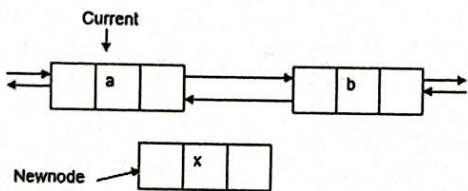


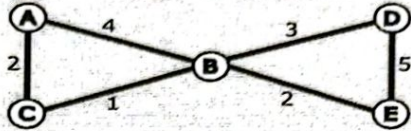
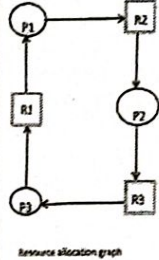
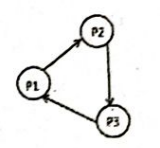
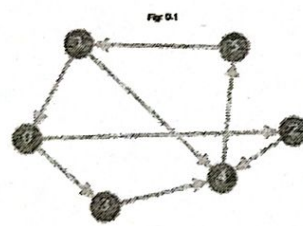
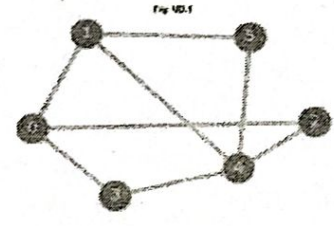
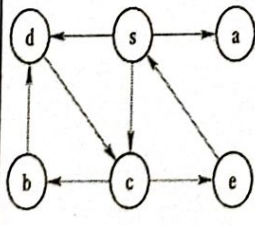


Department of Computer Science and Engineering
M.Tech in Computer Science and Engineering (CSE)

Course	Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms	Course Code: 22MCE12TL (MCE2011)	Semester: 01
18.03.2024	Duration : 90 minutes	Max Marks: 50	Staff: RS

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE-I)- Question Paper

Sl. No.	Answer all questions	M	* L1-L6	**CO
1a.	<p>Solve the following recurrence relation to find the time complexity, by using iterative method:</p> $T(n) = \Theta(1) \text{ if } n = 1$ $T(n) = c + 2(T(n - 1)) \text{ if } n > 1, \text{ where, } c \text{ is a constant}$	6	L3	CO1
1b.	<p>(i) Consider the following doubly linked list. There are two references next, prev in both directions.</p>  <p>Write the code to insert the element x immediately after the element a in the above doubly linked list.</p> <p>(ii) What is written to the screen for the input "carpets"? declare a stack of characters while (there are more characters in the word to read) { read a character push the character on the stack } while (the stack is not empty) { write the stack's top character to the screen pop a character off the stack }</p> <p>(iii) What would be the Big-O value of the below polynomial? $f(n) = n^2 + 100n + \text{Log}_{10} n + 1000$</p> <p>(iv) The knowledge of which of the above is needed to calculate the exact running time of a program by considering the following characteristics of a program.</p> <p>(a) The input to the program (b) The time complexity of the algorithm underlying the program (c) The quality of the Compiler (d) The nature and speed of the machine</p>	4	L3	CO1

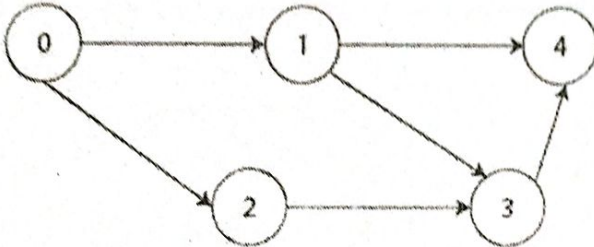
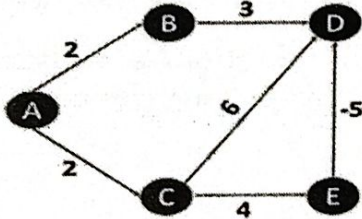
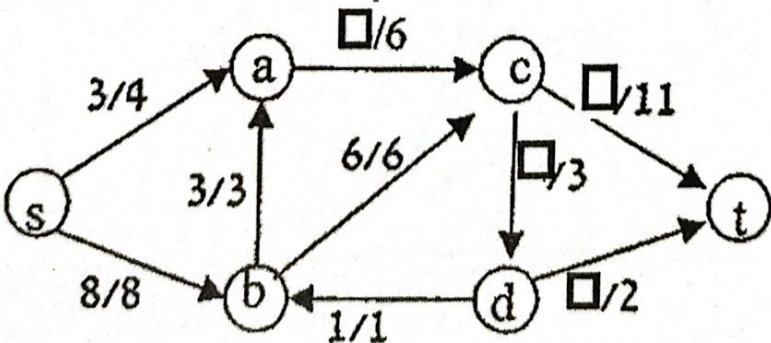
2a.	<p>Apply an appropriate suitable sorting algorithm to sort in ascending order, the below given numbers and also discuss the time and space complexity taken by the algorithm</p> <p>(i) Input Data: sat can cat sip cot sap</p> <p>(ii) Input Data: cat coot at it</p>	7	L3	CO2
2b.	<p>Apply appropriate shortest distance algorithm to find the shortest path from the source node 'A' to all other nodes for the Graph given below:</p> 	3	L4	CO2
3a.	<p>Consider an array [29, 25, 3, 49, 9, 37, 21, 43]. Consider having 4 Buckets with each Bucket representing a range of 10 numbers (Eg: 0-9). Sort the elements using Bucket Sort. Mention the time complexity taken by the algorithm.</p>	6	L4	CO3
3b.	<p>Write the pseudocode choosing appropriate ADT functions to perform the following operations:</p> <p>(a) Reversing the contents of a Stack using another Stack</p> <p>(b) To check for Palindrome using a Queue and a Stack</p>	4	L4	CO4
4a.	<p>Deadlock is a state in which a process in a waiting state and another waiting process is holding the demanded resource as shown in the figure below. If the wait-for graph has a cycle, then there is deadlock. Apply appropriate algorithm to identify if a cycle exists or not.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;">   </div>	6	L4	CO4
4b.	<p>Write the Adjacent List for the graph given in Fig D.1 and Fig. UD.1 given beside.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;">   </div>	4	L4	CO3
5.	<p>Give the visited node order for BFS and DFS graph search, starting with s, given the following adjacency lists and accompanying figure.</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 20px;"> <p>adj(s) = [a, c, d]</p> <p>adj(a) = []</p> <p>adj(c) = [e, b]</p> <p>adj(b) = [d]</p> <p>adj(d) = [c]</p> <p>adj(e) = [s]</p> </div>  </div>	10	L4	CO2

