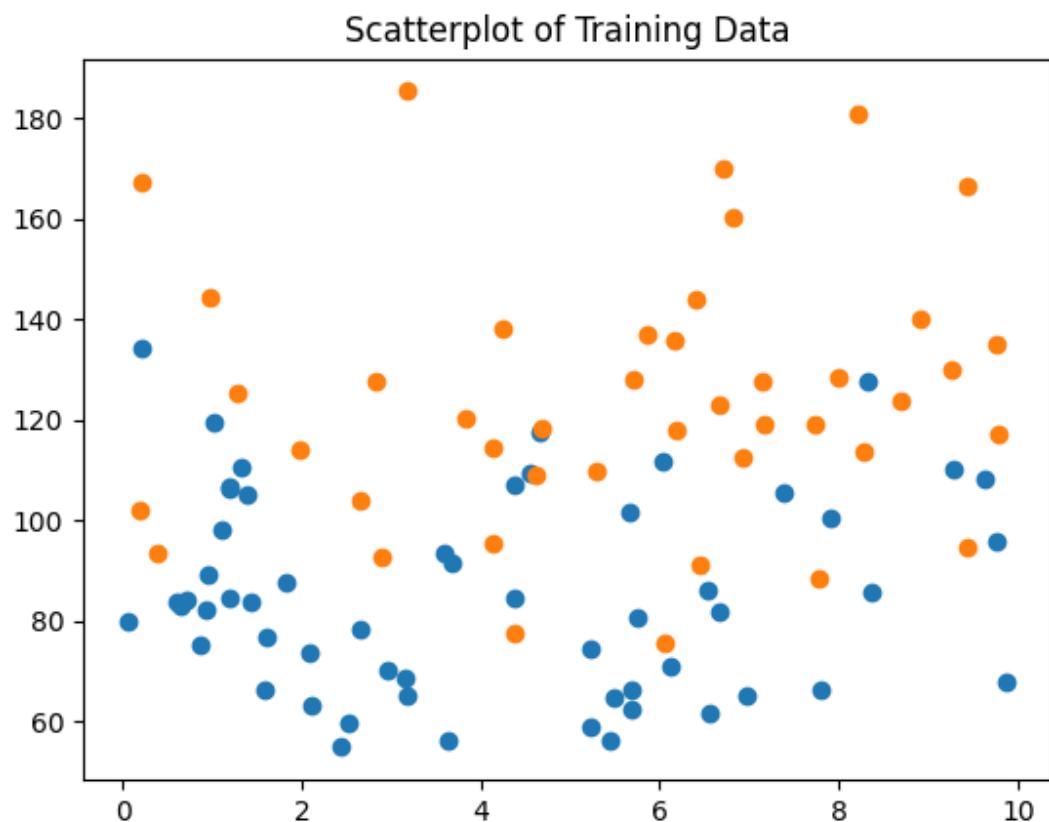
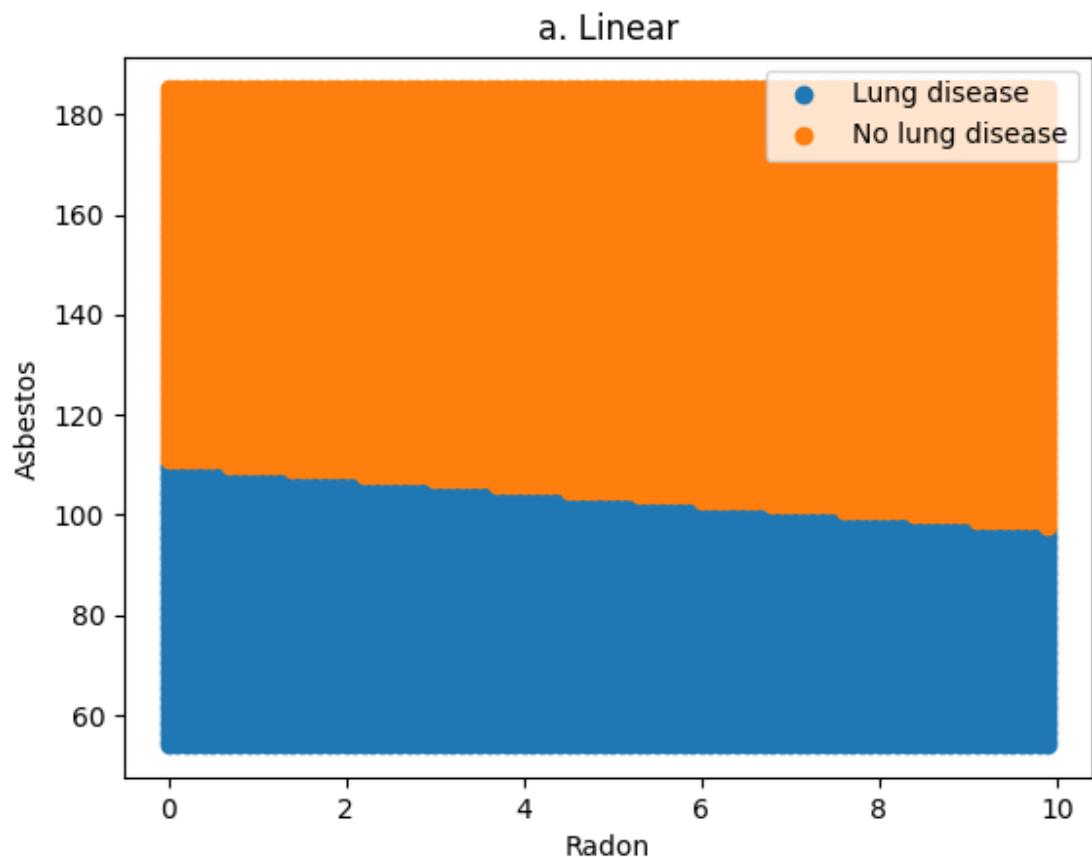


