Lab 1

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1.1

1.1A

代码

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
from scapy.all import *

def print_pkt(pkt):
    pkt.show()

pkt=sniff(iface='br-6b43a852a972',filter='icmp',prn=print_pkt)
```

在root用户下的运行结果:

```
root@VM:/home/seed# mycode.py
###[ Ethernet ]###
       = 02:42:df:f0:f6:56
 dst
          = 02:42:0a:09:00:05
 src
 type
         = IPv4
###[ IP ]###
    version = 4
    ihl
             = 5
    tos
             = 0x0
    len
             = 84
             = 26643
    id
    flags
             = DF
    frag
             = 0
    ttl
             = 64
    proto
             = icmp
            = 0xb587
    chksum
             = 10.9.0.5
    src
             = 10.0.9.1
    dst
    \options \
###[ ICMP ]###
       type
                = echo-request
       code
                = 0
       chksum = 0xe888
       id
                = 0x25e
                = 0x1
       seq
###[ Raw ]###
          load
                   = '\xacr\xe2`\x00\x00
x10\x11\x12\x13\x14\x15\x16\x17\x18\x19\x1
01234567'
###[ Ethernet ]###
 dst = 02:42:df:f0:f6:56
          = 02:42:0a:09:00:05
 src
```

在root用户权限下,成功输出捕获的包信息。

没有root权限的情况下, 因权限不够程序无法正常运行。

```
seed@VM:~$ mycode.py
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "./mycode.py", line 7, in <module>
   pkt=sniff(iface='br-6b43a852a972',filter='icmp',prn=print_pkt)
 File "/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/scapy/sendrecv.py", line 1036, in
sniff
   sniffer. run(*args, **kwargs)
 File "/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/scapy/sendrecv.py", line 906, in
_run
    sniff_sockets[L2socket(type=ETH_P_ALL, iface=iface,
 File "/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/scapy/arch/linux.py", line 398, i
n __init
   self.ins = socket.socket(socket.AF_PACKET, socket.SOCK_RAW, socket.htons(typ
e)) # noqa: E501
  File "/usr/lib/python3.8/socket.py", line 231, in
    _socket.socket.__init__(self, family, type, proto, fileno)
PermissionError: [Errno 1] Operation not permitted
```

1.1B

只监听ICMP报文

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
from scapy.all import *

def print_pkt(pkt):
    pkt.show()

pkt=sniff(iface='br-1d910c4cc163',filter='icmp',prn=print_pkt)
```

在host端分别构造ICMP报文和TCP报文发送给attacker。

```
>>> send(IP(dst="10.0.9.1")/ICMP())
.
Sent 1 packets.
>>> send(IP(dst="10.0.9.1")/TCP())
.
Sent 1 packets.
```

attacker端只收到了ICMP报文。

```
root@VM:/home/seed# mycode.py
###[ Ethernet ]###
          = 02:42:28:31:3c:c9
  dst
            = 02:42:0a:09:00:05
  src
            = IPv4
  type
###[ IP ]###
     version
              = 4
     ihl
               = 5
     tos
               = 0 \times 0
               = 28
     len
     id
               = 1
     flags
     frag
               = 0
               = 64
     ++1
     proto
               = icmp
     chksum
               = 0x5dd2
     src
               = 10.9.0.5
               = 10.0.9.1
     dst
     \options
###[ ICMP ]###
        type
                  = echo-request
        code
                  = 0
                  = 0xf7ff
        chksum
                  = 0 \times 0
        id
                  = 0x0
        seq
```

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
from scapy.all import *

def print_pkt(pkt):
    pkt.show()

pkt=sniff(iface='br-1d910c4cc163',filter='tcp and src host 1.1.1.1
and dst port 23',prn=print_pkt)
```

在host端构造3个TCP数据包发送给attacker。

```
>>> send(IP(src="1.1.1.1",dst="10.0.9.1")/TCP(dport=23))
.
Sent 1 packets.
>>> send(IP(src="2.2.2.2",dst="10.0.9.1")/TCP(dport=23))
.
Sent 1 packets.
>>> send(IP(src="1.1.1.1",dst="10.0.9.1")/TCP(dport=22))
.
Sent 1 packets.
```

attacker只收到了第一个数据包。

