Started on Friday, 16 May 2025, 8:43 AM

State Finished

Completed on Friday, 16 May 2025, 9:45 AM

Time taken 1 hour 1 min

Grade 80.00 out of 100.00

Question 1

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Create a python program to find the longest palindromic substring using optimal algorithm Expand around center.

#### For example:

Test	Input	Result
<pre>findLongestPalindromicSubstring(s)</pre>	samsunggnusgnusam	sunggnus

#### Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

#### Reset answer

```
1 ,
    def expand(s, low, high):
 2
        length = len(s)
 3
 4
        while low >= 0 and high < length and s[low] == s[high]:
 5
            low = low - 1
 6
            high = high + 1
 7
 8
        return s[low + 1:high]
9
10
    def findLongestPalindromicSubstring(s):
11
12
        if not s or not len(s):
    return ''
13
14
15
        longest_palindrome = ""
16
17
18
        # Iterate through the string
        for i in range(len(s)):
19
20
            odd_palindrome = expand(s, i, i)
            even_palindrome = expand(s, i, i + 1)
21
22
```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
✓ findLongestPalindromicSubstring(s)		samsunggnusgnusam	sunggnus	sunggnus	~
<b>~</b>	findLongestPalindromicSubstring(s)	welcomeindiaaidni	indiaaidni	indiaaidni	<b>~</b>

### Passed all tests! 🗸

Question **2**Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Create a python program to find the length of longest common subsequence using naive recursive method

#### For example:

Input	Result
AGGTAB GXTXAYB	Length of LCS is 4

## Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 v def lcs(X, Y, m, n):
        if m == 0 or n == 0:
 2 ,
 3
            return 0
        elif X[m - 1] == Y[n - 1]:
return 1 + lcs(X, Y, m - 1, n - 1)
 4
 5
 6 ,
 7
             return max(lcs(X, Y, m, n - 1), lcs(X, Y, m - 1, n))
8
    X = input()
9
10
    Y = input()
11
12
    result = lcs(X, Y, len(X), len(Y))
13
14
    print("Length of LCS is ", result)
15
```

		Input	Expected	Got	
	~	AGGTAB GXTXAYB	Length of LCS is 4	Length of LCS is 4	~
	~	saveetha engineering	Length of LCS is 2	Length of LCS is 2	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Question **3**Correct
Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Create a python program to compute the edit distance between two given strings using iterative method.

#### For example:

Input	Result	
kitten sitting	3	

## Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 v def LD(s, t):
        if len(s)==0:
 2
 3
            return len(t)
 4
        if len(t)==0:
 5
            return len(s)
        if s[-1]==t[-1]:
 6
 7
            return LD(s[:-1],t[:-1])
 8
        else:
            insert=LD(s,t[:-1])
 9
10
            delete=LD(s[:-1],t)
            replace=LD(s[:-1],t[:-1])
11
12
            return 1+min(insert,delete,replace)
13
14
15
    str1=input()
16
    str2=input()
17
    print(LD(str1,str2))
18
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	kitten sitting	3	3	<b>~</b>
~	medium median	2	2	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

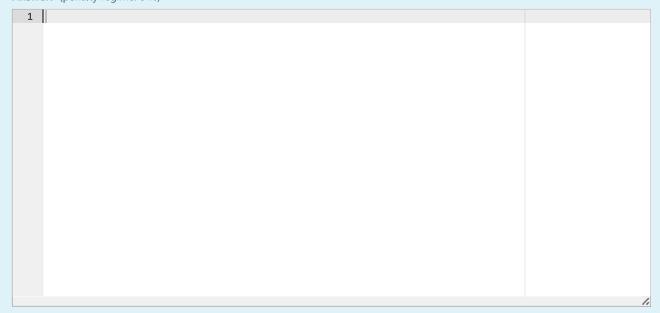
Correct



# Write a Python Program Using a recursive function to calculate the sum of a sequence For example:

Input	Result
20	210
36	666
45	1035

# **Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)



Question **5** 

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Create a Python program to find longest common substring or subword (LCW) of two strings using dynamic programming with bottom-up approach.

A string r is a substring or subword of a string s if r is contained within s. A string r is a common substring of s and t if r is a substring of both s and t. A string r is a longest common substring or subword (LCW) of s and t if there is no string that is longer than r and is a common substring of s and t. The problem is to find an LCW of two given strings.

#### For example:

Test	Input	Result
lcw(u, v)	bisect trisect	Longest Common Subword: isect

## Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
Reset answer
```

```
1 def lcw(u, v):
        m = len(u)
        n = len(v)
 3
 4
        dp = [[0] * (n + 1) for _ in range(m + 1)]
 5
 6
        max_len = 0
        end_index_u = 0
 7
 8
        # Fill the table
 9
10
        for i in range(1, m + 1):
            for j in range(1, n + 1):
11
12
                if u[i - 1] == v[j - 1]:
                    dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j - 1] + 1
13
14
                    if dp[i][j] > max_len:
                        max\_len = dp[i][j]
15
16
                        end_index_u = i - max_len
17
                else:
18
                    dp[i][j] = 0
        return max_len, end_index_u, 0
19
20
21
   u = input()
22
```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
<b>~</b>	lcw(u, v)	bisect trisect	Longest Common Subword: isect	Longest Common Subword: isect	~
<b>~</b>	lcw(u, v)	director conductor	Longest Common Subword: ctor	Longest Common Subword: ctor	~

Passed all tests! 🗸