**CS 4342 - Machine Learning
Homework - 5 SVMs
By Suryansh Goyal**

Training Data



Part A - Linear SVM

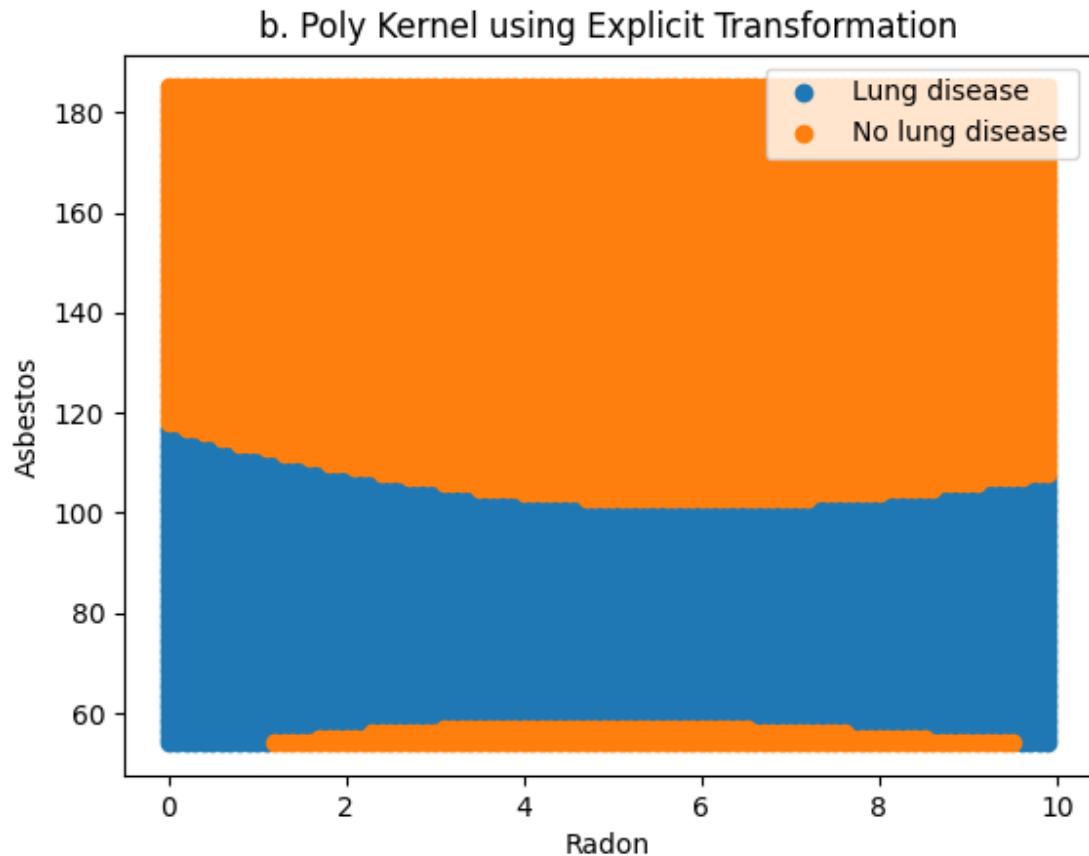


Part B

Poly-SVM using Explicit transformation

