

# TESTYANTRA

SOFTWARE SOLUTIONS (INDIA) PVT. LTD.

# Spring Boot

**EXPERIENTIAL**  
**learning factory**

- **It is an open source Java-based framework**
- **It is used to create a micro Service**
- **We can develop stand-alone application as well as enterprise application**

- **Easy to understand and develop spring applications**
- **Increases productivity**
- **Reduces the development time**
- **Avoids complex XML configuration in Spring**
- **Easy way to develop Spring application**

- **Spring Boot automatically configures application based on the dependencies**
- **@EnableAutoConfiguration** annotation is used to activate auto configuration
- **Spring Boot automatically scans all the components included in the project by using @ComponentScan annotation**
- **If @SpringBootApplication annotation is used then neither @EnableAutoConfiguration nor @ComponentScan and @SpringBootConfiguration have to use in the application**
- **@SpringBootApplication will do both the task**

- **Spring boot provide in memory database for auto configuration**
- **To use is we have to add the h2 dependency and enable h2 by adding `spring.h2.console.enabled=true` to the `application.properties`**
- **Now all the data will store in the in memory database**

- **Dependency handling is a difficult task**
- **Developer have to check all the dependency supports each other**
- **Spring Boot resolves this issue by spring boot starter pack**
- **All the Spring Boot starters follows the pattern `spring-boot-starter-*`**
- **Few starter dependencies are**
  - Spring Boot Starter Actuator**
  - Spring Boot Starter Test**
  - Spring Boot Starter web**
  - Spring Boot Starter Thyme Leaf**

- **com**

- testyantra

- project

- Application.java*

- pkg1

- JavaFiles*

- pkg2

- JavaFiles*

- **This should be the package structure**
- **Application.java should have the main method**
- **Rest of the package will have the code for the application**

- **Runners helps you run any code immediately after the spring boot application started**
- **Types of Runners**
  - ApplicationRunner
  - CommandLineRunner
- **We have to implement any one of the Interfaces and override run method**



- **Add boot-starter web dependency**
- **Create a class and add `@RestController` for Rest Controller class**
- **Create mapping methods and add `@RequestMapping` for URI mapping or `@PostMapping`, `@GetMapping`, `@PutMapping`, `@DeleteMapping` for respective HTTP methods**
- **Add method = `RequestMethod.{HTTP Method}` attribute to the `RequestMapping` annotation**
- **`ResponseEntity` object used to give back the response**

- **Interceptor is used to execute some code before**

Sending request to the controller

Sending response to the client

- **To create interceptor add @Component annotation to the class and implement HandlerInterceptor interface**

- **There are 3 methods**

preHandle() – This method is used to execute code before sending the request to the controller

postHandle() – This method is used to execute code before sending the response to the client

afterCompletion() – This method is used to execute code after completing the request and response

- **We can override auto-configuration**
- **To do that we just have to add configuration properties for our DB into the application.properties file**
- **We can override auto-configuration using java classes**
- **Create a @Configuration class with @Bean method which returns DataSource**
- **We will have more control on Java based configuration than properties configuration**
- **We can have conditions to create bean objects using *@ConditionalOnClass, @ConditionalOnMissingClass, @ConditionalOnBean, @ConditionalOnMissingBean etc annotations***

```
1  @Bean
2  public DataSource dataSource(){
3      DriverManagerDataSource dataSource = new DriverManagerDataSource();
4      dataSource.setDriverClassName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
5      dataSource.setUrl("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/spring_jpa");
6      dataSource.setUsername( "tutorialuser" );
7      dataSource.setPassword( "tutorialmy5ql" );
8      return dataSource;
9  }
```

```
1  spring.datasource.driver-class-name=com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver
2  spring.datasource.username=mysqluser
3  spring.datasource.password=mysqlpass
4  spring.datasource.url=
5  jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/myDb?createDatabaseIfNotExist=true
```

- **In spring boot JPA there is an interface called CrudRepository which can provide all the crud operation using hibernate**
- **There is another interface called JpaRepository which internally extends CrudRepository which helps us to write JPQL using @Query annotation**

- **Spring Boot Actuator provides secured endpoints for monitoring and managing your Spring Boot application**
- **By default all the endpoints in actuator is secured**
- **To enable the actuator there only one step**  
Add dependency to the pom.xml
- **To enable all endpoints add `management.endpoints.web.exposure.include=*` in the `application.properties`**

- **@ControllerAdvice annotation is used to handle exceptions in Spring Boot**
- **At the class level @ControllerAdvice annotation is used**
- **At the method level @ExceptionHandler annotation is used**
- **We can have multiple exception handler with different exception to accept**

## Thank You !!!



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