```
root@VM:/home/seed# mycode.py
###[ Ethernet ]###
 dst = 02:42:28:31:3c:c9

src = 02:42:0a:09:00:05

type = IPv4
###[ IP ]###
     version = 4
               = 5
= 0x0
     ihl
     tos
               = 40
     len
     id
               = 1
     flags
     frag
                = 0
                = 64
     ttl
               = tcp
     proto
     chksum = 0x65cd
                = 1.1.1.1
     src
                = 10.0.9.1
     dst
     \options \
###[ TCP ]###
                = ftp_data
= telnet
        sport
         dport
                  = 0
         seq
         ack = 0
dataofs = 5
         reserved = 0
        flags = S
window = 8192
chksum = 0x7ab5
urgptr = 0
         options = []
```

捕获来自特定子网(1.1.1.0/24)的数据包。

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
from scapy.all import *

def print_pkt(pkt):
    pkt.show()

pkt=sniff(iface='br-1d910c4cc163',filter='src net
1.1.1.0/24',prn=print_pkt)
```

在host端构造2个TCP数据包发送给attacker。

```
>>> send(IP(src="1.1.1.1",dst="10.0.9.1")/TCP())
.
Sent 1 packets.
>>> send(IP(src="1.1.2.1",dst="10.0.9.1")/TCP())
.
Sent 1 packets.
```

attacker只收到了第一个数据包。

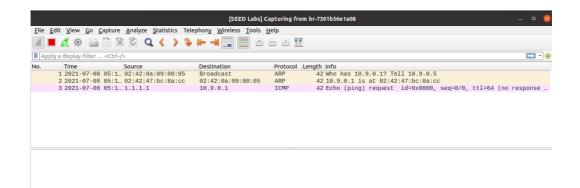
```
root@VM:/home/seed# mycode.py
###[ Ethernet ]###
           = 02:42:28:31:3c:c9
 dst
 src
          = 02:42:0a:09:00:05
           = IPv4
 type
###[ IP ]###
    version
             = 4
    ihl
              = 5
              = 0 \times 0
    tos
    len
              = 40
    id
              = 1
    flags
    frag
              = 0
    ttl
              = 64
    proto
              = tcp
    chksum = 0x65cd
              = 1.1.1.1
    src
              = 10.0.9.1
    dst
    \options \
###[ TCP ]###
                 = ftp_data
       sport
                 = http
        dport
                 = 0
       seq
       ack
                 = 0
       dataofs = 5
       reserved = 0
       flags
                 = S
       window = 8192
chksum = 0x7a7c
urgptr = 0
       options = []
```

1.2

构造任意的ICMP报文,将宿地址设置为10.9.0.1,源地址设置成1.1.1.1。

```
>>> send(IP(src="1.1.1.1",dst="10.9.0.1")/ICMP())
.
Sent 1 packets.
```

通过wireshark软件, 捕获到发送的ICMP报文。



1.3

根据手册中给出的traceroute原理编写代码。主机不断构造发往目的主机的ICMP报文,其中的ttl值从1开始不断增大,直到收到的ICMP应答报文的源地址和目的主机相同为止。

```
#!/usr/bin/python3
from scapy.all import *
MAX_TTL=255
tempIP=input("Please input the IP address or domain name:")
dstIP=socket.gethostbyname(tempIP)
ip=IP(dst=dstIP,ttl=1)
icmp=ICMP()
while ip.ttl<=MAX_TTL:
    reply=sr1(ip/icmp,verbose=0,timeout=2)
    if(reply==None):
        print(str(ip.ttl)+"\t ***")
        ip.ttl+=1
        continue
    print(str(ip.ttl)+"\t"+reply.src)
    if(reply.src==dstIP):
        break
    ip.ttl+=1
```

输入8.8.8.8进行测试,结果如下:

输入www.baidu.com进行测试,结果如下:

```
root@VM:/home/seed# tracer.py
Please input the IP address or domain name:www.baidu.com
        192.168.43.51
2
         ***
         ***
4
         ***
5
         ***
6
        122.193.15.17
7
        221.6.5.21
8
        122.96.66.102
9
        58.240.96.34
10
        182.61.216.0
11
        112.80.248.76
12
```