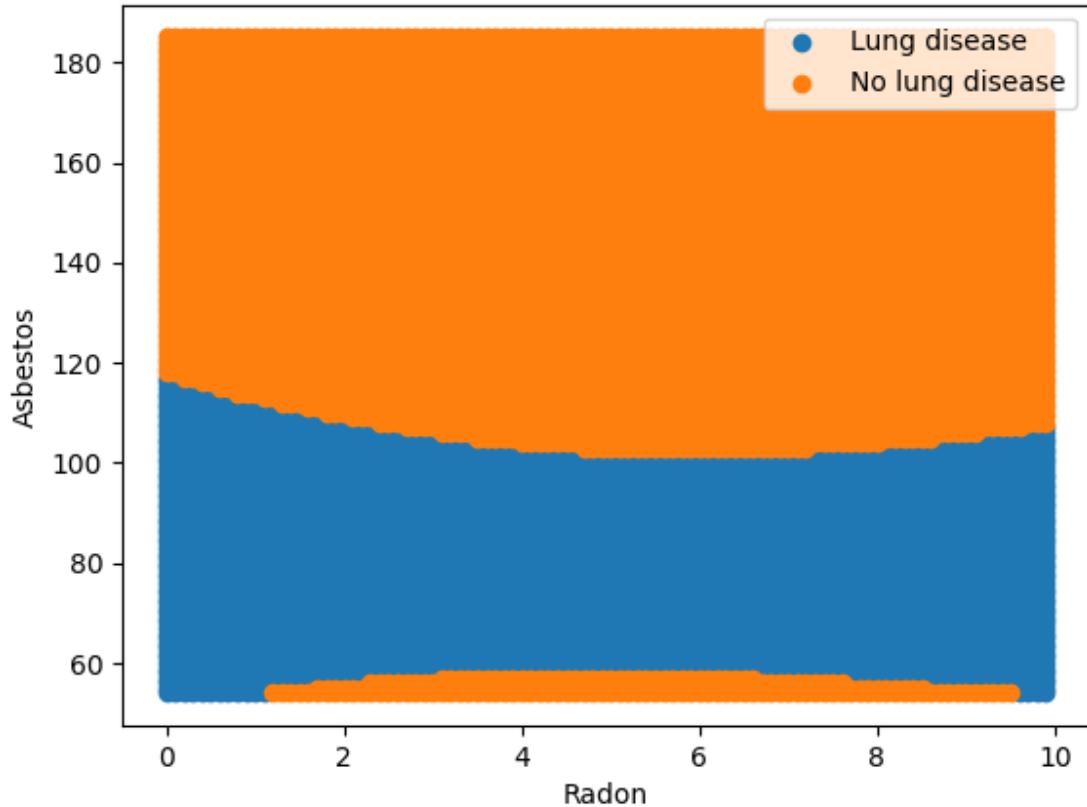
Formula for phi(x):

$$\phi([r,a]) = [1, \sqrt{3}r, \sqrt{3}a, \sqrt{6}r^2a, \sqrt{3}r^3, \sqrt{3}a^2, \sqrt{3}r^2a^2, r^4, a^3]$$



