## 1. Launch EC2 Instance

Instance Type: t2.medium or higher (2vCPU, 4GB RAM)

AMI: Ubuntu 22.04 LTS Storage: Minimum 20GB

Security Group: Allow ports 22 (SSH), 30000-32767 (K8s NodePort range)

Connect via SSH:

ssh -i <your-key.pem> ubuntu@<ec2-public-ip> i-015a5a03ac495a9de (MIni) ⊗ ∨ Details Status and alarms Monitoring Security Networking Storage Tags ▼ Instance summary Info i-015a5a03ac495a9de ☐ 3.81.144.153 | open address [2] 172.31.46.185 IPv6 address c2-3-81-144-153.compute-1.amazonaws.com| open address Private IP DNS name (IPv4 only) IP name: ip-172-31-46-185.ec2.internal ip-172-31-46-185.ec2.internal Instance type t3.medium Elastic IP addresses wer private resource DNS name

# 2. Install Dependencies

### 2.1 Update OS packages

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-185:~$ sudo apt update && sudo apt upgrade -y
Hit:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy InRelease
Hit:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates InRelease
Hit:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-backports InRelease
Hit:4 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security InRelease
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
90 packages can be upgraded. Run 'apt list --upgradable' to see them.
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
Calculating upgrade... Done
The following NEW packages will be installed:
```

#### 2.2 Install essential packages

sudo apt install -y curl apt-transport-https ca-certificates

```
<mark>ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-185:~</mark>$ sudo apt install -y curl apt-transport-https ca-certificates
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
ca-certificates is already the newest version (20240203~22.04.1).
ca-certificates set to manually installed.
curl is already the newest version (7.81.0-1ubuntu1.20).
curl set to manually installed.
The following NEW packages will be installed:
 apt-transport-https
0 upgraded, 1 newly installed, 0 to remove and 3 not upgraded.
Need to get 1510 B of archives.
After this operation, 170 kB of additional disk space will be used.
Get:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates/universe amd64 apt-transport-https all 2.4.14 [1510 B]
```

#### 2.3 Install Docker

```
sudo apt install -y docker.io
sudo systemctl start docker
sudo systemctl enable docker
sudo usermod -aG docker $USER
newgrp docker
```

buntu@ip-172-31-46-185:~\$ sudo mv kubectl /usr/local/bin/ buntu@ip-172-31-46-185:~\$ kubectl version --client

## Verify Docker:

docker run hello-world

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-185:~$ docker run hello-world
Hello from Docker!
This message shows that your installation appears to be working correctly.
To generate this message, Docker took the following steps:
1. The Docker client contacted the Docker daemon.
2. The Docker daemon pulled the "hello-world" image from the Docker Hub.
3. The Docker daemon created a new container from that image which runs the
    executable that produces the output you are currently reading.
4. The Docker daemon streamed that output to the Docker client, which sent it
    to your terminal.
```

#### 2.4 Install kubectl

Client Version: v1.33.1 Kustomize Version: v5.6.0

```
-L
   curl
                      -T_iO
                                        "https://dl.k8s.io/release/$(curl
                                                                                                                  -s
   https://dl.k8s.io/release/stable.txt)/bin/linux/amd64/kubectl"
   chmod +x kubectl
   sudo mv kubectl /usr/local/bin/
   kubectl version -client
ıbuntu@ip-172-31-46-185:-$ curl -LO "https://dl.k8s.io/release/$(curl -L -s https://dl.k8s.io/release/stable.txt)/bin/linux/amd64/kubectl"
 % Total % Received % Xferd Average Speed
                         Average Speed Time Time
Dload Upload Total Spent
                                                   Time Current
                                                  Left Speed
                      0 1562
0 143M
100 138 100 138
                                  0 --:--:- 1568
100 57.3M 100 57.3M
                                  0 --:--:- 143M
ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-185:~$ chmod +x kubectl
```

### 2.5 Install Minikube

```
curl
https://storage.googleapis.com/minikube/releases/latest/minikube-linux-amd64
chmod +x minikube-linux-amd64
sudo mv minikube-linux-amd64 /usr/local/bin/minikube
minikube version
```

## 3. Start Minikube

## Option 1: Use Docker driver (Recommended)

```
minikube start --driver=docker
```

Option 2: Use None driver (runs Minikube directly on host)

If you want to try this, you may need to fix permissions (see Troubleshooting section).

```
sudo minikube start --driver=none
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-185:~$ minikube start --driver=docker
   minikube v1.36.0 on Ubuntu 22.04
   Using the docker driver based on user configuration
   Using Docker driver with root privileges
   Starting "minikube" primary control-plane node in "minikube" cluster
   Pulling base image v0.0.47 ...
  Downloading Kubernetes v1.33.1 preload ...
   > preloaded-images-k8s-v18-v1...: 347.04 MiB / 347.04 MiB 100.00% 298.52
> gcr.io/k8s-minikube/kicbase...: 502.26 MiB / 502.26 MiB 100.00% 93.97 M
   Creating docker container (CPUs=2, Memory=2200MB) ...
Preparing Kubernetes v1.33.1 on Docker 28.1.1 ...
   ■ Generating certificates and keys ...
   ■ Booting up control plane ...
   ■ Configuring RBAC rules ...
{\mathscr D} Configuring bridge CNI (Container Networking Interface) \dots
Verifying Kubernetes components...
   ■ Using image gcr.io/k8s-minikube/storage-provisioner:v5
   Enabled addons: storage-provisioner, default-storageclass
   Done! kubectl is now configured to use "minikube" cluster and "default" namespace by default
```

## 4. Explore Kubernetes Namespaces

#### 4.1 Create a Namespace

kubectl create namespace dev-team

## 4.2 List Namespaces

kubectl get namespaces

#### 4.3 Run a Pod in the Namespace

```
kubectl run nginx --image=nginx --restart=Never -n dev-team
kubectl get pods -n dev-team
```

### 4.4 Delete Namespace

```
kubectl delete namespace dev-team
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-185:~$ kubectl create namespace dev-team
namespace/dev-team created
ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-185:~$ kubectl get namespaces
NAME
                STATUS AGE
default
               Active 52s
               Active 10s
dev-team
kube-node-lease Active 52s
kube-public
               Active 52s
kube-system
               Active 52s
ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-185:~$ kubectl run nginx --image=nginx --restart=Never -n dev-team
pod/nginx created
ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-185:~$ kubectl get pods -n dev-team
       READY
             STATUS
                        RESTARTS
                                   AGE
nginx 1/1
                                   6s
               Running
                       0
ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-185:~$ kubectl delete namespace dev-team
namespace "dev-team" deleted
```

# 5. Troubleshooting Common Issues

# 5.1 Permission denied on /tmp/juju-\* when starting Minikube with none driver

```
sudo sysctl fs.protected_regular=0
sudo minikube delete
sudo rm -rf /tmp/juju-*
sudo minikube start --driver=none
```

### 5.2 Docker permissions issues

### Check if your user is in the docker group:

groups

#### If docker is missing:

```
sudo usermod -aG docker $USER
newgrp docker
```

# 6. Useful Commands

# Get cluster info:

kubectl cluster-info

List nodes:

kubectl get nodes

Check Minikube status:

minikube status

Delete Minikube cluster:

minikube delete

# 7. References

- Minikube official docs: https://minikube.sigs.k8s.io/docs/
- Kubernetes namespaces: https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/overview/working-with-objects/namespaces/
- Kubectl installation: https://kubernetes.io/docs/tasks/tools/install-kubectl/
- Docker installation on Ubuntu: https://docs.docker.com/engine/install/ubuntu/