







HTML CSS







# NumPy Data Types

< Previous</p>

Next >

## Data Types in Python

By default Python have these data types:

- strings used to represent text data, the text is given under quote marks.
  e.g. "ABCD"
- integer used to represent integer numbers. e.g. -1, -2, -3
- float used to represent real numbers. e.g. 1.2, 42.42
- boolean used to represent True or False.
- complex used to represent complex numbers. e.g. 1.0 + 2.0j, 1.5 + 2.5j

# Data Types in NumPy

NumPy has some extra data types, and refer to data types with one character, like i for integers, u for unsigned integers etc.

Below is a list of all data types in NumPy and the characters used to represent them.

- i integer
- b boolean
- u unsigned integer
- f float
- c complex float
- m timedelta
- M datetime

- 0 object
- S string
- U unicode string
- V fixed chunk of memory for other type (void)

## Checking the Data Type of an Array

The NumPy array object has a property called <a href="dtype">dtype</a> that returns the data type of the array:

#### Example

Get the data type of an array object:

```
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4])
print(arr.dtype)
```

Try it Yourself »

### Example

Get the data type of an array containing strings:

```
import numpy as np
arr = np.array(['apple', 'banana', 'cherry'])
print(arr.dtype)
```

Try it Yourself »

## Creating Arrays With a Defined Data Type

We use the <code>array()</code> function to create arrays, this function can take an optional argument: <code>dtype</code> that allows us to define the expected data type of the array elements:

#### Example

Create an array with data type string:

```
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4], dtype='S')
print(arr)
print(arr.dtype)
```

Try it Yourself »

For i, u, f, S and U we can define size as well.

### Example

Create an array with data type 4 bytes integer:

```
import numpy as np
```

```
arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4], dtype='i4')
print(arr)
print(arr.dtype)

Try it Yourself »
```

### What if a Value Can Not Be Converted?

If a type is given in which elements can't be casted then NumPy will raise a ValueError.

**ValueError:** In Python ValueError is raised when the type of passed argument to a function is unexpected/incorrect.

### Example

A non integer string like 'a' can not be converted to integer (will raise an error):

```
import numpy as np
arr = np.array(['a', '2', '3'], dtype='i')
```

Try it Yourself »

## Converting Data Type on Existing Arrays

The best way to change the data type of an existing array, is to make a copy of the array with the astype() method.

The astype() function creates a copy of the array, and allows you to specify the data type as a parameter.

The data type can be specified using a string, like 'f' for float, 'i' for integer etc. or you can use the data type directly like float for float and int for integer.

### Example

Change data type from float to integer by using 'i' as parameter value:

```
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([1.1, 2.1, 3.1])
newarr = arr.astype('i')
print(newarr)
print(newarr.dtype)

Try it Yourself »
```

### Example

Change data type from float to integer by using int as parameter value:

```
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([1.1, 2.1, 3.1])
newarr = arr.astype(int)
print(newarr)
print(newarr.dtype)
```

### Example

Try it Yourself »

Change data type from integer to boolean:

```
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([1, 0, 3])
newarr = arr.astype(bool)
```

```
print(newarr)
print(newarr.dtype)
```

Try it Yourself »

### Test Yourself With Exercises

## **Exercise:**

NumPy uses a character to represent each of the following data types, which one?

- i = integer
  - = boolean
  - = unsigned integer
  - = float
  - = complex float
  - = timedelta
  - = datetime
  - = object
  - = string

**Submit Answer** »

Start the Exercise

< Previous</p>

Next >





#### NEW

We just launched W3Schools videos



#### **Explore** now

#### **COLOR PICKER**











**Get certified** by completing a Python course today!



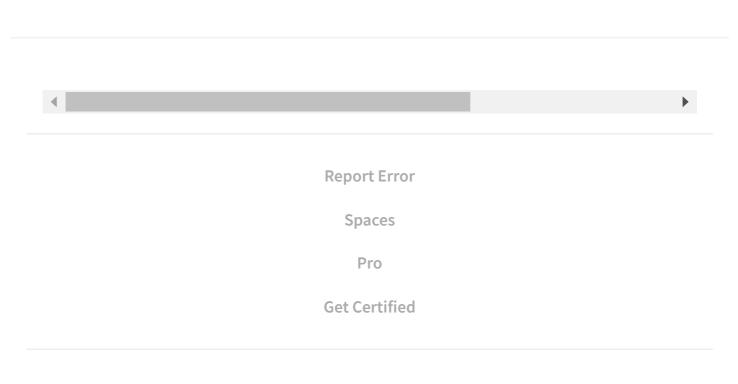
#### **Get started**

#### CODE GAME



Play Game

ADVERTISEMENT



HTML Tutorial
CSS Tutorial
JavaScript Tutorial
How To Tutorial
SQL Tutorial
Python Tutorial
W3.CSS Tutorial
Bootstrap Tutorial
PHP Tutorial
Java Tutorial
C++ Tutorial
jQuery Tutorial

#### **Top References**

HTML Reference
CSS Reference
JavaScript Reference
SQL Reference
Python Reference
W3.CSS Reference
Bootstrap Reference
PHP Reference
HTML Colors
Java Reference
Angular Reference
jQuery Reference

#### **Top Examples**

HTML Examples
CSS Examples
JavaScript Examples
How To Examples
SQL Examples
Python Examples
W3.CSS Examples
Bootstrap Examples
PHP Examples
Java Examples
XML Examples
jQuery Examples

#### **Get Certified**

HTML Certificate
CSS Certificate
JavaScript Certificate
Front End Certificate
SQL Certificate
Python Certificate
PHP Certificate
jQuery Certificate
Java Certificate
C++ Certificate
C# Certificate
XML Certificate

W3Schools is optimized for learning and training. Examples might be simplified to improve reading and learning. Tutorials, references, and examples are constantly reviewed to avoid errors, but we cannot warrant full correctness of all content. While using W3Schools, you agree to have read and accepted our terms of use, cookie and privacy policy.

Copyright 1999-2022 by Refsnes Data. All Rights Reserved. W3Schools is Powered by W3.CSS.

