Explain the difference between var, let and const keywords.

features	VAR	LET	CONST
SCOPE	Function-scoped	Block-scoped	Block-scoped
Reassignment	Allowed	Allowed	Not allowed after initialization
redeclaration	Allowed in same scope	Not allowed in same scope	Not allowed
Hoisting	Yes, initialized as undefined	Yes, but in TDZ (no access before declaration)	Yes, but in TDZ (no access before declaration)

Mention the different datatypes with an example for each.

Data Type	Description	Example
String	Represents textual data	let name = "John";
Number	Represents numeric values (integers, floats)	let age = 30;
BigInt	Represents large integers	let bigNum = 123n;
Boolean	Represents logical values true or false	let isActive = true;
Undefined	Variable declared but not initialized	let x;
Null	Represents no value	let y = null;
Symbol	Unique identifier, often used as object keys	let sym = Symbol("id");
Object	Complex data type for key-value pairs	let person = { name: "Alice" };
Array	Special object type for ordered lists	let arr = [1, 2, 3];
Function	Encapsulates reusable blocks of code	function greet() { }