

See discussions, stats, and author profiles for this publication at: <https://www.researchgate.net/publication/313630031>

# A Reusable Combat in UVM : Callbacks vs Factory

Conference Paper · October 2015

CITATIONS

0

READS

1,439

4 authors, including:



**Sathish Dadi**

Moschip semiconductor

2 PUBLICATIONS 0 CITATIONS

SEE PROFILE



### INTRODUCTION

UVM Factory and UVM Callbacks are two amongst many features, which are predominately used in making/creating the UVM test bench to make it reusable and more efficient. Many resources available online are offering contradicting guidelines about their usage

This paper looks at these two features in depth and makes an attempt to suggest better ways of using them.

The below are the suggestions from two major EDA vendors:

EDA Vendor1	EDA Vendor2
Suggests not to use callbacks as there are many convoluted steps involved that are required to register and enable the callbacks.	Suggests not to use factory as OOP hierarchy becomes unstable due to multiple class definitions for the same component.

### UVM CALLBACKS & UVM FACTORY

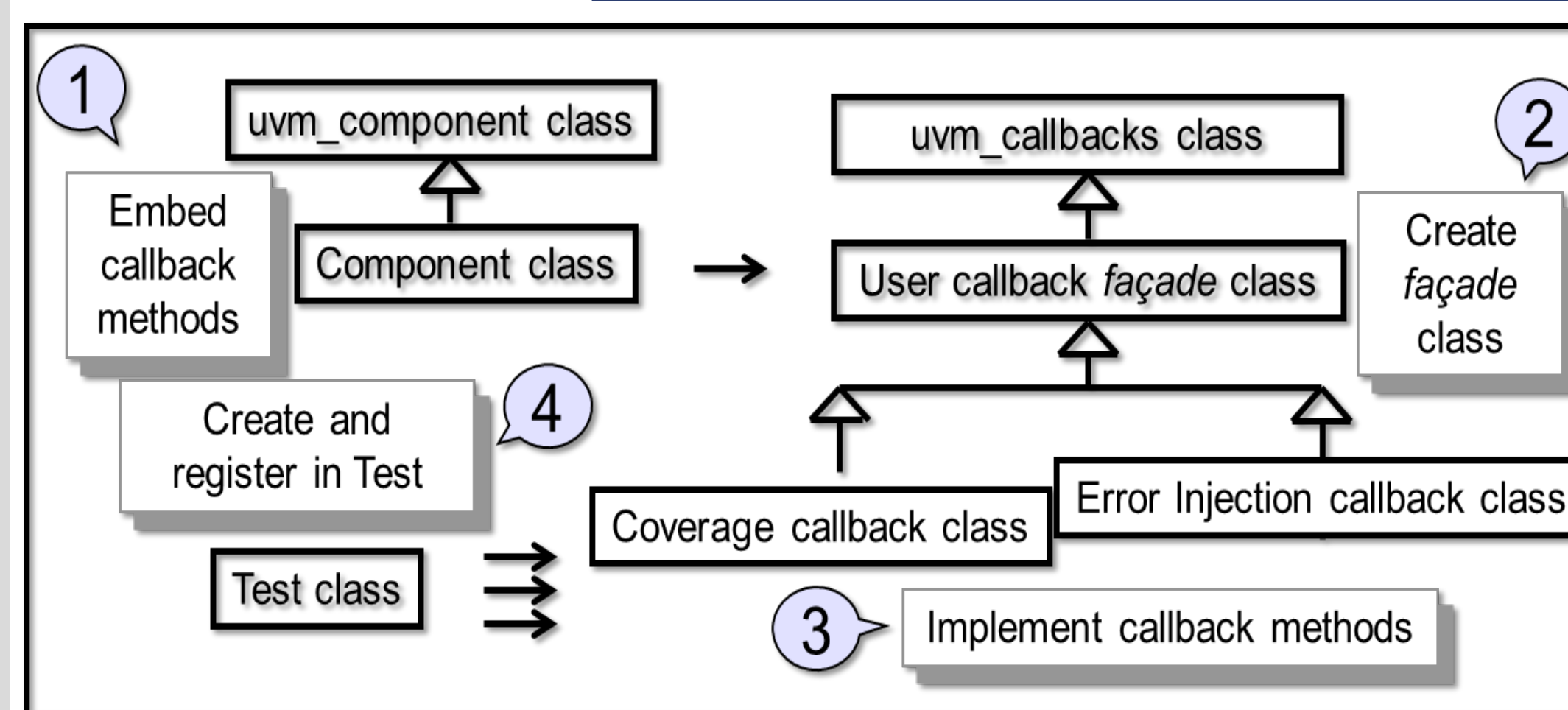


Figure 1: UVM Callback Steps

Source : Synopsys

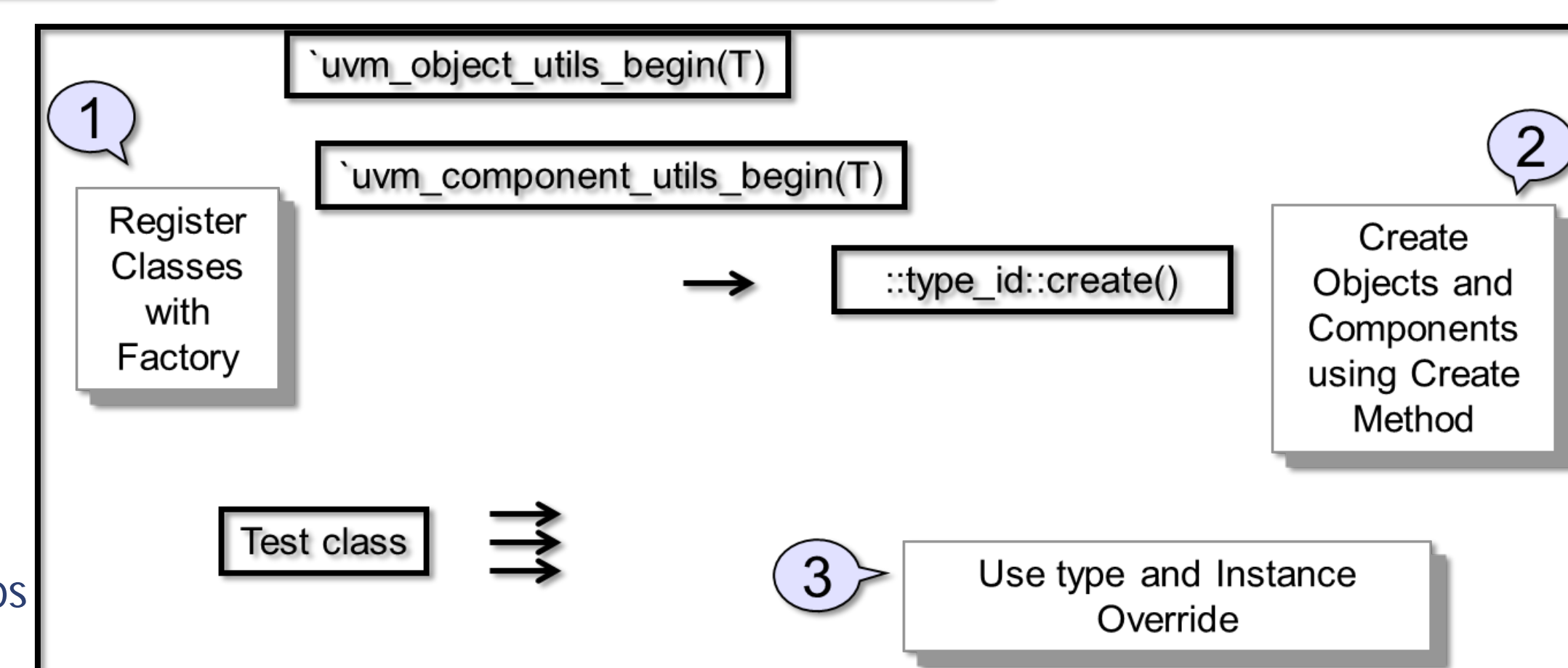
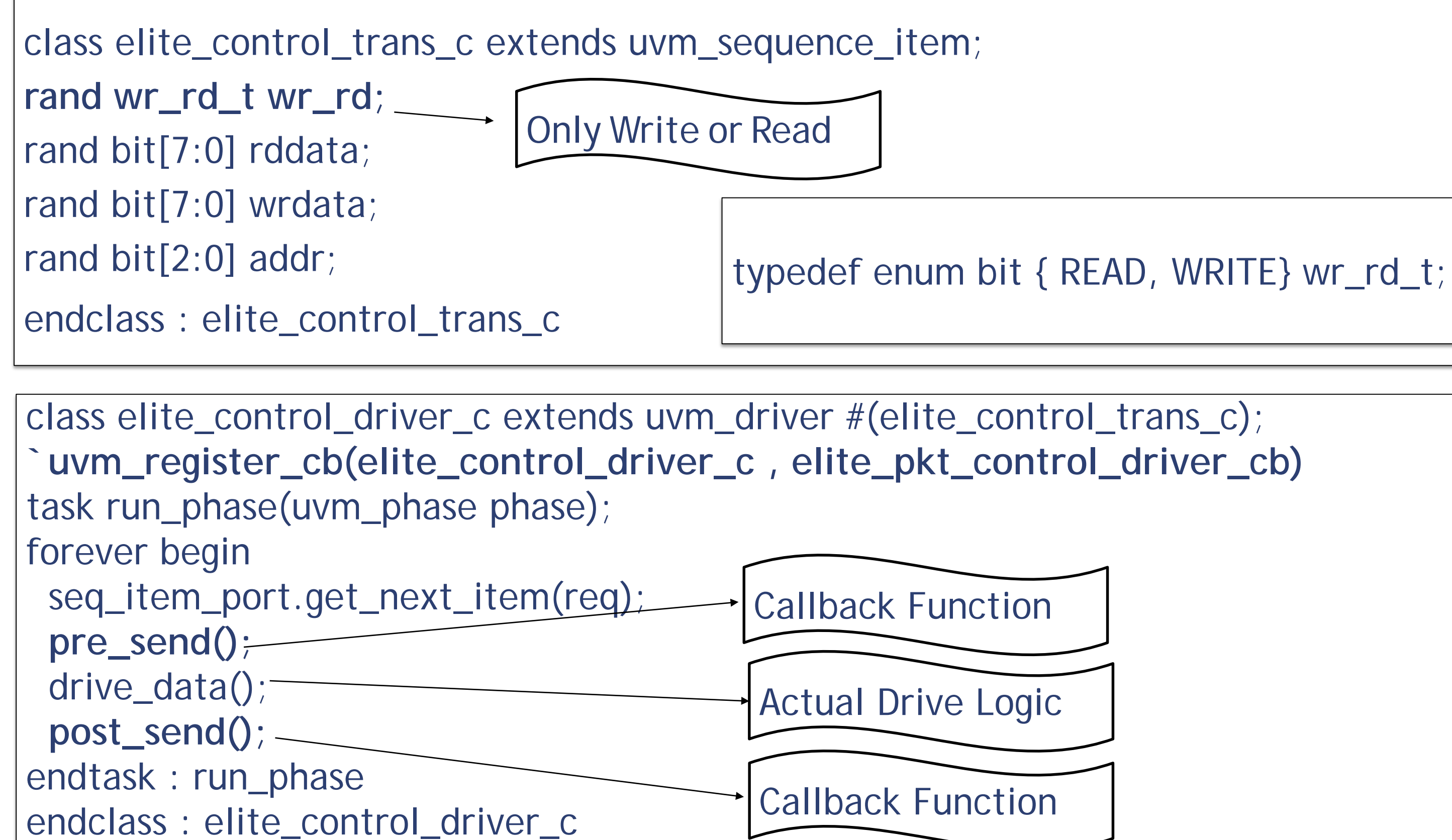