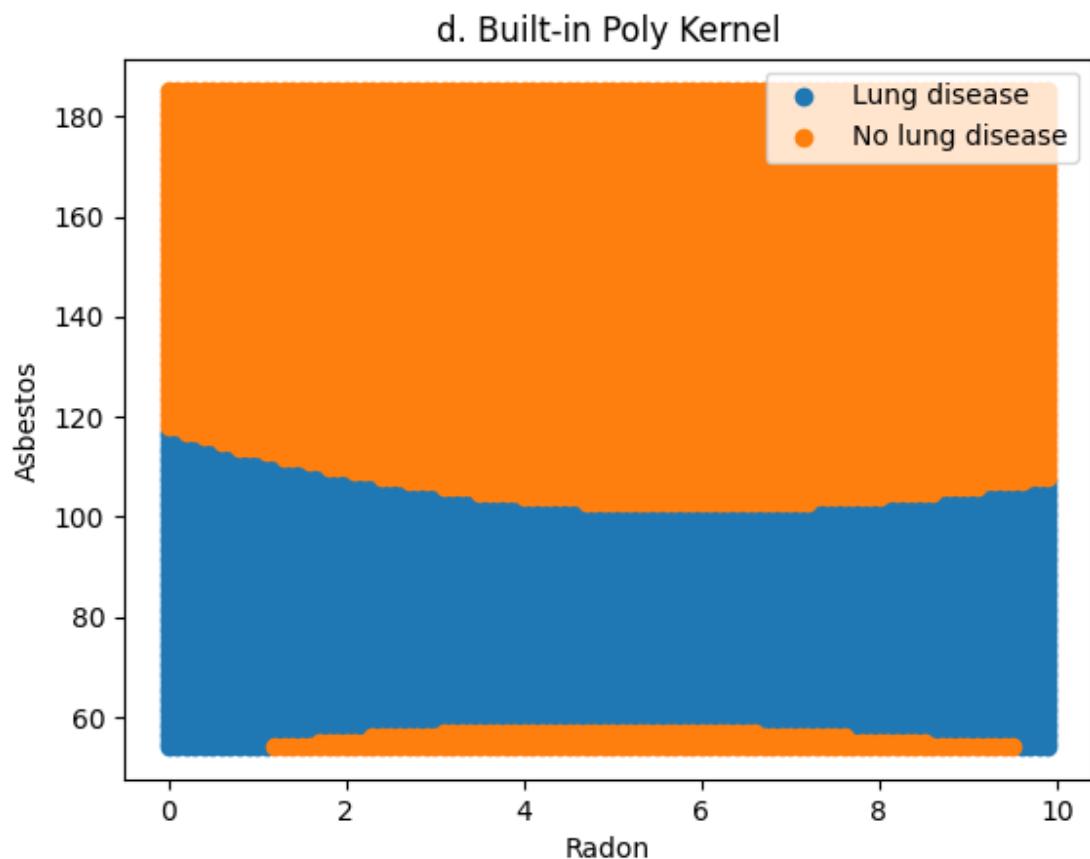
Part C
Poly-SVM using Kernel Trick

c. Poly Kernel using Kernel function kerPoly3



Part D

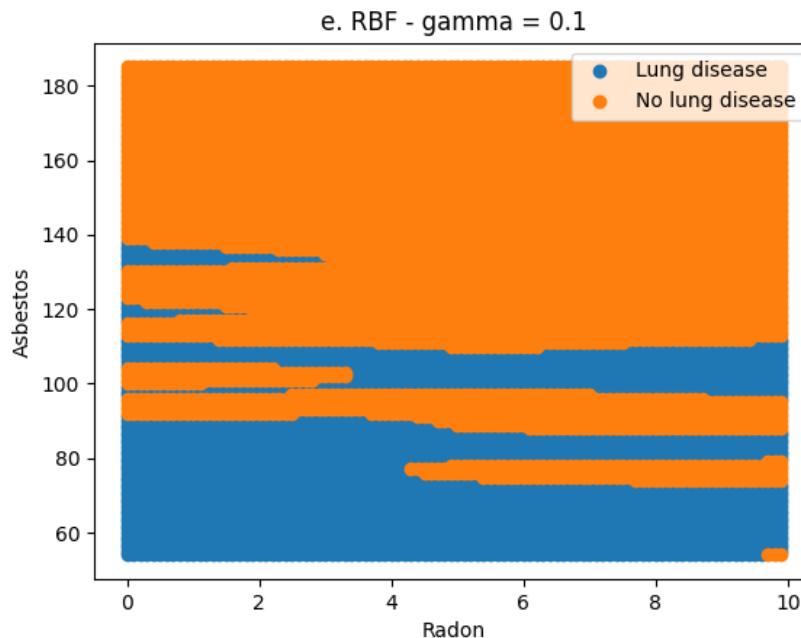
Poly-SVM using built-in “poly” kernel in scikit-learn



