

# Assignment: Day2\_Java\_Assignment1

## 1. Primitive Data Types

Solution:

```
int age = 25;

float height = 5.9f;

double weight = 68.5;

System.out.println("Age: " + age);

System.out.println("Height: " + height);

System.out.println("Weight: " + weight);
```

## 2. Variables

Solution:

```
int id = 101;

String name = "Arun";

double marks = 89.5;

char grade = 'A';

System.out.println("Student ID: " + id);

System.out.println("Name: " + name);

System.out.println("Marks: " + marks);

System.out.println("Grade: " + grade);
```

## 3. Operators

Solution:

```
int number1 = 10, number2 = 20;

System.out.println("Addition: " + (number1 + number2));

System.out.println("Greater number: " + (number1 > number2 ? number1 : number2));

System.out.println("Are both positive? " + (number1 > 0 && number2 > 0));
```

## 4. String Concatenation

Solution:

```
String firstName = "Ravi";
```

```
String lastName = "Kumar";  
System.out.println("Hello, " + firstName + " " + lastName + "! Welcome to the system.");
```

## 5. StringBuilder

Solution:

```
String input = "Hello Java Learners";  
StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder(input);  
System.out.println("Original: " + input);  
System.out.println("Reversed: " + sb.reverse());
```

## 6. String API

Solution:

```
String text = "banana";  
char ch = 'a';  
long count = text.chars().filter(c -> c == ch).count();  
System.out.println("Character '" + ch + "' appears " + count + " times.");
```

## 7. Date, Time, and Numeric Objects

Solution:

```
import java.text.NumberFormat;  
import java.time.LocalDate;  
import java.time.format.DateTimeFormatter;  
LocalDate date = LocalDate.now();  
DateTimeFormatter formatter = DateTimeFormatter.ofPattern("dd-MM-yyyy");  
System.out.println("Current Date: " + date.format(formatter));  
double amount = 12345.678;  
System.out.println("Formatted Amount: " + NumberFormat.getCurrencyInstance().format(amount));
```

## 8. Flow Control

Solution:

```
int number = -5;  
if (number > 0) System.out.println("The number is positive.");  
else if (number < 0) System.out.println("The number is negative.");
```

```
else System.out.println("The number is zero.");
```

## 9. Conditions

Solution:

```
int marks = 76;

if (marks >= 90) System.out.println("Grade: A");
else if (marks >= 80) System.out.println("Grade: B");
else if (marks >= 70) System.out.println("Grade: C");
else System.out.println("Grade: D");
```

## 10. Switch

Solution:

```
int num1 = 10, num2 = 5;

char op = '*';

switch (op) {

    case '+': System.out.println("Result: " + (num1 + num2)); break;
    case '-': System.out.println("Result: " + (num1 - num2)); break;
    case '*': System.out.println("Result: " + (num1 * num2)); break;
    case '/': System.out.println("Result: " + (num1 / num2)); break;
    default: System.out.println("Invalid operation");

}
```

## 11. Loops and Branching

Solution:

```
int N = 5;

for (int i = 0; i < N * 2; i += 2) {

    System.out.print(i + " ");

}
```

## 12. Arrays

Solution:

```
int[] numbers = {10, 20, 30, 40, 50};

double avg = 0;
```

```
for (int num : numbers) avg += num;

avg /= numbers.length;

System.out.println("Average: " + avg);
```

### 13. Enum

Solution:

```
enum Day { MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY, SUNDAY }

Day today = Day.MONDAY;

switch (today) {

    case MONDAY: System.out.println("Start of the work week!"); break;

    // Add other cases as needed

}
```

### 14. OOPs Concepts

Solution:

```
class Student {

    String name;

    int marks;

    Student(String name, int marks) {

        this.name = name;

        this.marks = marks;

    }

    void display() {

        System.out.println("Student Name: " + name);

        System.out.println("Marks: " + marks);

    }

}

Student s = new Student("Riya", 87);

s.display();
```

### 15. Inheritance

Solution:

```
class Employee {
```

```
String name;

double salary;

Employee(String name, double salary) {

    this.name = name;

    this.salary = salary;

}

}

class Manager extends Employee {

    String department;

    Manager(String name, double salary, String department) {

        super(name, salary);

        this.department = department;

    }

    void display() {

        System.out.println("Name: " + name);

        System.out.println("Salary: " + salary);

        System.out.println("Department: " + department);

    }

}

Manager m = new Manager("Raj", 50000, "Sales");

m.display();
```