Creating Page Layouts w/CSS

CS 130:

Tools and Technologies of the World Wide Web Spring, 2022

- 1. The Box Model
- 2. Semantic Tags (a reminder)
- 3. Media Queries
- 4. Intro to Flexbox

CSS & Layouts

Layouts are *the hardest thing* about CSS for many reasons:

- The language has many, many different layout 'paradigms' for doing the same thing.
- Specifying the rules for arranging boxes the right way is difficult
- You have to design for several different browser configurations (what looks good on a desktop doesn't necessarily look good on mobile).
- Everything has to be flexible and resizable so that it scales gracefully.

Layout Tips

- Learn Flexbox (Today) it's worth the investment!
- Learn CSS Grid (Wednesday, Tutorial 4) also worth the investment
- Design your website so that it is responsive (looks good on a mobile, tablet, and desktop). Using Flexbox and CSS Grid will help you with mobile layouts.
- Avoid older hacks (floats, putting everything inside a table, absolute positioning) – or else use as a last resort.
- We'll go through some examples today and on Wednesday.

Activity: Composing a Layout in CSS

Let's deconstruct this template website:

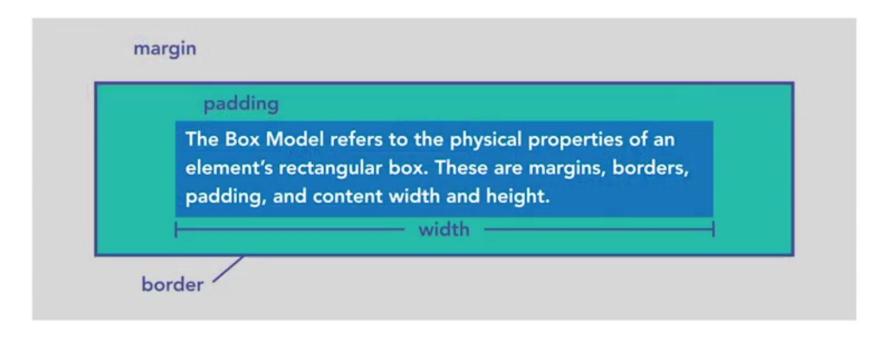
- How does this website instantiate the principles of:
 - Proximity (think whitespace)
 - Alignment (think grid)
 - Repetition
 - Contrast
- Let's draw some boxes...
- Let's think about how to create this layout. Some properties to highlight:
 - Responsiveness
 - relative units
 - Margin and padding!

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The Box Model

References:

- W3 Schools
- Lynda.com Video



The Box Model

- 1. margin
- 2. padding
- 3. border
- 4. width
- 5. box-sizing (border-box v. content box)
- 6. display (block, inline-block, inline, grid, none, etc.)

Exercise 1: Box Model

Open 01-box-model and create this card:

Card 1



Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, cu soluta concludaturque vim, summo voluptatibus ex sea. Est id aperiri offendit vulputate, legere malorum est et. Zril volutpat sit id, no aeterno apeirian mei.

Button

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Semantic, Block-Level Elements

```
<address> <article> <aside> <blockquote> <canvas> <dd> <div> <dl> <dt> <fieldset> <figcaption> <figure> <footer> <form> <h1>-<h6> <header> <hr>   <section>  <tfoot>  <video>
```

Semantic, **Inline** Elements

```
<a> <abbr> <acronym> <b> <bdo> <big> <br> <br/> <code> <dfn> <em> <i> <img> <input> <kbd> <label> <map> <object> <output> <q> <samp> <script> <select> <small> <span> <strong> <sub> <sup> <textarea> <time> <tt> <var>
```

