents are host processes for monitors and publishers. Local agents can reside on the same machine as Peach, and can control the test environment through monitors and publishers. Remote agents reside on the test target, and can provide remote monitors and publishers.

Save + Add Agent

▼ local:// (local)

 **Name**

Friendly name for your agent

Location

URL for the agent. Leave blank for a local agent. For remote agents use the `tcp` scheme. The default agent port is `9001`. Example: `tcp://192.168.48.2:9001`

4. Click Save

Monitoring

The Monitoring data entry screen defines one or more Agents and one or more Monitors for the Pit.

Agents are host processes for monitors and publishers. Local agents can reside on the same machine as Peach, and can control the test environment through monitors and publishers. Remote agents reside on the test target, and can provide remote monitors and publishers.

Saved successfully.

Save + Add Agent

▼ local:// (local)

Name

Friendly name for your agent

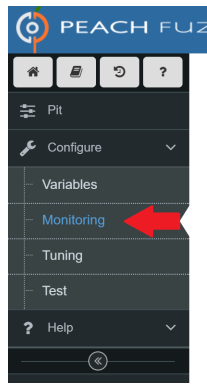
Location

URL for the agent. Leave blank for a local agent. For remote agents use the `tcp` scheme. The default agent port is `9001`. Example: `tcp://192.168.48.2:9001`

A.1.2. Add a remote agent

Assume you have peachagent running on a host with the IP address 192.168.17.145. To add a remote agent to this host, follow these steps:

1. Click Monitoring



2. Click Add Agent





Monitoring


The Monitoring data entry screen defines one or more Agents and one or more Monitors for the Pit.


Agents are host processes for monitors and publishers. Local agents can reside on the same machine as Peach, and can control the test environment through monitors and publishers. Remote agents reside on the test target, and can provide remote monitors and publishers.

  Save  + Add Agent

3. Enter a name for the agent e.g. **Remote**. Use **tcp://192.168.17.145** to indicate the agent is running on the remote host.

 tcp://192.168.17.145 (remote)   

 **Name**
Friendly name for your agent

 **Location**
URL for the agent. Leave blank for a local agent. For remote agents use the **tcp** scheme. The default agent port is **9001**.
Example: **tcp://192.168.48.2:9001**

4. Click Save

Monitoring

The Monitoring data entry screen defines one or more Agents and one or more Monitors for the Pit.

Agents are host processes for monitors and publishers. Local agents can reside on the same machine as Peach, and can control the test environment through monitors and publishers. Remote agents reside on the test target, and can provide remote monitors and publishers.

Saved successfully.



Save

+ Add Agent

▼ tcp://192.168.17.145 (remote)

Name

remote

Friendly name for your agent

Location

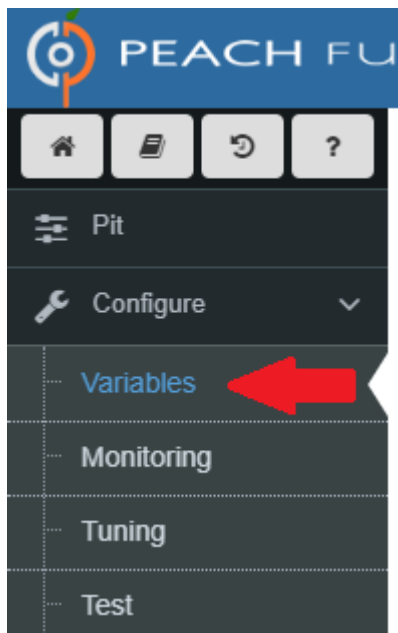
tcp://192.168.17.145

URL for the agent. Leave blank for a local agent. For remote agents use the `tcp` scheme. The default agent port is `9001`.
Example: `tcp://192.168.48.2:9001`

A.2. Using variables

Peach Fuzzer supports using variables for things such as parameters for monitors and values for other variables. All variables are surrounded by double hash marks e.g. `##`. It is generally recommended to use variables whenever possible.

Variables are defined under the **Variables** section of a configuration.



A variable is referred to by its **Key** value in this section. For example, this shows a variable called `TargetPort` that has a value of `20000`.