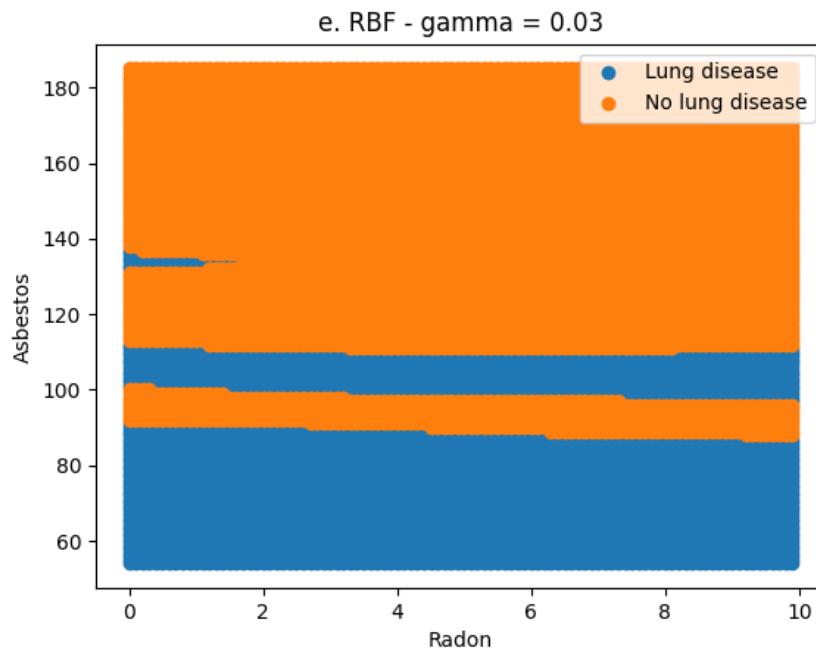
Part E

RBF-SVM using built-in RBF kernel in scikit-learn

1. Gamma = 0.1



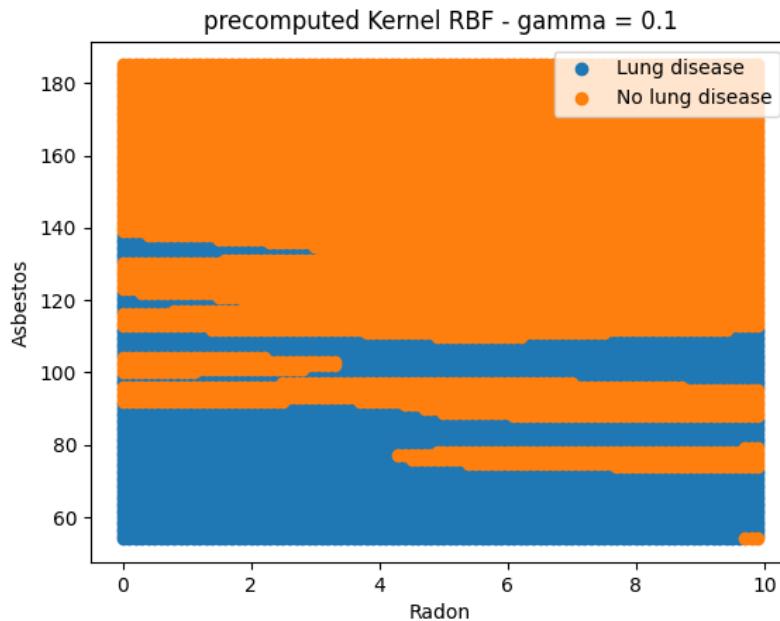
2. Gamma = 0.03



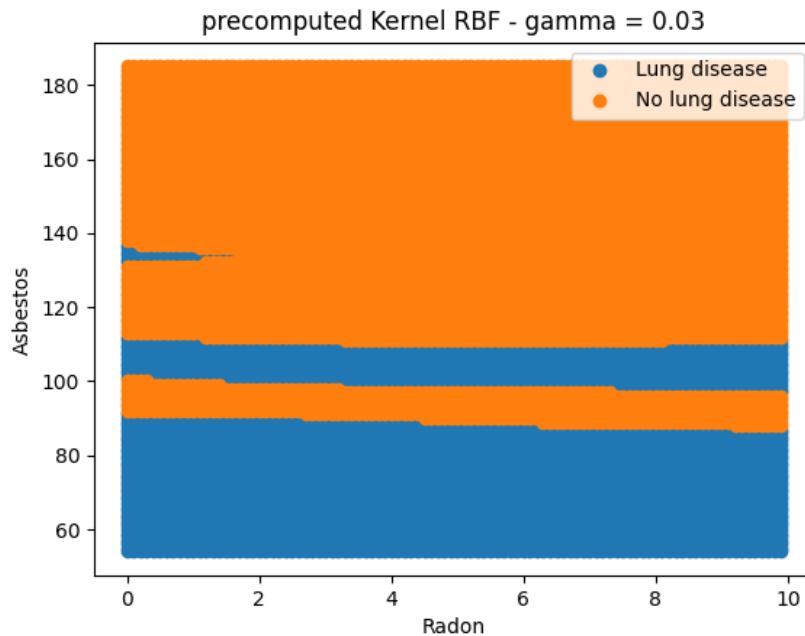
Here, the RBF with Gamma = 0.1 is more likely to overfit the data.

RBF-SVM using precomputed RBF kernel

1. Gamma = 0.1



2. Gamma = 0.03



As you can see, I have managed to get the exact same results for both kinds of RBF kernel (precomputed vs rbf)