部分中间节点没有显示,可能是因为对应主机被禁止回应ICMP报文。

1.4

ICMP请求应答报文的type值为8,因此,遇到type值不是8的报文可以直接返回。对于ICMP请求应答报文,将其源地址和宿地址交换; type值修改为0,其余部分不变即可构造ICMP应答报文。

```
#!/usr/bin/python3
from scapy.all import *

def spoof(pkt):
    if pkt[ICMP].type!=8:
        return

    ip=IP(src=pkt[IP].dst,dst=pkt[IP].src,ihl=pkt[IP].ihl)
    icmp=ICMP(type=0,id=pkt[ICMP].id,seq=pkt[ICMP].seq)
    load=pkt[Raw].load
    newpkt=ip/icmp/load

    send(newpkt)
    print("spoof\n")

while 1:
    pkt=sniff(filter='icmp',prn=spoof)
```

ping 1.2.3.4

```
[07/08/21]seed@VM:-/.../Labsetup$ ping 1.2.3.4
PING 1.2.3.4 (1.2.3.4) 56(84) bytes of data.
54 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=14.5 ms
54 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=14.5 ms
54 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=16.5 ms
54 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=19.1 ms
54 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=17.8 ms
54 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=6 ttl=64 time=11.7 ms
54 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=7 ttl=64 time=17.2 ms
54 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=8 ttl=64 time=19.5 ms
54 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=9 ttl=64 time=22.1 ms
54 bytes from 1.2.3.4: icmp_seq=9 ttl=64 time=20.2 ms
```

```
root@VM:/home/seed# spoof.py
.
Sent 1 packets.
spoof
```

此时伪造程序伪造了报文并发送给attacker, 令attacker误认为主机存在。

ping 10.9.0.99

```
[07/08/21]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ ping 10.9.0.99
PING 10.9.0.99 (10.9.0.99) 56(84) bytes of data.
From 10.9.0.1 icmp_seq=1 Destination Host Unreachable
From 10.9.0.1 icmp_seq=2 Destination Host Unreachable
From 10.9.0.1 icmp_seq=3 Destination Host Unreachable
From 10.9.0.1 icmp_seq=4 Destination Host Unreachable
From 10.9.0.1 icmp_seq=5 Destination Host Unreachable
From 10.9.0.1 icmp_seq=6 Destination Host Unreachable
From 10.9.0.1 icmp_seq=7 Destination Host Unreachable
From 10.9.0.1 icmp_seq=8 Destination Host Unreachable
From 10.9.0.1 icmp_seq=8 Destination Host Unreachable
From 10.9.0.1 icmp_seq=9 Destination Host Unreachable
```

伪造程序没有构造报文发送,attacker可以发现主机并不存在。

ping 8.8.8.8

```
[07/08/21]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ ping 8.8.8.8
PING 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp seq=1 ttl=64 time=21.4 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=1 ttl=112 time=40.0 ms (DUP!)
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp seq=2 ttl=64 time=15.4 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=2 ttl=112 time=39.8 ms (DUP!)
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp seq=3 ttl=64 time=23.5 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=3 ttl=112 time=40.7 ms (DUP!)
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=12.7 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=4 ttl=112 time=40.9 ms (DUP!)
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp\_seq=5 ttl=64 time=18.7 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=5 ttl=112 time=40.0 ms (DUP!)
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=6 ttl=64 time=16.7 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=6 ttl=112 time=40.1 ms (DUP!)
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=7 ttl=64 time=19.6 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=7 ttl=112 time=44.9 ms (DUP!) 64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=8 ttl=64 time=21.5 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=8 ttl=112 time=41.9 ms (DUP!)
```

```
root@VM:/home/seed# spoof.py
.
Sent 1 packets.
spoof
.
```

伪造程序伪造了响应报文。

发往外网的报文会经过attacker(网关),因此伪造程序可以观察到报文并回应。而发送到内网的报文则不会,所以不会被伪造。