

15MAT213- PROBABILITY & RANDOM PROCESSES

ANSWER KEY

FIRST ASSESSMENT-DEC 2019

- 1)  $E_i$  - person passing the  $i^{th}$  test  
 $E$  - event that he is selected.

$$\begin{aligned} P(E) &= P(E_1)P(E_2|E_1) + P(E_1) \cdot P(\bar{E}_2|E_1)P(E_3|\bar{E}_2) + P(\bar{E}_1)P(E_2|\bar{E}_1)P(E_3|E_2) \\ &= p \cdot p + p(1-p)p/2 + (1-p)p/2 \cdot p \\ &= 2p^2 - p^3 \end{aligned}$$

(iv)  $F(x) = 1 - e^{-20(x-12.5)}$   $x \geq 12.5$

4) M.G.F of Binomial dist'n

$$\begin{aligned} M_X(t) &= \sum_{x=0}^n e^{tx} \binom{n}{x} p^x q^{n-x} \\ &= (q + pe^t)^n \end{aligned}$$

Mean  $= E(X) = M'_X(0) = np$

$E(X^2) = M''_X(0) = np + n^2 p^2 - np^2$

Var  $= E(X^2) - [E(X)]^2 = npq$

2)  $\sum_{k=0}^5 p(X=k) = 1$

(i)  $\sum_{k=0}^5 \frac{(k+1)}{2^k} a = 1 \Rightarrow a = \frac{4}{15} = 0.267$

(ii)  $P(X \leq 3) = p(0) + p(1) + p(2) + p(3) = \frac{13}{15} = 0.867$

5) A - Test indicates corrosion

$P(A|E_1) = 0.7$  ;  $P(A|E_2) = 0.2$   
 $P(E_1) = 0.1$  ;  $P(E_2) = 0.9$

(a)  $P(A) = 0.25$

(b)  $P(E_1|A) = \frac{P(E_1) \cdot P(A|E_1)}{\leq P(E_i) \cdot P(A|E_i)} = \frac{0.07}{0.25} = 0.28$

3) (i)  $P(X \geq 12.6) = \int_{12.6}^{\infty} 20e^{-20(x-12.5)} dx = 0.135$

(ii)  $P(X \leq 12.6) = 1 - P(X > 12.6) = 0.865$

6) let  $X$  denote no. of companies to which the engineer is called.

$$p = 0.1, n = 4, q = 0.9$$

$$p(x) = {}^4C_x (0.1)^x (0.9)^{4-x}, x = 0, 1, \dots, 4 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$(i) P(X=4) = (0.1)^4 = 0.0001 \quad \text{--- 1}$$

$$(ii) P(X \geq 3) = P(3) + P(4) \\ = 0.0037 \quad \text{--- 2}$$

$$(iii) P(X=4 | X \geq 1) = \frac{P(X=4)}{P(X \geq 1)} \\ = 0.0003 \quad \text{--- 2}$$

$$(iv) \text{mean} = np = 0.4$$

$$\text{var} = npq = 0.36 \quad \text{--- 2}$$

$$e^{-\lambda} < 0.05$$

$$\lambda \geq 3$$

$$np \geq 3$$

$$n \geq 300 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

One should buy atleast 300 tickets to have 95% confident of having a winning ticket.

7) Let  $X$  denote the no. of winning tickets.

$$n = 100; p = \frac{100}{10,000} = 0.01 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$\lambda = np = 1$$

$$p(x) = \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^x}{x!} = \frac{e^{-1} (1)^x}{x!} = \frac{e^{-1}}{x!} \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$(i) P(X \geq 1) = 1 - P(X < 1)$$

$$= 1 - P(0) = 1 - e^{-1}$$

$$= 0.632 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$(ii) P(X \geq 1) \geq 0.95$$

$$1 - e^{-\lambda} \geq 0.95$$