Basic Configuration

Name	Key	Value
Target IPv4 Address	TargetIPv4	<div>127.0.0.1</div> <div>IPv4 address of the target machine.</div>
Target Port	TargetPort	<div>20000</div> <div>Port number the target machine uses to receive messages. The default value is '20000'.</div>

Figure 1. The TargetPort variable is shown here.

This variable could be used anywhere the Target Port is needed, such as an argument passed to the command of a process monitor or a PCAP expression on a Network Capture Monitor. To use the `TargetPort` variable elsewhere in the configuration, reference it as `##TargetPort##`.

NetworkCapture (Network Capture)

Name

Network Capture

Friendly name for your monitor

Core Parameters

Device

lo

Device name for capturing on

Filter

port ##TargetPort##

PCAP Style filter

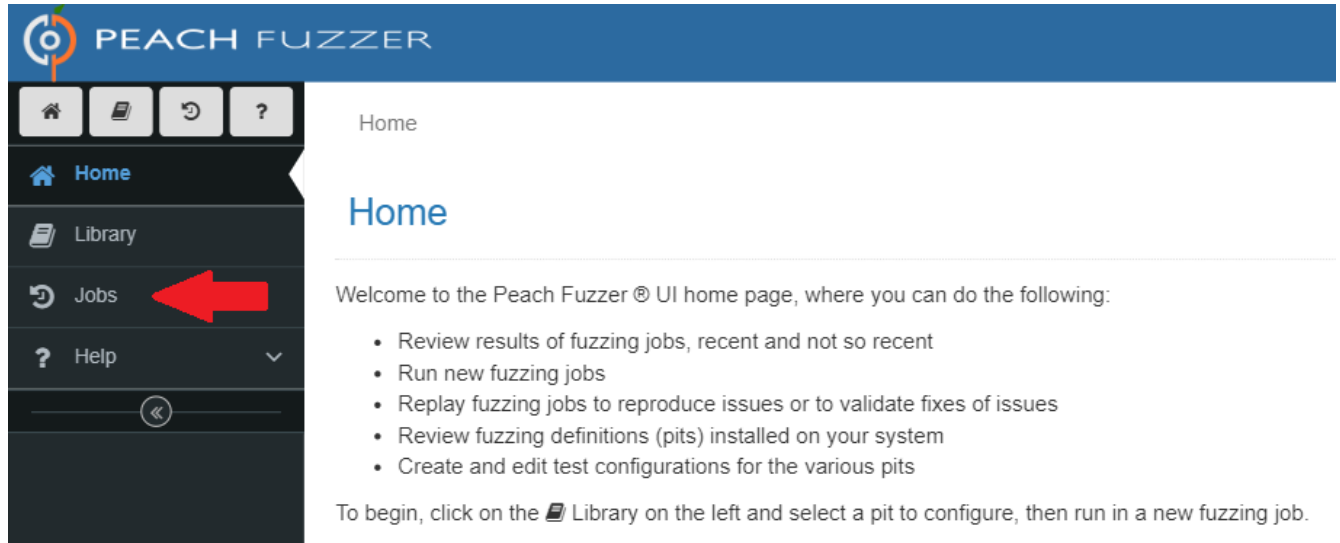
Figure 2. The TargetPort variable is used here to set a Network Capture Monitor to capture all traffic for this configuration. In this example, traffic to and from port 20000 will be captured.

If the value of a variable changes, it will automatically be applied everywhere the next time the configuration is run.

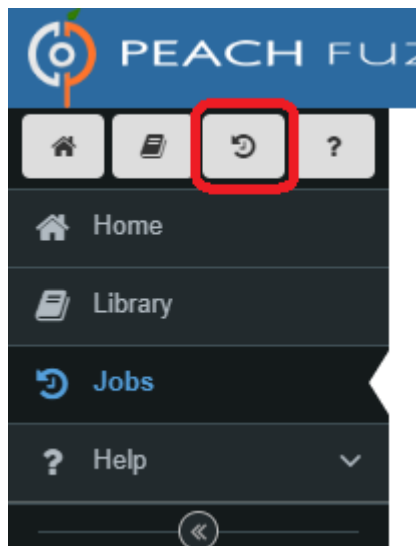
A.3. Examining faults

Each job represents a single test run using a specific configuration. A job will show information on the duration of the job, the settings used to run that job, and the faults that were found. When you [run a test](#) on a configuration, a new job is created and you will see all the relevant information for that job. If you wish to view the information on a previous job, you can select a specific job from the Jobs page.