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Using Media Queries

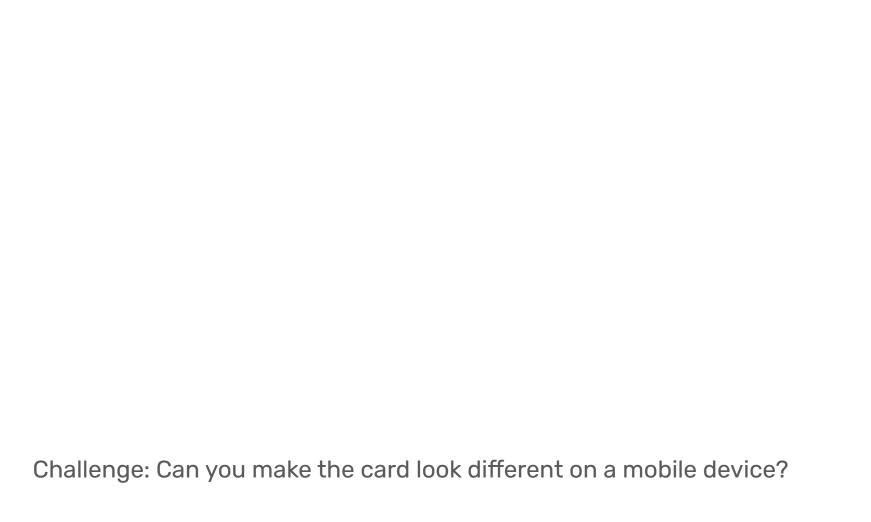
Media queries allow you to <u>set CSS style rules</u> based on the <u>type of media</u> and the <u>device dimensions</u> of the viewport. Example:

```
@media rule
@media type
@media screen and (max-width: 1000px) {
   h1 {
     font-size: 16px;
   }
}
```

"Turning On" Media Queries in your HTML

In order to make sure that media queries are honored, you need to include a meta tag in the <head></head> of your html file:

```
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
```



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Flexbox Resources

- Typically used when you have many child containers that you want to flow within a parent container.
- Lets you specify a few generic rules that will control how the children of a container are positioned

Some resources:

- <u>Flexbox Froggy</u> (interactive game)
- <u>Flexbox</u> (course website)
- Grid v. Flexbox: Which to use when?

Using Flexbox: Suggested Strategy

Parent Container

Put the display into "flex mode" display: flex and then use the following properties to align the child items:

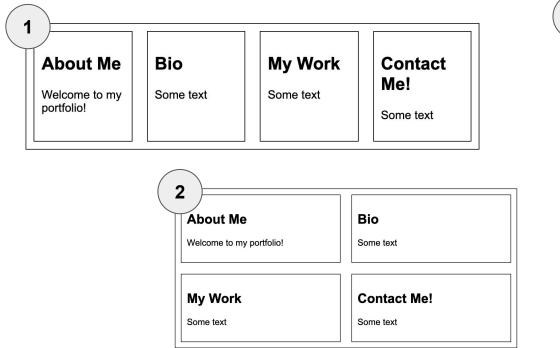
- align-items: (flex-start, flex-end, space-around, space-between, center)
- justify-content: (same as align-items)
- **flex-direction**: (*row*, column, row-reverse, column-reverse)
- flex-wrap: (no-wrap, wrap, wrap-reverse)

Child Container

Apply sizing to the child container as needed.

Flexbox: Practice 1

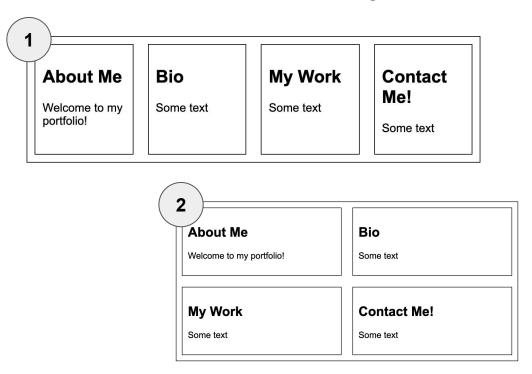
Open 02-flexbox. Can you create the following layouts?



| About Me | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Velcome to my portfolio! | |
| | |
| Bio | |
| Some text | |
| | |
| My Work | |
| Some text | |
| | |
| Contact Me! | |
| | |

Flexbox: Practice 1 Cont'd – Using Media Queries

Make it so that #1 is for **Desktop** screens, #2 is for **Tablet**, and #3 is for **Mobile**



| About Me | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| Welcome to my portfolio! | | |
| | | |
| Bio | | |
| Some text | | |
| | | |
| My Work | | |
| Some text | | |
| | | |
| Contact Me! | | |
| Contact Me: | | |

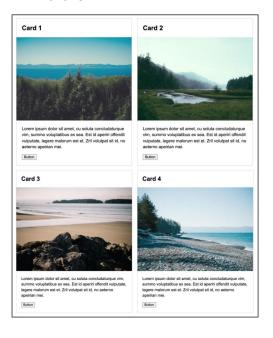
Flexbox: Practice 2 (Lab 1)

Open 03-flexbox-media-queries and create these screens:

Desktop



Tablet



Mobile



Flexbox: Practice 3: Navigation Bar

Open 04-nav-bar, and try to make the following:

