

1. WACP to print Hello World

Code:

```
using System;
/**********************************
* Author: Surya Teja
* Purpose: Hello World OOPS
namespace HelloWorldOOPS
   class HelloWorld
      /// <summary>
      /// Print Hello World
      /// </summary>
      public void PrintHelloWorld()
         Console.WriteLine("Hello World");
   internal class Program
      static void Main(string[] args)
         HelloWorld hw = new HelloWorld();
         hw.PrintHelloWorld();
         Console.ReadLine();
      }
   }
}
```

Output:

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2. WACP to read a number from user and print factorial of it.

```
Code:
using System;
* Author: Surya Teja
* Purpose: Factorial OOPS
namespace FactorialOOPS
   public class Factorial
      public int input;
      /// <summary>
      /// Read data from user
      /// </summary>
      public void ReadNumber()
          Console.Write("Enter Number: ");
          input = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
      }
      /// <summary>
      /// Factorial logic
      /// </summary>
      /// <returns>Factorial value</returns>
      public int GetFact()
          int fact = 1;
          for (int i = 2; i <= input; i++)</pre>
             fact = fact * i;
         return fact;
      }
   internal class Program
      static void Main(string[] args)
          Factorial f = new Factorial();
          f.ReadNumber();
          Console.WriteLine($"Factorial of {f.input} is {f.GetFact()}");
         Console.ReadLine();
      }
   }
}
```

Output:

```
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Enter Number: 5
Factorial of 5 is 120
```

3. For the console application created in 2nd task, add screen shot of the .exe file location

Screenshot:

Code:



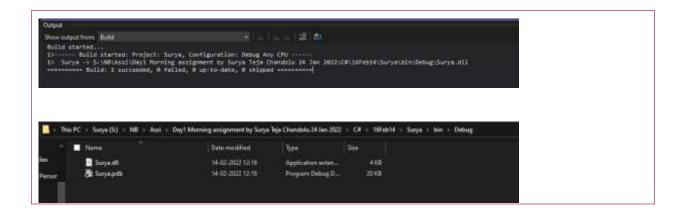
4. Create a Class Library Project

```
namespace Surya
   public class Mathematics
       public int input;
       /// <summary>
       /// Read data from user
       /// </summary>
       public void ReadNumber()
          Console.Write("Enter Number: ");
          input = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
       }
       /// <summary>
       /// Factorial logic
       /// </summary>
       /// <returns>Factorial value</returns>
       public int GetFact()
          int fact = 1;
          for (int i = 2; i <= input; i++)</pre>
              fact = fact * i;
          return fact;
       }
```

Output:

}

}



5. Create a class library with three classes

Code:

```
Chemistry:
using System;
* Author: Surya Teja
* Purpose: Physics Library
namespace Surya
{
  public class Chemistry
     public string water;
     public string acid;
     /// <summary>
     /// Read User Input
     /// </summary>
     public void ReadData()
        Console.Write("Enter Water formula: ");
        water = Console.ReadLine();
        Console.Write("Enter Acid formula: ");
        acid = Console.ReadLine();
     /// <summary>
     /// Print Output
     /// </summary>
     public void Output()
        Console.WriteLine($"Water formula is {water}");
        Console.WriteLine($"Acid formula is {acid}");
     }
  }
}
<u>Mathematics:</u>
using System;
* Author: Surya Teja
* Purpose: Mathematics Library
namespace Surya
  public class Mathematics
     public int input;
```

```
/// <summary>
       /// Read data from user
       /// </summary>
       public void ReadNumber()
          Console.Write("Enter Number: ");
          input = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
       }
       /// <summary>
       /// Factorial logic
       /// </summary>
       /// <returns>Factorial value</returns>
       public int GetFact()
          int fact = 1;
          for (int i = 2; i <= input; i++)</pre>
             fact = fact * i;
          return fact;
      }
   }
}
Physics:
using System;
* Author: Surya Teja
* Purpose: Physics Library
namespace Surya
   public class Physics
       public int d;
       public int t;
       /// <summary>
       /// User Input
       /// </summary>
       public void ReadData()
          Console.Write("Enter Distance: ");
          d = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
          Console.Write("Enter Time: ");
          t = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
       }
       /// <summary>
       /// Caliculate Speed
       /// </summary>
       /// <returns>Return Speed Value</returns>
       public int Speed()
```

```
int s = 0;
            try
            {
                s = d / t;
            catch (DivideByZeroException)
                Console.WriteLine("Time cannot be zero");
            return s;
        }
   }
}
Main:
using System;
using Surya;
namespace Subject
    internal class Program
        static void Main(string[] args)
            Chemistry c = new Chemistry();
            Mathematics m = new Mathematics();
            Physics p = new Physics();
            Console.WriteLine("\n****Chemistry****\n");
            c.ReadData();
            c.Output();
            Console.WriteLine("\n****Mathematics****\n");
            m.ReadNumber();
            Console.WriteLine($"Factorial of {m.input} is {m.GetFact()}");
            Console.WriteLine("\n****Physics****\n");
            p.ReadData();
            Console.WriteLine($"Speed is { p.Speed()}");
            Console.ReadLine();
        }
   }
Output:
```

```
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*****Chemistry****

Enter Water formula: H20
Enter Acid formula: HCL
Water formula is H20
Acid formula is HCL

*****Mathematics*****

Enter Number: 5
Factorial of 5 is 120

*****Physics****

Enter Distance: 10
Enter Time: 2

Speed is 5
```