1. First, navigate to the Jobs page by clicking on the Jobs tab



or by clicking on the Jobs icon





2. Next, select the job you wish to view.



















Library
Jobs
Help

Jobs

Here is a comprehensive list of the fuzzing jobs on this computer.

For any entry, you can perform the following actions:

- Click the  icon to view the report generated for the fuzzing session.
- Click the  icon to delete the job.

Name	Status	Start Time	Stop Time	Test Cases	Total Faults	Actions
Example-JPG-Advanced	Stopped	6/25/18 5:23 PM	6/25/18 5:23 PM	46	1	 
Example-JPG-Basic	Stopped	6/25/18 5:20 PM	6/25/18 5:21 PM	46	1	 
Example-PNG-Advanced	Stopped	6/25/18 5:19 PM	6/25/18 5:19 PM	11	1	 
Example-PNG-Basic	Stopped	6/25/18 5:19 PM	6/25/18 5:19 PM	11	1	 
Example-MODBUS-TCP Slave	Stopped	6/25/18 5:17 PM	6/25/18 5:17 PM	30	1	 
Example-MODBUS-TCP Master	Stopped	6/25/18 5:14 PM	6/25/18 5:15 PM	50	3	 
Example-SNMPv3 Server-Advanced	Stopped	6/25/18 5:11 PM	6/25/18 5:12 PM	10	5	 
Example-SNMPv3 Server-Basic	Stopped	6/25/18 5:06 PM	6/25/18 5:10 PM	10	5	 
Example-HTTP Server-Advanced	Stopped	6/25/18 5:04 PM	6/25/18 5:05 PM	30	2	 

3. The job you selected will now be displayed. Select a fault to view more information.

board
5

Example-SNMPv3 Server-Advanced

This job has completed. [Click here to view the final report.](#)

6/25/18 5:11PM Start Time	00h 01m 06s Running Time
545 Test Cases/Hour	47918 Seed
10 Test Cases Executed	5 Total Faults

Edit Configuration
Replay Job

Recent Faults

#	When	Monitor	Risk	Major Bucket	Minor Bucket	Download
9	6/25/18 5:12 PM	Process	heap use after free	1D70A0F1	AE468585	Download
8	6/25/18 5:11 PM	Process	heap-use-after-free	A6468B29	AE468585	Download
7	6/25/18 5:11 PM	Process	heap-use-after-free	98430BA7	AE468585	Download
6	6/25/18 5:11 PM	Process	heap-use-after-free	38C77DA7	AE468585	Download
3	6/25/18 5:11 PM	Process	heap-use-after-free	F204B8C6	AE468585	Download

4. The selected fault will contain detailed information about the type of fault, how it was discovered, and the information collected from the various Monitors that were running when the fault

occurred.

PEACH FUZZER

Home

Jobs

Example-SNMPv3 Server-Advanced

Faults

Test Case: 9

Dashboard

Faults5

Metrics

Help

Test Case: 9

Fault Details

Test Case9

Assets ArchiveDownload all fault assets

ReproducibleYes

Titleheap-use-after-free on address 0x6140000fe40 at pc 0x7f917b1ee935 bp 0x7ffe998a5260 sp 0x7ffe998a5260

When6/25/18 5:12 PM

SourceProcess

Riskheap-use-after-free

Major Bucket1D70A0F1

Minor BucketAE468585

Tested Fields

Field	Mutator
SNMP.MessageV3.Message.Value.msgGlobalData.Value.msgId.Value	Data
SNMP.MessageV3.Message.Value.msgData.Value.data.Choice.GetRequest-PDU.PDU.Value	Data
SNMP.MessageV3.Message.Value.msgGlobalData.Value.msgId.length	Num
SNMP.MessageV3.Message.Value.msgVersion	Data