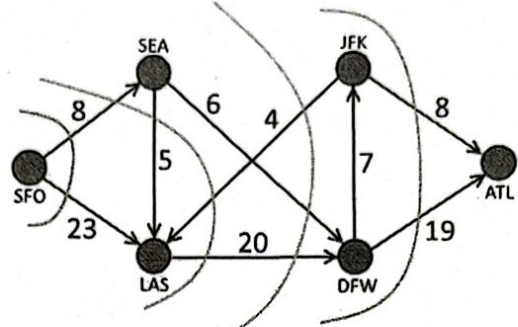
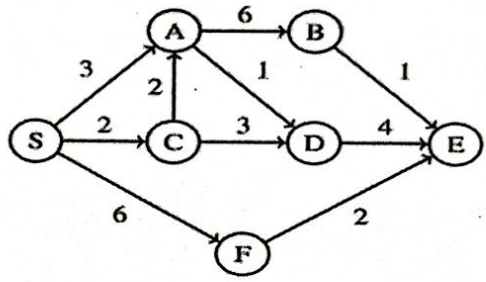
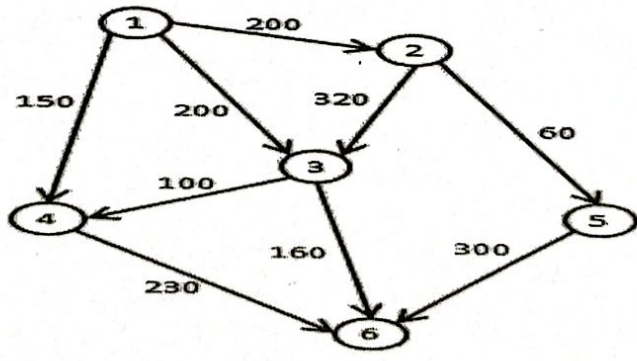


Department of Computer Science and Engineering
M.Tech in Computer Science and Engineering (CSE)

Course	Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms	Course Code: 22MCE12TL (MCE2011)	Sem: 01
29.04.2024	Duration : 90 minutes	Max Marks: 50	Staff: RS

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE-II)- Question Paper

Sl. No.	Answer all questions	M	* L1- L6	**CO
1a.	<p>Solve by applying the Shortest Path algorithm by finding Topological Sort on the graph given below. All distances are of unit length. Compute the time complexity for the same.</p> 	7	L3	CO1
1b.	<p>Compare the working of Bellman Ford algorithm with Dijkstra's algorithm.</p>	3	L3	CO1
2a.	<p>Apply suitable algorithm and find the shortest path between source node 'A' and destination node 'D'. Calculate the time complexity for the algorithm.</p> 	7	L4	CO2
2b.	<p>Fill up the flow values in the graph given below:</p> 	3	L3	CO2

3a.	<p>For the network given below, solve by applying Maxflow-Mincut theorem find the minimum cut and find the maximum flow</p> 	10	L4	CO3
4a.	<p>Apply Dijkstra's algorithm on the following graph. What is the order in which vertices get removed from the priority queue? What is the resulting shortest-path tree?</p> 	6	L4	CO4
4b.	<p>Answer the following questions with respect to Flow Networks :</p> <p>(i) Given a flow network, let f be any flow and let (A,B) be any cut. Then, the net flow across (A,B) is _____ the value of f.</p> <p>(ii) When does the Ford-Fulkerson know, when to terminate?</p>	4	L4	CO3
5.	<p>Find the Max-Flow for the network graph given below, either by applying Ford-Fulkerson algorithm or by applying the max-flow min-cut theorem or otherwise.</p> 	10	L5	CO2