Figure 2: UVM Factory Steps

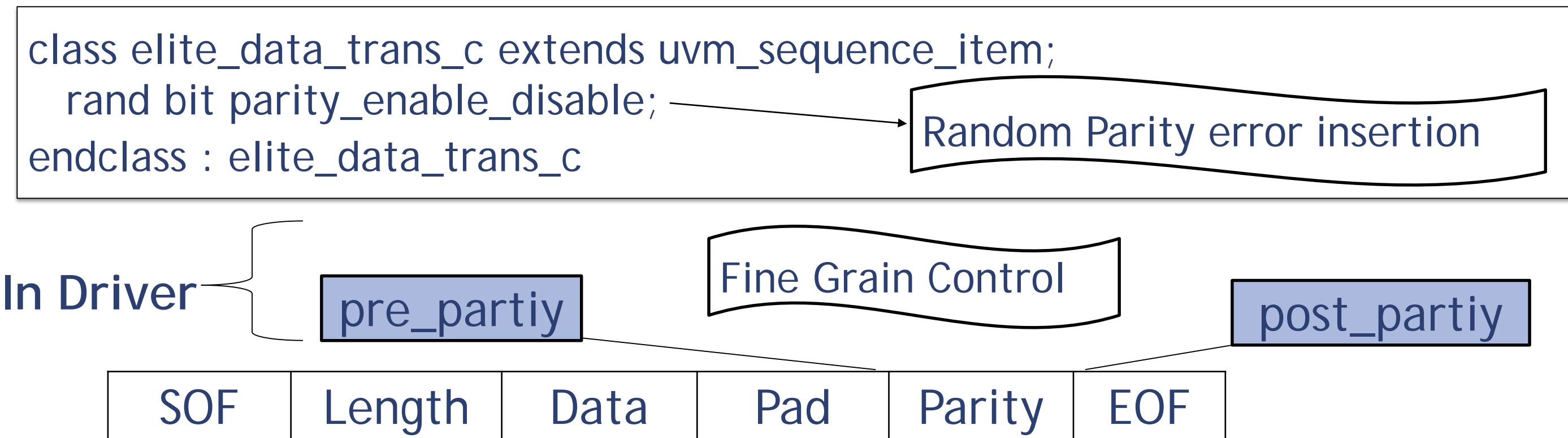
### A CASE STUDY

Scenario 1: Adding additional functionality to existing logic.

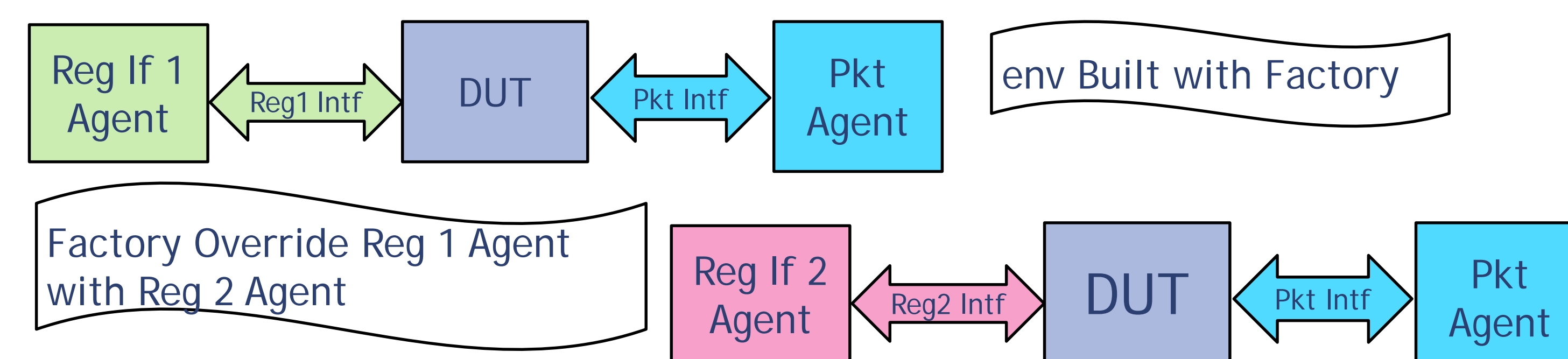


### A CASE STUDY (CONTD ...)

Scenario 2: Injection of error in Packet field.



Scenario 3: Interface driving logic is completely changed.



The Register Interface has changed , a common enhancement in recent IP's.

### UVM CALLBACKS vs UVM FACTORY

S.No	UVM Callbacks	UVM Factory
1	Suitable for minimal feature addition.	Suitable when feature enhancement is a major one.
2	Can add or remove functionality after the object has been built.	Cannot change the behavior once the object is built.
3	Callbacks have to be planned and placed at strategic locations in the code.	Not much planning is required if the modularity is maintained factory can be used easily.
4	Easy to Maintain.	Multiple copies are required.
5	The callbacks are more popular with VIPs.	Not Suitable for VIP Components.

### CONCLUSION

- Callbacks and factory address different areas of reusability.
  - ❑ Callback : Add functionality to existing logic.
  - ❑ Factory : Change the existing component before build , keeps environment same.
- While Architecting and coding the testbench, proper care should to be taken in introducing callback points. A thumb rule we should follow is, if a testbench requires more than 3 callbacks( to be passed) to achieve a given functionality, the component should be overridden by factory.
- All the components need to be created using factory, which will be helpful in factory override later.
- Although the callback and factory can be interchangeably used to address the same problem. Depending on the need and demand, as recommended above, a wise decision should be made while adopting either of the techniques as they have their own merits and demerits.