Description

```
==3938==ERROR: AddressSanitizer: heap-use-after-free on address 0x6140000fe40 at pc 0x7f917b1ee935 bp 0x7ffe998a5260 sp 0x7ffe998a5260
READ of size 100 at 0x6140000fe40 thread T0
#0 0x7f917b1ee934 in __asan_memcpy (/usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libasan.so.2+0x8c934)
#1 0x416bea in memcpy /usr/include/x86_64-linux-gnu/bits/string3.h:53
#2 0x416bea in handle_request snmp-agent/agent-incoming.c:215

0x6140000fe40 is located 0 bytes inside of 400-byte region [0x6140000fe40,0x6140000ff40)
freed by thread T0 here:
#0 0x7f917b1fa2ca in __interceptor_free (/usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libasan.so.2+0x98602)
#1 0x416bda in handle_request snmp-agent/agent-incoming.c:214
#2 0x202315901525c92 (<unknown module>)

previously allocated by thread T0 here:
#0 0x7f917b1fa602 in malloc (/usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libasan.so.2+0x98602)
#1 0x416bcf in handle_request snmp-agent/agent-incoming.c:212
#2 0x202315901525c92 (<unknown module>)

SUMMARY: AddressSanitizer: heap-use-after-free 0x7f917b1ee935 __asan_memcpy
Shadow bytes around the buggy address:
 0x0c287fff9f70: fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa
 0x0c287fff9f80: fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa
 0x0c287fff9f90: fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa
 0x0c287fff9fa0: fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa
 0x0c287fff9fb0: fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa
->0x0c287fff9fc0: fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa[fd]fd fd fd fd fd fd fd
0x0c287fff9fd0: fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd
0x0c287fff9fe0: fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd
0x0c287fff9ff0: fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd fd
0x0c287fff9ff8: fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa
0x0c287fff9ffa: fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa
```

Fault Assets

Test Case I/O

Name	
#1 - TX - Initial.GetRequest	
#2 - RX - Initial.Report	
#3 - TX - Initial.GetRequest2	

Monitoring Assets

local

Process (Process)

Name	
description.txt	2.6
stderr.log	2.6

Other Assets

Name	
fault.json	

Original Fault Assets

40

5. You can download all the captured data by clicking **Download all fault assets**.

Test Case: 9

Fault Details	
Test Case	9
Assets Archive	Download all fault assets
Reproducible	Yes
Title	heap-use-after-free on address 0x61400000fe40 at pc 0x7f
When	6/25/18 5:12 PM
Source	Process

A.4. Downloading the final report



Each job contains a final report detailing an overview of all the findings from that job. You can access this report several different ways:







- From the Jobs page, click the **Report** icon for any job in the list to download the report for that job

Jobs

Here is a comprehensive list of the fuzzing jobs on this computer.

For any entry, you can perform the following actions:

- Click the  icon to view the report generated for the fuzzing session.
- Click the  icon to delete the job.

↕ Name	↕ Status	▼ Start Time	↕ Stop Time	↕ Test Cases	↕ Total Faults	Actions
Example-JPG-Advanced	Stopped	6/25/18 5:23 PM	6/25/18 5:23 PM	46	1	 
Example-JPG-Basic	Stopped	6/25/18 5:20 PM	6/25/18 5:21 PM	46	1	 
Example-PNG-Advanced	Stopped	6/25/18 5:19 PM	6/25/18 5:19 PM	11	1	 

- If you are already viewing a job, click the link at the top of the page

Example-SNMPv3 Server-Advanced

This job has completed.  [Click here to view the final report.](#)



6/25/18 5:11PM Start Time	00h 01m 06s Running Time
545 Test Cases/Hour	47918 Seed
10 Test Cases Executed	5 Total Faults

[Edit Configuration](#)[Replay Job](#)

Recent Faults

▼ #	↕ When	↕ Monitor	↕ Risk	↕ Major Bucket	↕ Minor Bucket	Download
9	6/25/18 5:12 PM	Process	heap-use-after-free	1D70A0F1	AE468585	Download