Cinestion .
Correct
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Question 1

Your task is to calculate the difference between maximum sum and minimum sum of N-M elements of the given array.

Coders here is a simple task for you, you have given an array of size N and an integer M.

Constraints:

1<=t<=10

1<=n<=1000 1<=a[i]<=1000

Input:

First line contains an integer **T** denoting the number of testcases.

First line of every testcase contains two integer N and M.

First line of every testcase contains two integer **N** and **M**.

Next line contains **N** space separated integers denoting the elements of array

Output:

For every test case print your answer in new line

Falling back to raw text area.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main() {
    int t;
    scanf ("%d", 6t);
    while(t--)
        int n, m, d, min, temp;
        scanf ("%d %d", &n, &m);
        d=n-m;
        int arr[n];
        for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
        for(int j=0;j<n;j++)
            min=j;
             for (int k=j; k<n; k++)
             if (arr[k] <arr[min])
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	1	4	4	~
	5 1			
	1 2 3 4 5			

Question 2 Correct Marked out of 1.00

P Flag question

A new deadly virus has infected large population of a planet. A brilliant scientist has discovered a new strain of virus which can cure this disease. Vaccine produced from this virus has various strength depending on midichlorians count. A person is cured only if midichlorians count in vaccine batch is more than midichlorians count of person. A doctor receives a new set of report which contains midichlorians count of each infected patient, Practo stores all vaccine doctor has and their midichlorians count. You need to determine if doctor can save all patients with the vaccines he has. The number of vaccines and patients are equal.

Input Format

First line contains the number of vaccines - N. Second line contains N integers, which are strength of vaccines. Third line contains N integers, which are midichlorians count of patients.

Output Format

Print a single line containing 'Yes' or 'No'.

Input Constraint

1 < N < 10

Strength of vaccines and midichlorians count of patients fit in integer.

```
railing back to law text area.
#include<stdio.h>
int main() [
    int n, min1, min2, temp, flag=1;
    scanf ("%d", &n);
    int vac[n], pat[n];
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
    scanf("%d", &vac[i]);
    for (int i=0; i < n; i++)
    scanf("%d", &pat[n]);
    for (int j=0; j<n-1; j++) {
         min1=j,min2=j;
         for(int k=1; k<n; k++) (
              if (vac[k] < vac[min1])
             min1=k:
              if (pat[k] <pat[min1])
             min1=k;
              if (pat[k] <pat[min2])
```

	Input	Expected	Got
~	5	No	No v
	123 146 454 542 456		
	100 328 248 689 200		

min2=k;

Passed all tests! <

Question 3 Correct Marked out of 1,00

P Flag question

You are given an array of n integer numbers a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n . Calculate the number of pair of indices (i, j) such that $1 \le i < j \le n$ and a_i xor $a_j = 0$.

Input format

- First line: n denoting the number of array elements
- Second line: n space separated integers a1, a2, ..., an.

Output format

Output the required number of pairs.

Constraints

1 s n s 106

1 ≤ a; ≤ 109

SAMPLE INPUT

5

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
    int n, count=0;
    scanf ("5d", 6n);
    int arr[n];
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
    scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++)
        for (int j=i+1; j<n; j++)
            if((arr[i]^arr[j])==0)
            count ++;
    printf("%d", count);
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	5	2	2	~
	13143			

Passed all tests! <

Question 4 Correct Marked out of 1.00 P Flag question

You are given an array **A** of non-negative integers of size **m**. Your task is to sort the array in non-decreasing order and print out the original indices of the new sorted array.

Example:

A=(4,5,3,7,1)

After sorting the new array becomes A={1,3,4,5,7}.

The required output should be "4 2 0 1 3"

INPUT:

The first line of input consists of the size of the array

The next line consists of the array of size m

OUTPUT:

Output consists of a single line of integers

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
    int n;
    scanf ("%d", &n);
    int arr[n];
    for (int i=0; i < n; i++)
    scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    int max=arr[0];
    for(int i=1;i<n;i++)
        if(arr[i]>max)
        max=arr[i];
    max++;
    int min =0;
```

for(int a=0;a<n;a++)

Passed all tests! <

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	5 4 5 3 7 1	4 2 0 1 3	4 2 0 1 3	~