6. WACP to print multable table of a number

```
Code:
using System;
/************************************
* Author: Surya Teja
* Purpose: Table
namespace TableOOPS
   class Table
      int input;
      /// <summary>
      /// Read User Input
      /// </summary>
      public void ReadData()
          Console.Write("Enter Number: ");
          input = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
      }
      /// <summary>
      /// Print Table
      /// </summary>
      public void PrintTable()
          for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
             Console.WriteLine($"{input} * {i} = {input * i}");
      }
   }
   internal class Program
      static void Main(string[] args)
          Table t = new Table();
          t.ReadData();
          t.PrintTable();
          Console.ReadLine();
      }
   }
```

Output:

```
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Enter Number: 5

5 * 1 = 5

5 * 2 = 10

5 * 3 = 15

I5 * 4 = 20

5 * 5 = 25

5 * 6 = 30

5 * 7 = 35

5 * 8 = 40

5 * 9 = 45

5 * 10 = 50
```

7. WACP to check if the given is number is Palindrome or not

```
Code:
using System;
* Author: Surya Teja
* Purpose: Palindrome
namespace Palindrome00PS
   class Palindrome
      int num, rem, temp, sum = 0;
      /// <summary>
      /// Read User Input
      /// </summary>
      public void ReadNumber()
          Console.WriteLine("Enter Number");
          num = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
      }
       /// <summary>
       /// Print Palindrome or not
      /// </summary>
      public void PrintPalindrome()
          temp = num;
          while (num > 0)
             rem = num % 10;
             sum = (sum * 10) + rem;
             num = num / 10;
          if (temp == sum)
             Console.Write($"{temp} is Palindrome.");
          else
             Console.Write($"{temp} is not Palindrome");
      }
   internal class Program
      static void Main(string[] args)
          Palindrome p = new Palindrome();
          p.ReadNumber();
          p.PrintPalindrome();
          Console.ReadLine();
      }
   }
}
Output
```

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Enter Number 1258521 1258521 is Palindrome.

