Week 14

Question 1:

You are transporting some boxes through a tunnel, where each box is a parallelepiped, and is characterized by its length, width and height.

The height of the tunnel 41 feet and the width can be assumed to be infinite. A box can be carried through the tunnel only if its height is strictly less than the tunnel's height. Find the volume of each box that can be successfully transported to the other end of the tunnel.

Note: Boxes cannot be rotated.

Input Format

The first line contains a single integer n, denoting the number of boxes.

n lines follow with three integers on each separated by single spaces - lengthi, widthi and height i which are length, width and height in feet of the i-th box.

Constraints

 $1 \le n \le 100$

1 ≤ lengthi, widthi, heighti ≤ 100

Output Format

For every box from the input which has a height lesser than 41 feet, print its volume in a separate line.

Sample Input

4

555

1240

10541

7242

Sample Output

125

80

Explanation

The first box is really low, only 5 feet tall, so it can pass through the tunnel and its volume is $5 \times 5 \times 5 = 125$.

The second box is sufficiently low, its volume is $1 \times 2 \times 4 = 80$.

The third box is exactly 41 feet tall, so it cannot pass. The same can be said about the fourth box.

Attempt 1 Status Finished Started Monday, 13 January 2025, 5:21 PM Completed Monday, 13 January 2025, 6:51 PM Duration 1 hour 30 mins

Program:

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Week-14-Structures and Unions: Attempt review | REC-CIS
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rajalakshmicolleges.org/moodle/mod/quiz/review.php?attempt=151501&

```
#include<stdio.h>
 1
 2 v
    struct box{
 3
         int l,w,h;
 4
    };
 5 v
    int main(){
 6
         int n;
         scanf("%d",&n);
 7
 8
         struct box arr[n];
 9 *
         for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
10
             scanf("%d %d %d",&arr[i].l,&arr[i].w,&arr[i].h);
11
         for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
12 v
13 v
             if(arr[i].h<41){
14
                  printf("%d\n",arr[i].l*arr[i].w*arr[i].h);
15
16
17
         return 0;
18
   |}
```

Output:

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	4 5 5 5 1 2 40 10 5 41 7 2 42	125 80	125 80	~
Passe	d all tests!	~		

Question 2:

You are given n triangles, specifically, their sides ai, bi and ci. Print them in the same style

but sorted by their areas from the smallest one to the largest one. It is guaranteed that all the areas are different.

The best way to calculate a volume of the triangle with sides a, b and c is Heron's formula:

$$S = p * (p - a) * (p - b) * (p - c)$$
 where $p = (a + b + c) / 2$.

Input Format

First line of each test file contains single integer n. n lines follow with ai, bi and ci on each separated by single spaces.

Constraints

 $1 \le n \le 100$

1 ≤ ai, bi, ci ≤ 70

ai + bi > ci, ai + ci > bi and bi + ci > ai

Output Format

Print exactly n lines. On each line print 3 integers separated by single spaces, which are ai, bi and ci of the corresponding triangle.

Sample Input

3

72425

51213

345

Sample Output

345

51213

72425

Explanation

The square of the first triangle is 84. The square of the second triangle is 30. The square of the third triangle is 6. So, the sorted order is the reverse one.

Attempt 1 Status Finished Started Monday, 13 January 2025, 5:21 PM Completed Monday, 13 January 2025, 6:51 PM Duration 1 hour 30 mins

Program:

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Week-14-Structures and Unions: Attempt review | REC-CIS

t Secure rajalakshmicolleges.org/moodle/mod/quiz/review.php?attempt=151501&cmid=405
```

```
|#include<stdio.h>
 2 - struct sides{
 3
         int a,b,c;
 4
   |};
 5 | int vol(int a,int b,int c){
         return a*b*c;
 6
    3;
 7
 8 v int main(){
 9
         int n;
10
         scanf("%d",&n);
11
         struct sides s[n];
12 +
         for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
             scanf("%d %d %d",&s[i].a,&s[i].b,&s[i].c);
13
14
15 +
         for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
16 +
             for(int j=0;j<n;j++){</pre>
17 -
                  if(i!=j){
18 +
                      if(vol(s[i].a,s[i].b,s[i].c)<vol(s[j].a,s[j].b,s[j].c)){
19
                           struct sides temp =s[j];
20
                           s[j]=s[i];
21
                           s[i]=temp;
22
23
                  }
             }
24
25
26 +
         for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
             printf("%d %d %d\n",s[i].a,s[i].b,s[i].c);
27
28
20
```

Output:

	Input	Expected	Got			
~			3 4 5 5 12 13 7 24 25	~		
Passed all tests! 🗸						