

1. Introduction

- In the previous lectures, arithmetic, assignment, and comparison operators were discussed.
 - This lecture covers:
 - **Logical Operators** (&&, ||, !)
 - **Type Operator** (typeof)
 - **Ternary Operator** (? :)
-

2. Logical Operators


a) Logical AND (&&)

- **Definition:** Returns **true** only if **both conditions are true**.

Example:

```
let x = 78;
let y = 89;

console.log(x > 10 && y < 100); // true (both conditions true)
console.log(x > 100 && y < 100); // false (one false → result false)
console.log(x > 100 && y > 100); // false (both false)
```


- -  Result is **true** only if **both conditions are true**.
-

b) Logical OR (||)

- **Definition:** Returns **true** if **any one condition is true**.

Example:

```
console.log(x > 10 || y < 100); // true (at least one true)
console.log(x > 100 || y < 100); // true (second condition true)
console.log(x > 100 || y > 100); // false (both false)
```

- -  Result is **false** only if **both conditions are false**.
-

c) Logical NOT (!)


- **Definition:** Negates a condition. Converts `true` → `false` and `false` → `true`.

Example:

```
let x = 8;

console.log(x == 8);    // true
console.log!(x == 8)); // false

console.log(x != 8);    // false
console.log!(x != 8)); // true
```

- -  NOT operator flips the Boolean result.
-


3. Type Operator

`typeof`

- Used to find the data type of a variable.

Example:

```
let x = 78;
console.log(typeof x); // "number"
```

- -  Helps in identifying variable types (`string`, `number`, `boolean`, etc.).
-

4. Ternary Operator (`? :`)

Definition:

- Shorthand way of writing conditional statements (`if...else`).

Syntax:


```
condition ? expressionIfTrue : expressionIfFalse
```

-

Example:

```
let age = 20;
```

```
let result = (age > 18) ? "Person is adult" : "Not an adult";  
console.log(result); // "Person is adult"
```

-  Executes the first expression if condition is true, otherwise executes the second.
-

5. Key Takeaways

- **Logical AND (&&)** → True only if both conditions are true.
- **Logical OR (||)** → True if at least one condition is true.
- **Logical NOT (!)** → Negates Boolean results.
- **Typeof Operator** → Tells the type of a variable.
- **Ternary Operator (? :)** → Concise form of `if...else`.