8. Create a solution "MyProject" Add three projects

Code:

```
Mathematics:
using System;
* Author: Surya Teja
* Purpose: Mathematics Library
namespace Surya
{
  public class Mathematics
     public int input;
     /// <summary>
     /// Read data from user
     /// </summary>
     public void ReadNumber()
        Console.Write("Enter Number: ");
        input = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
     /// <summary>
     /// Factorial logic
     /// </summary>
     /// <returns>Factorial value</returns>
     public int GetFact()
        int fact = 1;
        for (int i = 2; i <= input; i++)</pre>
          fact = fact * i;
        return fact;
     }
  }
}
Operations:
using System;
* Author: Surva Teja
* Purpose: Operations
namespace Operations
  public class Opp1
```

```
int a, b;
       /// <summary>
       /// Adding two numbers
       /// </summary>
       /// <returns>Sum of 2 Numbers</returns>
       public int Add(int a, int b)
          return a + b;
       }
       /// <summary>
       /// Subract Two numbers
       /// </summary>
       /// <returns>Sub of 2 Numbers</returns>
       public int Sub(int a, int b)
          return a - b;
       }
   }
}
Clint:
using System;
using Surya;
using Operations;
* Author: Surva Teja
* Purpose: Clint
namespace Clint
   internal class Program
       static void Main(string[] args)
          Mathematics m = new Mathematics();
          Opp1 op1 = new Opp1();
          Console.WriteLine("\n****Mathematics****\n");
          m.ReadNumber();
          Console.WriteLine($"Factorial of {m.input} is {m.GetFact()}");
          Console.WriteLine("\n****Operations*****\n");
          Console.WriteLine($"Addition of A and B is {op1.Add(10, 20)}");
          Console.WriteLine($"Subraction of A and B is {op1.Sub(20, 10)}");
          Console.ReadLine();
      }
   }
}
Output:
```

```
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*****Mathematics*****

Enter Number: 5
Factorial of 5 is 120

*****Operations*****

Addition of A and B is 30
Subraction of A and B is 10
```

9. Windows Application Code: using System; using System.Windows.Forms; using Surya; namespace ClintApp public partial class Form1 : Form public Form1() InitializeComponent(); private void button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e) Mathematics m = new Mathematics(); int input = Convert.ToInt32(textBox1.Text); m.input = input; int fact = m.GetFact(); textBox2.Text = fact.ToString(); } } } **Output:** ₩ Form1 Factorial 120

10. What is the use of partial classes in C#

Partial Class: It provides a special ability to implement the functionality of a single class into multiple files and all these files are combined into a single class file when the application is compiled. A partial class is created by using a partial keyword. This keyword is also useful to split the functionality of methods, interfaces, or structure into multiple files.

Code:

```
<u>Opp1:</u>
* Author: Surya Teja
* Purpose: Operations
namespace Operations
  public partial class Opp1
     int a, b;
     /// <summary>
     /// Adding two numbers
      /// </summary>
      /// <returns>Sum of 2 Numbers</returns>
     public int Add(int a, int b)
        return a + b;
      /// <summary>
      /// Subract Two numbers
      /// </summary>
      /// <returns>Sub of 2 Numbers</returns>
     public int Sub(int a, int b)
        return a - b;
  }
}
<u>Opp2:</u>
/***********************************
* Author: Surya Teja
* Purpose: Operations
namespace Operations
  public partial class Opp2
   {/// <summary>
  /// Multiplaction of Two Numbers
  /// </summary>
  /// <param name="a"></param>
   /// <param name="b"></param>
```

```
/// <returns>Mul of 2 Numbers</returns>
       public int Mul(int a, int b)
          return a * b;
       /// <summary>
       /// Division of Two Numbers
       /// </summarv>
       /// <param name="a"></param>
       /// <param name="b"></param>
       /// <returns>Div of 2 Numbers</returns>
       public int Div(int a, int b)
          return a / b;
   }
}
Main:
using System;
using Surya;
using Operations;
* Author: Surva Teja
* Purpose: Clint
namespace Clint
   internal class Program
       static void Main(string[] args)
          Mathematics m = new Mathematics();
          Opp1 op1 = new Opp1();
          Opp2 op2 = new Opp2();
          Console.WriteLine("\n****Mathematics****\n");
          m.ReadNumber();
          Console.WriteLine($"Factorial of {m.input} is {m.GetFact()}");
          Console.WriteLine("\n*****Operations*****\n");
          Console.WriteLine($"Addition of A and B is {op1.Add(20, 10)}");
          Console.WriteLine($"Subraction of A and B is {op1.Sub(20, 10)}");
          Console.WriteLine($"Multiplation of A and B is {op2.Mul(20, 10)}");
          Console.WriteLine($"Divison of A and B is {op2.Div(20, 10)}");
          Console.ReadLine();
       }
   }
}
```

Output: S:\NB\Assi\Day1 Morning assignment by Surya Teja Chandolu 24 Jan 2022\C#\1 *****Mathematics***** Enter Number: 5 Factorial of 5 is 120 *****Operations***** Addition of A and B is 30 Subraction of A and B is 10 Multiplation of A and B is 200 Divison of A and B is 2